Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan

For

850 Route 28 LLC

A Proposed

Commercial Redevelopment Project

Situate: 850 Route 28 Town of Kingston Ulster County, New York

Prepared by:

Medenbach and Eggers Civil Engineering and Land Surveying, PC Stone Ridge, New York Ph: 845-687-0047

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SECTION 1: General Project Information

1.1 Project Summary:

The project sponsor proposes two buildings for steel and pre-cast concrete fabrication situated on an existing 110.6 acre parcel and is situated off NYS Route 28, near Onteora Lake in the Town of Kingston. Since the project parcel is a previously stone quarry and construction will be taking place within the previously disturbed area the project constitutes as a redevelopment project. Therefore, the project will follow the design criteria outlined in Chapter 9 of the New York State Stormwater Design Manual. Quantity and quality controls will be provided meeting the requirements of section 9.2.1 of the New York State Stormwater Management Design Manual. The SPDES coverage will be under the general permit. The project site consists mainly of exposed rock with partial revegetation. The exposed rock and broken stone rubble are remaining from the once active mine. The site also has approximately 2.3 acres of ponds and the site currently has one existing building, parking/storage area and a long driveway on approximately 3.5 acres. The existing quarry site is to be reclaimed to place two 120,000 SF steel and pre-cast fabrication buildings with storage and parking yards.

Stormwater management for the project will include temporary erosion controls during construction as well as permanent post construction controls, such as dry swales, pipe culverts, and water quality basins. The stormwater management practices will mitigate the impacts of the proposed development for runoff quantity and quality improvements to remove pollutants from the stormwater before it is discharges to the existing ponds on site or over property line to neighboring properties. None of the ponds have any strongly defined outlets. The existing ponds are infiltrating during normal conditions. The existing ponds were constructed as settling ponds during the former mining use. During heavy rains the ponds overflow. Downstream of the ponds a stream forms from the water exiting the existing ponds. The stream flows offsite toward a four foot diameter concrete pipe under NYS route 28. The NYSDEC recognize the string of existing ponds as a protected stream (Tributary of Praymaher Brook C[T] H-171-25-6) and are connected. A NYSDEC Stream Disturbance Permit will be required for the discharges from the two proposed Water Quality Basins to Tributary 6 of the Praymaher Brook. The Praymaher brook is a tributary to the Esopus Creek. The Esopus Creek, Middle, and minor tribs are classified as an impaired waterbody in Appendix E of the NYSDEC SPDES General Permit for Stormwater Discharges(Permit No. GP-0-15-002). The SWPPP has included the second required inspection per week in Section 5.1 and faster soil stabilization requirements in Section 2.3.

The site currently has approximately 26 acres of impervious cover between the existing driveway, existing exposed bedrock, existing building and existing parking/storage areas. There is also another approximately 31 acres of semi-impervious cover that was previously been disturbed from mining on the site, but has been revegetation over the past 20 years as described in the Wetland Mapping and Affected Area-Habitat Assessment report performed by H2H Associates, LLC. The Wetland Mapping and Affected Area-Habitat Assessment report can be found in the Appendix. A

large portion of the current impervious cover is being treated by the existing ponds onsite. The majority of the existing driveway and the existing building stormwater drains toward the DEC Wetland KW-3 and which connects to Onteora Lake. The majority of the proposed building, storage, and parking areas stormwater drains to the existing ponds onsite. The remaining portion of the property's stormwater drains offsite has no proposed improvements. The access driveway is 20 to 24 feet wide in good condition and does not need any improvements.

The proposed project is for two 120,000 SF steel and pre-cast fabrication buildings. The sides of the each building have 100 ft wide paved area for truck passage and storage for materials. The ends of the buildings have 170 ft wide paved area for truck movements in and out of the proposed buildings. Each building and paved area has 9.2 acres of impervious cover. The total site will have approximately 19 acres of new roads, buildings, and parking areas. The proposed site will have a total impervious cover of approximately 31.5 acres. Each building and parking area is proposed to be surrounded by dry swales. The dry swales then discharge into two proposed water quality basins prior to discharging to the existing ponds onsite. The water quality basins will be used for water quality volume and to control the flow of water from the site. When all proposed practices are constructed they will reduce all post-development peak flows from the site to less than the peak pre-development rates. Therefore there will be no negative impacts on downstream waters or adjacent lands from the proposed development.

Design point #1 is discharge toward the NYS DEC Wetland KW-3. Design point #2 is where water passes under NYS Route 28. Design points #3, #4, and #5 cross the property line at the south-east portion of the property. The Design point #6 is where the existing ponds discharge across the property line. Design point #7 is over the property line at the north-east corner of the property. Design point #8 is water from the property going to the existing pond A. See the Pre-Development Drainage area map for locations of Design points. The HydroCAD calculations can be found in Appendix H. The reductions of water flow at each of these design points are indicated in the following tables:

Design Point #1 (NYS DEC Wetland KW-3)				
Storm Pre-development (cfs) Post-development (cfs) % Change				
1 Year	23.8	23.8	0%	
10 Year	56.7	56.7	0%	
100 Year	107.2	107.2	0%	

Design Point #2 (Water to culvert under NYS Route 28)					
Storm	Storm Pre-development (cfs) Post-development (cfs) % Change				
1 Year	73.4	49.1	-33%		
10 Year	206.8	151.0	-27%		
100 Year	385.1	276.3	-28%		

Design Point #3 (Crossing Southern Property line)				
Storm	Pre-development (cfs)	Post-development (cfs)	% Change	
1 Year	2.4	2.4	0%	
10 Year	5.8	5.8	0%	
100 Year	11.1	11.1	0%	

Design Point #4 (Crossing Northern Property line)						
Storm	Pre-development (cfs)	Post-development (cfs)	% Change			
1 Year	4.4	4.4	0%			
10 Year	12.2	12.2	0%			
100 Year	100 Year 24.6 24.6 0%					

Design Point #5 (Crossing Northern Property line)				
Storm	Pre-development (cfs)	Post-development (cfs)	% Change	
1 Year	16.2	16.2	0%	
10 Year	44.3	44.3	0%	
100 Year	89.8	89.8	0%	

Design Point #6 (Water Crossing property line toward NYS Route 28)				
Storm Pre-development (cfs) Post-development (cfs) % Change				
1 Year	77.5	51.3	-34%	
10 Year	190.8	137.0	-28%	
100 Year	353.2	246.8	-30%	

Design Point #7 (Crossing Northern Property line)				
Storm	Pre-development (cfs)	Post-development (cfs)	% Change	
1 Year	17.2	12.0	-30%	
10 Year	42.1	28.5	-32%	
100 Year	80.6	54.0	-33%	

Design Point #8 (Discharge going to Pond A)				
Storm	Pre-development (cfs)	Post-development (cfs)	% Change	
1 Year	7.5	1.7	-77%	
10 Year	18.0	3.8	-78%	
100 Year	34.0	7.0	-79%	

1.2 Contact Information/Responsible Parties:

SWPPP Contact/Prepared by:

Medenbach & Eggers, Civil Engineering and Land Surveying, P.C. Barry Medenbach, PE 4305 US Highway 209 Stone Ridge, NY 12484 P: 845-687-0047 F: 845-687-4783 E-mail: <u>Barry@mecels.com</u>

Owner/Operator(s):

P: F: E-mail:

Project Manager(s) or Site Supervisor(s): (To be filled in before construction)

Company or Organization:

Contact Name:

P:

F:

E:

Emergency 24-Hour Contact:

Company or Organization:

P:

Subcontractor(s)*:

Company or Organization: Contact Name: Address: City, State, Zip: P: F:

*Insert additional subcontractor contacts below as needed

1.3 Existing Soils, Slopes, Vegetation and Drainage Patterns:

The majority of the property has been disturbed by mining activities and has no soil or has little pour draining native soil left. A large portion of the guarry is still open stone. There are also several high walls from the mining activity. Approximately 31 acres of the disturbed property has been partially revegetated with trees growing through rock rubble. There is an existing road that runs along the west side of the property which borders the NYS DEC Wetland KW-3. There is also an existing 6,500 SF storage building with a large parking area around the existing building. There is also an existing septic system to the north-west of the existing building. The part of the property that has not been disturbed is mainly wooded. The slopes on the site range from moderate to extremely steep, but the majority of the site is a moderate slope. The property currently has 8 basic design points that cross property line. The drainage point #1 it toward the NYS DEC Wetland KW-3. Design point #2 is where water passes under NYS Route 28. Design points #3, #4, and #5 cross the property line at the south-east portion of the property. The Design point #6 is where the existing ponds discharge across the property line. Design point #7 is over the property line at the north-east corner of the property. Design point #8 is water from the property going to the existing pond A. See the Pre-Development Drainage area map for locations of Design points.

The site has mainly two separate soil classifications as described in the attached USDA-NRCS soil survey. The chart below shows the percentage of each hydrological soil group, the soil survey can be found attached.

Percentage of Each Hydrological Soil Group (HsG) at the MCBS DG project site				
А	В	С	D	Bare Rock - Quarry
0%	0%	34%	11%	55%

1.4 Changes in Cover Estimates:

The following are estimates of the proposed development.

Total project area:	110.6 acres
Approximate construction site area to be disturbed:	±37 acres
Percentage impervious area before construction:	23.5%
Percentage impervious area after construction:	28.3%
Future Impervious Cover:	6 acres
Conservation of natural areas:	0 acres

1.5 Receiving Waters:

The runoff from the majority of the proposed development will flow into several existing ponds within the site. When water leaves the ponds it flows across the property line in an unnamed stream that goes through a 4' diameter culvert and discharges into the NYS DEC wetland KW-3. The western portion of the property discharges directly to the NYS DEC Wetland KW-3 which connects to Onteora Lake. Water from NYS DEC wetland KW-3 and Onteora Lake ultimately discharges to a tributary of the Esopus Creek. Design points #4,#5 and #7 discharges water to the north which ultimately flows to the Saw Kill and then to the Esopus Creek. The stormwater discharges

1.6 Sensitive Site Features to Be Protected:

The only know sensitive site features are some possible Army Corps of Engineers (ACOE) ponds at the center at the site. There is to be no disturbance to these ponds.

1.7 Potential Sources of Pollution:

Potential sources of sediment to stormwater runoff:

- Clearing and grubbing
- Grading and site excavation
- Vehicle tracking
- Topsoil stripping and stockpiling
- Landscaping/stabilization operations

Potential pollutants and sources, other than sediment, to stormwater runoff:

- Re-fueling activities
- Minor equipment maintenance
- Sanitary facilities
- Materials storage of general building materials, solvents, adhesives, paving materials, paints, aggregates, trash, etc.

- General construction activities paving, concrete pouring building construction
- Concrete Washout Areas

1.8 Historic Preservation:

In the New York State Office of Parks, Recreation and Historic Preservation's opinion that the project will have no impact on archaeological and/or historic resources. Please see the OPRHP Clearance Letter in Appendix D.

1.9 Long-Term Operation and Maintenance:

The Long Term Operation and Maintenance of the proposed projects permanent post construction controls, such as dry swales, pipe culverts, and water quality basins are the responsibility of the owner and operator as specified in Section 1.2. The owner/operator is to provide the Town of Kingston with a Maintenance agreement for the long term operation and maintenance of the post construction stormwater controls. Long-term Maintenance and Operation Guidelines are provided in Appendix G. The Dry Swales and Ponds on site shall be marked with a sign as required per Chapter 3, Section 3.5 of the 2015 NYSDEC Stormwater Management Design Manual.

SECTION 2: Erosion and Sediment Control BMPS

2.1 Minimizing Disturbed Areas, Protecting Natural Features and Soil:

Site disturbance and clearing will be kept within the limits of disturbance as indicated on the subdivision plan. Any sensitive areas such as vegetation areas to be preserved will be clearly flagged prior to disturbance. All contractors will be instructed not to disturb these sensitive areas.

All topsoil from disturbed areas will be striped prior to grading and stockpiled as indicated on the soil erosion control plans. Topsoil will be re-spread on disturbed areas after final grading is complete. A temporary seed will be applied to the topsoil during storage to prevent erosion.

2.2 Temporary BMPS:

The following temporary erosion and sediment controls will be used during construction. The locations and detailed designs of each practice is located within the accompanying construction drawings.

- Silt Fence: to capture sediment in lateral sheet flow leaving disturbed areas
- Stabilized Construction Entrances: to capture sediment from vehicles leaving site
- Temporary Seeding: to stabilize inactive areas or soil stock piles
- Check Dams: to help reduce scour within a channel.

2.3 Sequence of Construction Activity:

The following sequence of soil erosion and sediment control measures shall be followed during the duration of the project. In addition the guidelines in Section 3 of this report shall be implemented where applicable.

- 1. Schedule a pre-construction meeting: a pre-construction meeting shall be held to review plans and inspect site with town officials including the Town Engineer, Contractors, and Project Managers at least one week prior to the start of construction, equipment staging and site disturbance.
- 2. Establish Limits of Clearing and Sensitive Areas to be Protected: Prior to any construction and/or demolition activities commence all vegetation to be persevered shall be protected. In addition the property boundaries and/or limits of clearing shall be clearly marked. A pre-construction meeting shall be held prior to any land disturbance or grading to review plans and inspect site.

- **3. Construct Stabilized Access to Site:** Install the stabilized construction entrance prior to passing the existing ponds to the existing open quarry area in order to provide access for construction traffic on and off the site.
- 4. Establish Perimeter Controls and Sediment Barriers: Silt fences will be installed along the perimeters of the limit of disturbance and around any topsoil stockpiles. Silt fences will be installed as per the detail on accompanying plans. Locations of installation are indicated on the soil erosion and sediment control plans for initial clearing and grading of the site.
- 5. Land Clearing and Rough Grading: Land Clearing and Rough Grading: Begin demolition and clearing activities as per plans. The ground surface shall be cleared of all trees, stumps, brush, weeds, roots, matted leaves, small structures, debris, and any other unsuitable material, except as otherwise directed by the engineer. Material accumulated by clearing as described above shall be disposed of by the contractor in a manner satisfactory to the engineer. After clearing and demolition all topsoil shall be stripped and stockpiled for use in final grading as indicated on plans. Excess topsoil not required for final grading may be removed from the site. Rock excavation is to start on the North side of the site and to move south by advancing an east/west trending excavation face. The sedimentation basins (water quality basins) shall be installed prior to the rock removal beginning. The sedimentation basins shall be inspected weekly to check for sediment build up. The permanent drainage conveyance system shall be installed after all the rock has been removed. Establish temporary vegetation on any areas with soil which will not be disturbed for a period 7 days or more. Parking and driveway areas may be stabilized with road base material or bare rock. The water gulality basins shall be cleared of all sediment after each phase of construction is completed.
- 6. Soil Stabilization: In areas where soil disturbance activity has temporarily or permanently ceased, the application of soil stabilization measures must be initiated by the end of the next business day and completed within (7) days from the date the current
- **7. Building Construction:** During the building construction maintain erosion controls.
- **8. Landscaping and Final Stabilization:** Place topsoil as indicated and stabilize with grass or landscaping.
- **9. Final Inspection and Removal of Temporary BMPS:** Perform final inspection of site to ensure all disturbed areas are stabilized. If all disturbed areas are stabilized temporary erosion control measures shall be removed.

SECTION 3: Good Housekeeping BMPS

3.1 General Construction Equipment and Material Storage Guidelines:

- Construction equipment and maintenance materials will be stored at a centrally located staging area when not in use around the site. Any smaller hand tools or equipment will be stored here in weather proof containers or covered when not in use. The staging area will consist of a temporary gravel pad and all concentrated stormwater runoff will be diverted away from or around the pad.
- Large building materials such as framing material may be stored in the staging area. Such materials will be elevated on wood blocks to minimize contact with runoff.
- The storage areas shall be inspected on a weekly basis and after each storm event. Storage areas will be kept clean and well organized to minimize contamination of stormwater runoff.

3.2 General Construction Waste Management Guidelines:

- All waste building and construction waste materials will be collected and disposed of in trash dumpsters located in a central staging area. Dumpsters will be placed away from stormwater conveyances and drains, and meet all local and state solid-waste management regulations. Only trash and construction debris from the site will be deposited in the dumpsters. All personnel working on the jobsite will be instructed regarding the correct procedure for disposal of trash and construction debris. The individual who manages day-to-day site operations will be responsible for seeing that these practices are followed.
- All dumpsters will be inspected on a weekly basis and after large storm events to ensure no debris are entering stormwater runoff.
- Dumpsters will be emptied as needed and no trash will be stored outside a dumpster if it is full.
- All dumpsters will be removed from the site immediately after all waste generating construction activities are complete.

3.3 Hazardous and Sanitary Waste Management Guidelines:

 All hazardous waste materials such as oil filters, petroleum products, paint and equipment maintenance fluids will be stored in structurally sound and sealed designated hazardous material storage area(s). Secondary containment will be provided for hazardous materials in these areas in the form of spill pallets.

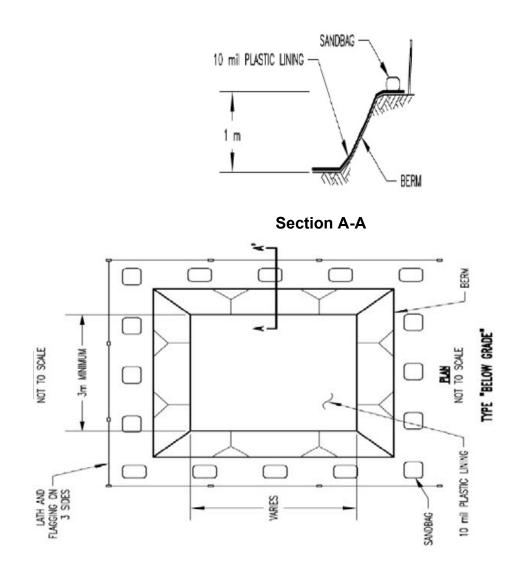
- All hazardous materials will be disposed of in accordance with local, state and federal regulations. All personnel will be instructed regarding the correct procedure for disposing off hazardous waste. The individual who manages day-to-day site operations will be responsible for seeing that these practices are followed.
- All storage areas will be kept clean, inspected weekly and after storm events, have ample cleanup supplies in the event of a spill, material safety data sheets and the contact numbers of appropriate emergency spill response personnel shall be posted in the construction office.
- If necessary, sanitary facilities will be provided at the site in the form of portable toilets. Toilets will be located away from concentrated stormwater flows and checked daily for leakage. All sanitary waste generated from the toilets will be disposed of offsite in accordance with local laws and regulations.

3.4 On-Site Equipment Fueling and Maintenance Guidelines:

- Several types of vehicles and equipment will be used on-site throughout the project, including graders, excavators, loaders, paving equipment, rollers, trucks and trailers, backhoes, drilling rigs etc. All major equipment/vehicle fueling and maintenance will be performed on-site at the existing garage. A small pickup bed fuel tank will be kept on-site in the combined staging area. When vehicle fueling must occur on-site, the fueling activity will occur in the staging area. All equipment fluids generated from maintenance activities will be disposed of into designated drums stored on spill pallets in accordance with Section 3.3. Absorbent, spill-cleanup materials and spill kits will be available at the combined staging and materials storage area. Drip pans will be placed under all equipment receiving maintenance.
- Equipment/vehicle storage areas and fuel tanks will be inspected weekly and after storm events. Vehicles and equipment will be inspected on each day of use. Leaks will be repaired immediately, or the problem vehicle(s) or equipment will be removed from the project site. Ample supplies of spillcleanup materials will be kept on-site to immediately clean up any spill.

3.5 Concrete Washouts:

 Designated temporary, below ground concrete washout facilities will be constructed as shown below. Washouts will be centrally located at the discretion of the individuals who manage day to day construction activities. Washouts shall have a minimum length and width of 10 feet but must have sufficient volume to contain all liquid concrete wastes generated from washout operations. The washout areas will be lined with plastic sheeting at least 10 mils thick and free of any holes or tears. Signs will be posted marking the location of the washout areas.



Washout Plan View

- Temporary concrete washout facilities will be located a minimum of (50 feet) from storm drain inlets.
- The washout areas will be inspected daily to ensure that all concrete washing is being discharged into the washout area, no leaks or tears are present, and to identify when concrete wastes need to be removed. The washout areas will be cleaned out once the area is filled to 75 percent of the holding capacity. Once the area's holding capacity has been reached the concrete wastes will be allowed to harden, the concrete will be broken up, removed, and disposed in accordance with local regulations. The plastic sheeting will be replaced if tears occur during removal of concrete wastes from the washout area.

SECTION 4: Post-Construction BMPS

4.1 **Post-Development Drainage Improvements and Mitigation:**

To mitigate all of the potential stormwater impacts of the project a drainage study has been preformed and a stormwater pollution prevention plan has been prepared in accordance with the New York State Stormwater Management Design Manual (NYSSMDM), SPDES general permit for stormwater discharges GP-0-15-002. Postdevelopment drainage calculations are included in Appendix H. All nodes have the prefix 2-x with descriptions of each sub catchment provided in the calculations. A detailed work sheet is included in Appendix H showing the location of all post development nodes.

When complete the proposed drainage system and re-development will reduce peak runoff rates to less than pre-development levels. The proposed drainage improvements will also reduce pollutant levels in the runoff though several proposed treatment practices. The following sections give a detailed description of the proposed drainage system and on-site mitigations.

4.1.1 Peak Runoff Rate Reduction:

To mitigate the impacts of increased runoff rates after development the project will use dry swales, and water quality basin practices to reduce post-development runoff rates to less than pre-development rates. As required by the NYSSMDM the proposed drainage system will provide the required, overbank flood protection, and extreme storm protection.

We utilized Dry Swales (O-1), and two water quality basins(pocket ponds) to capture water and release it gradually.

To meet overbank flood protection and extreme storm protection requirements the proposed drainage improvements will provide extended detention and release post-development runoff for the 10 and 100 year storms at less than predevelopment rates.

When the proposed practices are constructed it will reduce all post-development peak flows from the proposed developed site to less than pre-development rates. Therefore there will be no negative impacts on downstream waters or adjacent lands caused by increased peak flow rates. A detailed description of each practice to be used is provided in section 4.4 Post Development BMP's.

4.1.2 Pre and Post-development Runoff Rate Comparison:

The tables below show the change in pre and post-development total runoff rates. Runoff rates are calculated in HydroCAD at each of the eight discharge points indicated on the pre and post development maps.

Design Point #1 (NYS DEC Wetland KW-3)					
Storm	Pre-development (cfs)	Post-development (cfs)	% Change		
1 Year	23.8	23.8	0%		
10 Year	56.7	56.7	0%		
100 Year	107.2	107.2	0%		

Design Point #2 (Water to culvert under NYS Route 28)				
Storm	Pre-development (cfs)	Post-development (cfs)	% Change	
1 Year	73.4	48.5	-34%	
10 Year	206.8	151.0	-27%	
100 Year	385.1	276.3	-28%	

Design Point #3 (Crossing Southern Property line)					
Storm	Pre-development (cfs)	Post-development (cfs)	% Change		
1 Year	2.4	2.4	0%		
10 Year	5.8	5.8	0%		
100 Year	11.1	11.1	0%		

Design Point #4 (Crossing Northern Property line)				
Storm	Pre-development (cfs)	Post-development (cfs)	% Change	
1 Year	4.4	4.4	0%	
10 Year	12.2	12.2	0%	
100 Year	24.6	24.6	0%	

Design Point #5 (Crossing Northern Property line)				
Storm	Pre-development (cfs)	Post-development (cfs)	% Change	
1 Year	16.2	16.2	0%	
10 Year	44.3	44.3	0%	
100 Year	89.8	89.8	0%	

Design Point #6 (Water Crossing property line toward NYS Route 28)				
Storm	Pre-development (cfs)	Post-development (cfs)	% Change	
1 Year	77.5	50.8	-34%	
10 Year	190.8	137.0	-28%	
100 Year	353.2	246.8	-30%	

Design Point #7 (Crossing Northern Property line)					
Storm	Pre-development (cfs)	Post-development (cfs)	% Change		
1 Year	17.2	12.0	-30%		
10 Year	42.1	28.5	-32%		
100 Year	80.6	54.0	-33%		

Design Point #8 (Discharge going to Pond A)					
Storm	Pre-development (cfs)	Post-development (cfs)	% Change		
1 Year	7.5	1.7	-77%		
10 Year	18.0	3.8	-78%		
100 Year	34.0	7.0	-79%		

4.1.3 Runoff Calculation Methodology:

Drainage analyses performed for the 1, 10 and 100 year design storms used the Runoff Curve Method as developed by the Soil Conservation Service (SCS), with peak discharge rates, hydrographs, and routing analyses generated using HydroCAD based upon the SCS TR-20 method. Curve numbers and times of concentration were determined using methodology in the SCS Technical Release 55. These calculations are detailed in Appendix H. Curve numbers were selected from soil type and ground cover which were determined from infield inspections and USGS Soil report. The rain fall depths used in the HydroCAD calculations was taken off the Isohyet maps in Section 4 of the 2015 New York State Stormwater Design Manual.

4.2 Runoff Reduction and Water Quality Volumes:

To mitigate the impacts of pollutants in stormwater from the proposed project swales, dry swales and two water quality basins will be used to treat stormwater from the project and remove pollutants before they are discharged into existing ponds. According to section 9.2 of the NYSSMDM the proposed project is a construction project that includes both new development and redevelopment activities and requires treatment of 25% of the existing, disturbed impervious area and full treatment for all of the new development. We are proposing to treat 100% of the Water Quality Volume (WQv) and minimum required Runoff Reduction Volume (RRv) for the new development portion of the project. We are also proposing to treat over 4 times the required Water Quality Volume of the existing disturbed area.

The new development portion of the project has is approximately 6.6 acres of the proposed disturbed site. The other approximate 30.4 acres to be disturbed do not require any runoff reduction per the section 9.2 of the 2015 NYSSSMDM. The 30.4 acres area has been previously disturbed during the rock mining on the site. The RRv for the 6.6 acres is calculated as a percentage of the required WQv. The percentage depends on the sites soils Hydraulic conductivity classification. See Table 3.5 Runoff Reduction Capacity for standard SMPs in the NYSSMDM. The proposed site has limited soil to no soil. Dry swales are proposed around and in between the two buildings sites.

The Dry Swales will provide the required runoff reduction prior to discharging into Water Quality Basin #1 and Water Quality Basin #2. The dry swales RRVs was calculated using 20% of the required WQv toward the RRv.

The Water Quality Volume is being treated by using dry swales and the two stormwater ponds. A detailed description of each practice and their treatment methods is provided in the following section. Below is a table with the required and provided RRv and WQv.

Runoff Reduction Volume and Water Quality Volume					
Required WQv (cubic feet)Provided Storage of WQV (cubic feet)Required Runoff Reduction Volume (cubic feet)Provided Runoff Reduction Volume (cubic feet)					
61,350	±201,700	3,962	7,745		

4.3 Channel Protection Volume:

Channel protection volume is the 24 hour extended detention of post-developed 1-year, 24-hour storm event; remaining after runoff reduction. According to Section 9.2 of the NYSSMDM, channel protection for redevelopment activities is not required. The proposed project is a redevelopment project and does not increase discharge of stormwater off the property.

4.4 **Post-Development BMP's:**

4.4.1 Dry Swale :

- <u>Feasibility</u>: Dry swales (0-1) will be used to treat the runoff throughout the project site. The swale was selected for the project because the dry swales can provide runoff reduction and water quality volume.
- <u>Conveyance</u>: The dry swale has been designed to handle storms up to the 10year while providing a minimum of 6" of free board. The swale will have a maximum side slope of 3:1 and typically be 12 inches in depth. Runoff will be conveyed to the swale as sheet flow or as shallow concentrated flow.
- <u>Pretreatment</u>: The majority of runoff will enter the swales as lateral sheet flow and be pretreated by grass filter strip and gravel check dams.
- <u>Treatment</u>: To meet water quality requirements the dry swales will capture and infiltrate the required water quality volume through the swale floor. Treated runoff with absorb into the sub soils or discharge over a rip rap berm. The following table shows the required and provided water quality storage and for each of the dry swales proposed for the project. The table also shows the runoff reduction volume. Calculated water quality volume is the available storage in the swale

below the crest of the overflow. Calculations for determining the required water quality volume are included in Appendix H.

- <u>Landscaping</u>: All swales will be seeded with a permanent grass seed when complete.
- <u>Maintenance</u>: Grass within the dry swales will be mowed as needed during the growing season to maintain a height of 4 to 6 inches. Sediment removal will be performed when the swales capacity has decreased by 25%.
- <u>Treatment</u>: To meet water quality requirements the dry swales will capture and hold the water quality volume in the swale. See appendix H.1 for the water quality volume and runoff reduction volume provided by the dry swales. Calculated water quality volume is the available storage in the swale below the crest of the overflow.

4.4.2 Stormwater Pond

- <u>General Description</u>: Two ponds are proposed to provide water quality treatment for the proposed construction of impervious area. The pond was selected for use due to the size of the post-development watersheds. To meet overbank flood protection and extreme storm protection requirements the pond will provide extended detention and release post-development runoff for the 10 and 100 year storms at less than pre-development rates. The pond will accomplish this through detaining the runoff and releasing it through an outlet structure designed to release the stormwater gradually over a period of time.
- <u>Practice Feasibility</u>: As mentioned before the pond was selected for use due to the size of the post-development watersheds which will discharge into it. The stormwater pond will be lined with a clay liner capable of holding water. Each pond will have an aquatic bench and a safety bench on any uphill side of the pond. The following table provides a summary of the watershed area for the proposed ponds.

P	Pond Drainage Areas					
	Water Quality Basin (Type)	Suggested Contributing Drainage Area (Per NYSSMDM)	Actual Drainage Area			
	WQB #1 (P-3)	25 Ac.	17.4 Ac.			
	WQB #2 (P-3)	25 Ac.	22.3 Ac.			

 All proposed stormwater ponds will be located outside of jurisdictional waters and onsite wetlands.

- <u>Conveyance</u>: The pond has been designed to have a bench on either side. The internal flow path between the forebay and the ponds drainage structure is 1.5 times the width of the pond or greater.
- <u>Inlet Protection</u>: Inlet protection for the pond will be provided in the form of a forebay for the point where concentrated flow enters the pond. The inlets into the forebay will be stabilized with rip-rap.
- <u>Outfall Protection</u>: The outfall point from the proposed pond will be stabilized with rip-rap energy dissipaters and all culvert outfalls will have flared end sections or headwalls.
- <u>Pretreatment:</u> Pretreatment of concentrated flow into the pond will be provided in the form of a forebay. The forebay will be a minimum of four feet deep and be separated from the mircopool by and earthen weir. The forebay the inflow point has been sized to contain a minimum of 10% of the required water quality volume.
- <u>Minimum Water Quality Volume</u>: Runoff entering the pond will be treated through settling and biological uptake of pollutants. The table below indicates the required and provided water quality volume for the water quality basins. The provided water quality volume is the volume below the low flow orifice and volume between the low flow orifice and overflow riser for extended detention. The NYSSMDM only allows for 50% of WQV to come from extended detention.

Treatment Volumes						
Water Quality Basin (Type)	Required WQv (cubic feet)	Provided WQv (cubic feet)	% WQv In Permanent Pool (Required)	% WQv In Extended Detention (Required)		
WQB #1 (P-3)	52,190	81,920	40,960 (50% Min.)	40,960 (50% Max.)		
WQB #2 (P-3)	58,114	81,096	40,548 (50% Min.)	40,548 (50% Max.)		
Total WQV:	110,304	163,016	81,508	81,508		

- <u>Pond Benches:</u> All permanent pools 4 feet or greater in depth will have an Aquatic bench extending 10-15 feet outward from the permanent pool. Then the slope above the aquatic bench is proposed to be 4(H) to 1(V). Therefore the pond is exempt from needing a safety bench. However, the ponds are designed to have an access road on the uphill side that will act as a safety bench between the pond and proposed slope above the ponds.
- <u>Landscaping Plan</u>: When complete the pond will be seeded with a mix of wetland species to promote a diverse habitat.
- <u>Pond Maintenance</u>: Long term maintenance schedules for the ponds have been provided.

SECTION 5: Inspections

5.1 Site Inspection Frequency:

The <u>owner or operator</u> shall have a <u>qualified inspector</u> conduct site inspections in conformance with the following requirements.

- When soil disturbances are on going inspections shall be conducted by a qualified professional at least two (2) inspections every seven (7) calendar days.
- When soil disturbance activities have been temporarily suspended (winter shutdown etc.) and temporary stabilization measures have been applied to all disturbed areas, the qualified inspector shall conduct a site inspection at least once every thirty (30) calendar days. The owner or operator must notify the NYS DEC Regional Office in writing prior to reducing the inspection frequency.
- For sites where the soil disturbance activities have been shut down with partial project completion, the qualified inspector can stop conducting inspections if all areas disturbed as of the project shutdown date have achieved final stabilization and all post-construction stormwater management practices required for the completion of the project portion are in place and constructed in accordance with the SWPPP. The owner or operator shall notify the NYS DEC Regional Office in writing prior to the shutdown. If soil disturbance is not resumed within 2 years from the shutdown date the owner operator shall have the qualified inspector perform a final inspection to certify all disturbed areas have achieved final stabilization, and all temporary, structural erosion and sediment control measures have been removed; and all post-construction stormwater management practices have been constructed in conformance with the SWPPP by signing the "Final Stabilization" and "Post-Construction Stormwater Management Practice" certification statements on the Notice of Termination. The completed Notice of Termination shall be submitted to NYS DEC.

5.2 Site Inspection Reports:

The qualified inspector shall prepare an inspection report subsequent to each and every inspection. All Inspection reports must be signed by the qualified inspector. At a minimum, the inspection report shall include and/or address the following:

- 1. Date and time of inspection;
- 2. Name and title of person(s) performing inspection;

- 3. A description of the weather and soil conditions (e.g. dry, wet, saturated) at the time of the inspection;
- 4. A description of the condition of the runoff at all points of discharge from the construction site. This shall include identification of any discharges of sediment from the construction site. Include discharges from conveyance systems (i.e. pipes, culverts, ditches, etc.) and overland flow;
- 5. Identification of all erosion and sediment control practices that need repair or maintenance;
- 6. Identification of all erosion and sediment control practices that were not installed properly or are not functioning as designed and need to be reinstalled or replaced;
- 7. Description and sketch of areas that are disturbed at the time of the inspection and areas that have been stabilized (temporary and/or final) since the last inspection;
- 8. Current phase of construction of all post-construction stormwater management practices and identification of all construction that is not in conformance with the SWPPP and technical standards; and
- 9. Corrective action(s) that must be taken to install, repair, replace or maintain erosion and sediment control practices; and to correct deficiencies identified with the construction of the post-construction stormwater management practice(s).

(See Appendix B for Inspection Forms)

5.3 Corrective Actions:

Within one business day of the completion of an inspection, the qualified inspector shall notify the owner or operator and appropriate contractor (or subcontractor) of any corrective actions that need to be taken. The contractor (or subcontractor) shall begin implementing the corrective actions within one business day of this notification and shall complete the corrective actions in a reasonable time frame.

(See Appendix C for Corrective Action Log)

SECTION 6: Reporting and Retention of Records

6.1 Record Keeping:

The following documents shall be retained for a period of five (5) years from the date the site achieves final stabilization:

- 1. Notice of Intent
- 2. Notice of Intent Acknowledgment Letter
- 3. SWPPP
- 4. MS4 SWPPP Acceptance Form
- 5. Reports and inspections generated during implementation of the plan
- 6. Notice of Termination

SECTION 7: Stabilization

7.1 Final Stabilization:

Permanent seeding will be applied immediately after the final design grades are achieved on portions of the site but no later than 14 days after construction activities have permanently ceased. Construction debris, trash and temporary BMPs (including silt fences, material storage areas, sanitary toilets, and inlet protection etc.) will also be removed and any areas disturbed during removal will be seeded immediately.

Seedbed Preparation:

- 1. In areas where disturbance results in subsoil being the final grade surface, topsoil will be spread over the finished area at minimum depth of 2 to 6 inches.
- 2. The seedbed will be free of large clods, rocks, woody debris and other objectionable materials.
- 3. Fertilizer and lime will be applied to the seedbed according to the manufacturer's recommendations or soil tests.
- 4. The top layer of soil will be loosened to a depth of 3–5 inches by raking, tilling, disking or other suitable means.

See accompanying plans for seed and application rates.

SECTION 8: Certifications

Operators Certification

"I certify under penalty of law that this document and all attachments were prepared under my direction or supervision in accordance with a system designed to assure that qualified personnel properly gathered and evaluated the information submitted. Based on my inquiry of the person or persons who manage the system, or those persons directly responsible for gathering the information, the information submitted is, to the best of my knowledge and belief, true, accurate, and complete. Further, I hereby certify that the SWPPP meets all Federal, State, and local erosion and sediment control requirements. I am aware that false statements made herein are punishable as a class A misdemeanor pursuant to Section 210.45 of the Penal Law. "

Name (please pri	nt):		
Title		Date:	
Address:			
Phone:	Email:		
Signature:			

Qualified Professional's Credentials & Certification

" I hereby certify that I meet the criteria set forth in the General Permit to conduct site inspections for this project and that the appropriate erosion and sediment controls described in the SWPPP and as described in the following Pre-construction Site Assessment Checklist have been adequately installed or implemented, ensuring the overall preparedness of this site for the commencement of construction."

Name (please pri	int):		
Title		Date:	
Address:			
Phone:	Email:		
Signature:			

Contractors Certification

" I certify under penalty of law that I understand and agree to comply with the terms and conditions of the SWPPP for the construction site identified in such SWPPP as a condition of authorization to discharge stormwater. I also understand that the operator must comply with the terms and conditions of the New York State Pollutant Discharge Elimination System ("SPDES") general permit for stormwater discharges from construction activities and that it is unlawful for any person to cause or contribute to a violation of water quality standards"

Name (please prir	nt):		
Title		Date:	
Address:			
Phone:	Email:		
Signature:			

Appendix A

Pre-Construction Meeting Documents and Inspection

I. PRE-CONSTRUCTION MEETING DOCUMENTS

Project Name	
Permit No.	Date of Authorization
Name of Operator	
Prime Contractor	

a. Preamble to Site Assessment and Inspections -The Following Information To Be Read By All Person's Involved in The Construction of Stormwater Related Activities:

The Operator agrees to have a qualified professional¹ conduct an assessment of the site prior to the commencement of construction² and certify in this inspection report that the appropriate erosion and sediment controls described in the SWPPP have been adequately installed or implemented to ensure overall preparedness of the site for the commencement of construction.

Prior to the commencement of construction, the Operator shall certify in this site logbook that the SWPPP has been prepared in accordance with the State's standards and meets all Federal, State and local erosion and sediment control requirements.

When construction starts, site inspections shall be conducted by the qualified professional at least every 7 calendar days and within 24 hours of the end of a storm event of 0.5 inches or greater (Construction Duration Inspections). The Operator shall maintain a record of all inspection reports in this site logbook. The site logbook shall be maintained on site and be made available to the permitting authorities upon request. The Operator shall post at the site, in a publicly accessible location, a summary of the site inspection activities on a monthly basis (Monthly Summary Report).

The operator shall also prepare a written summary of compliance with this general permit at a minimum frequency of every three months (Operator's Compliance Response Form), while coverage exists. The summary should address the status of achieving each component of the SWPPP.

Prior to filing the Notice of Termination or the end of permit term, the Operator shall have a qualified professional perform a final site inspection. The qualified professional shall certify that the site has undergone final stabilization³ using either vegetative or structural stabilization methods and that all temporary erosion and sediment controls (such as silt fencing) not needed for long-term erosion control have been removed. In addition, the Operator must identify and certify that all permanent structures described in the SWPPP have been constructed and provide the owner(s) with an operation and maintenance plan that ensures the structure(s) continuously functions as designed.

1 "Qualified Professional means a person knowledgeable in the principles and practice of erosion and sediment controls, such as a Certified Professional in Erosion and Sediment Control (CPESC), soil scientist, licensed engineer or someone working under the direction and supervision of a licensed engineer (person must have experience in the principles and practices of erosion and sediment control).

2 "Commencement of construction" means the initial removal of vegetation and disturbance of soils associated with clearing, grading or excavating activities or other construction activities. 3 "Final stabilization" means that all soil-disturbing activities at the site have been completed and a uniform, perennial vegetative cover with a density of eighty (80) percent has been established or equivalent stabilization measures (such as the use of mulches or geotextiles) have been employed on all unpaved areas and areas not covered by permanent structures.

b. Pre-construction Site Assessment Checklist

(NOTE: Provide comments below as necessary)

1. Notice of Intent, SWPPP, and Contractors Certification:

Yes No NA

- [] [] Has a Notice of Intent been filed with the NYS Department of Conservation?
- [] [] [] Is the SWPPP on-site? Where?
- [] [] [] Is the Plan current? What is the latest revision date?_
- [] [] [] Is a copy of the NOI (with brief description) onsite? Where?_____
- [] [] Have all contractors involved with stormwater related activities signed a contractor's certification?
- 2. Resource Protection

Yes No NA

- [] [] Are construction limits clearly flagged or fenced?
- [] [] Important trees and associated rooting zones, on-site septic system absorption fields, existing vegetated areas suitable for filter strips, especially in perimeter areas, have been flagged for protection.
- [] [] Creek crossings installed prior to land-disturbing activity, including clearing and blasting.
- 3. Surface Water Protection

Yes No NA

- [] [] Clean stormwater runoff has been diverted from areas to be disturbed.
- [] [] Bodies of water located either on site or in the vicinity of the site have been identified and protected.
- [] [] Appropriate practices to protect on-site or downstream surface water are installed.
- [] [] Are clearing and grading operations divided into areas <5 acres?
- 4. Stabilized Construction Entrance

Yes No NA

- [] [] A temporary construction entrance to capture mud and debris from construction vehicles before they enter the public highway has been installed.
- [] [] Other access areas (entrances, construction routes, equipment parking areas) are stabilized immediately as work takes place with gravel or other cover.
- [] [] Sediment tracked onto public streets is removed or cleaned on a regular basis.

5. Perimeter Sediment Controls

Yes No NA

- [] [] Silt fence material and installation comply with the standard drawing and specifications.
- [] [] Silt fences are installed at appropriate spacing intervals
- [] [] Sediment/detention basin was installed as first land disturbing activity.
- [] [] Sediment traps and barriers are installed.

6. Pollution Prevention for Waste and Hazardous Materials

Yes No NA

- [] [] The Operator or designated representative has been assigned to implement the spill prevention avoidance and response plan.
- [] [] The plan is contained in the SWPPP on page
- [] [] Appropriate materials to control spills are onsite. Where?

Appendix B

Weekly Construction Inspection Reports

Weekly Stormwater Construction Site Inspection Report

General Information						
Project Name						
NPDES Tracking No.		Location				
Date of Inspection		Start/End Time				
Inspector's Name(s)						
Inspector's Title(s)						
Inspector's Contact Information						
Inspector's Qualifications						
Describe present phase of construction						
Type of Inspection:RegularPre-storm event						
Weather Information						
Has there been a storm event since the last inspection? Yes No						
If yes, provide: Storm Start Date & Time: S	torm Duration (hrs):	Approximate	Amount of Precipitation (in):			
Weather at time of this inspection? Clear Cloudy Rain Sleet Fog Snowing High Winds Other: Temperature:						
Have any discharges occurred since the last inspection?						
Are there any discharges at the time of inspection? Yes No If yes, describe:						

Site-specific BMPs

- Number the structural and non-structural BMPs identified in your SWPPP on your site map and list them below (add as many BMPs as necessary). Carry a copy of the numbered site map with you during your inspections. This list will ensure that you are inspecting all required BMPs at your site.
- Describe corrective actions initiated, date completed, and note the person that completed the work in the Corrective Action Log.

	BMP	BMP	BMP	Corrective Action Needed and Notes
		Installed?	Maintenance	
			Required ?	
1		□Yes □No	□Yes □No	
2		□Yes □No	□Yes □No	
3		□Yes □No	□Yes □No	
4		□Yes □No	□Yes □No	
5		□Yes □No	□Yes □No	
6		□Yes □No	□Yes □No	
7		□Yes □No	□Yes □No	
8		□Yes □No	□Yes □No	
9		□Yes □No	□Yes □No	
10		□Yes □No	□Yes □No	

	BMP	BMP	BMP	Corrective Action Needed and Notes
		Installed?	Maintenance	
			Required ?	
11		□Yes □No	□Yes □No	
12		□Yes □No	□Yes □No	
13		□Yes □No	□Yes □No	
14		□Yes □No	□Yes □No	
15		□Yes □No	□Yes □No	
16		□Yes □No	□Yes □No	
17		□Yes □No	□Yes □No	
18		□Yes □No	□Yes □No	
19		□Yes □No	□Yes □No	
20		□Yes □No	□Yes □No	

Overall Site Issues

Below are some general site issues that should be assessed during inspections. Customize this list as needed for conditions at your site.

	BMP/activity	Implemented?	Maintenance Required?	Corrective Action Needed and Notes
1	Are all slopes and disturbed areas not actively being worked properly stabilized?	□Yes □No	QYes QNo	
2	Are natural resource areas (e.g., streams, wetlands, mature trees, etc.) protected with barriers or similar BMPs?	□Yes □No	□Yes □No	
3	Are perimeter controls and sediment barriers adequately installed (keyed into substrate) and maintained?	□Yes □No	□Yes □No	
4	Are discharge points and receiving waters free of any sediment deposits?	□Yes □No	□Yes □No	
5	Are storm drain inlets properly protected?	□Yes □No	QYes QNo	
6	Is the construction exit preventing sediment from being tracked into the street?	□Yes □No	QYes QNo	
7	Is trash/litter from work areas collected and placed in covered dumpsters?	□Yes □No	□Yes □No	
8	Are washout facilities (e.g., paint, stucco,	□Yes □No	□Yes □No	

	BMP/activity	Implemented?	Maintenance Required?	Corrective Action Needed and Notes
	concrete) available, clearly marked, and maintained?			
9	Are vehicle and equipment fueling, cleaning, and maintenance areas free of spills, leaks, or any other deleterious material?	□Yes □No	□Yes □No	
10	Are materials that are potential stormwater contaminants stored inside or under cover?	□Yes □No	□Yes □No	
11	Are non-stormwater discharges (e.g., wash water, dewatering) properly controlled?	□Yes □No	□Yes □No	
12	(Other)	□Yes □No	□Yes □No	

Non-Compliance

Describe any incidents of non-compliance not described above:

CERTIFICATION STATEMENT

"I certify under penalty of law that this document and all attachments were prepared under my direction or supervision in accordance with a system designed to assure that qualified personnel properly gathered and evaluated the information submitted. Based on my inquiry of the person or persons who manage the system, or those persons directly responsible for gathering the information, the information submitted is, to the best of my knowledge and belief, true, accurate, and complete. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting false information, including the possibility of fine and imprisonment for knowing violations."

Print name and title: _____

Signature: _____ Date: _____

CONSTRUCTION DURATION INSPECTION

SITE PLAN/SKETCH

Inspector (print name)

Date of Inspection

Qualified Professional (print name)Qualified Professional SignatureThe above signed acknowledges that, to the best of his/her knowledge, all information provided

on the forms is accurate and complete.

Appendix C

Corrective Action Log

Corrective Action Log

Inspection Date	Inspector Name(s)	Description of BMP Deficiency	Corrective Action Needed (including planned date/responsible person)	Date Action Taken/Responsible person

- 1. Notice of Intent
- 2. Letter of Acknowledgment
- 3. Permit
- 4. OPRHP Clearance Letter

Notice of Intent

NOTICE OF INTENT



New York State Department of Environmental Conservation

Division of Water

625 Broadway, 4th Floor



Albany, New York 12233-3505

Stormwater Discharges Associated with <u>Construction Activity</u> Under State Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (SPDES) General Permit # GP-0-15-002 All sections must be completed unless otherwise noted. Failure to complete all items may result in this form being returned to you, thereby delaying your coverage under this General Permit. Applicants must read and understand the conditions of the permit and prepare a Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan prior to submitting this NOI. Applicants are responsible for identifying and obtaining other DEC permits that may be required.

-IMPORTANT-

RETURN THIS FORM TO THE ADDRESS ABOVE

OWNER/OPERATOR MUST SIGN FORM

Owner/Operator Information	\backslash			
Owner/Operator (Company Name/Private Owner Name/Municipality Name)				
Owner/Operator Contact Person Last Name (NOT CONSULTANT)				
Owner/Operator Contact Person First Name				
Owner/Operator Mailing Address				
City				
State Zip				
Phone (Owner/Operator) Fax (Owner/Operator) - -				
Email (Owner/Operator)	_			
FED TAX ID (not required for individuals)				

Project Site Informa	tion
Project/Site Name	
Street Address (NOT P.O. BOX)	
Side of Street O North O South O East O West	
City/Town/Village (THAT ISSUES BUILDING PERMIT)	
State Zip County	DEC Region
Name of Nearest Cross Street	
Distance to Nearest Cross Street (Feet)	Project In Relation to Cross Street O North O South O East O West
Tax Map Numbers Section-Block-Parcel	Tax Map Numbers

1. Provide the Geographic Coordinates for the project site in NYTM Units. To do this you **must** go to the NYSDEC Stormwater Interactive Map on the DEC website at:

www.dec.ny.gov/imsmaps/stormwater/viewer.htm

Zoom into your Project Location such that you can accurately click on the centroid of your site. Once you have located your project site, go to the tool boxes on the top and choose "i"(identify). Then click on the center of your site and a new window containing the X, Y coordinates in UTM will pop up. Transcribe these coordinates into the boxes below. For problems with the interactive map use the help function.

х	Coordinates (Eastin								

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3.	Select the predominant land use for both p SELECT ONLY ONE CHOICE FOR EACH	re and post development conditions.
	Pre-Development Existing Land Use	Post-Development Future Land Use
	○ FOREST	○ SINGLE FAMILY HOME <u>Number_</u> of Lots
	\bigcirc PASTURE/OPEN LAND	○ SINGLE FAMILY SUBDIVISION
	○ CULTIVATED LAND	○ TOWN HOME RESIDENTIAL
	○ SINGLE FAMILY HOME	○ MULTIFAMILY RESIDENTIAL
	○ SINGLE FAMILY SUBDIVISION	○ INSTITUTIONAL/SCHOOL
	\bigcirc TOWN HOME RESIDENTIAL	○ INDUSTRIAL
	○ MULTIFAMILY RESIDENTIAL	○ COMMERCIAL
	○ INSTITUTIONAL/SCHOOL	○ MUNICIPAL
	\bigcirc INDUSTRIAL	○ ROAD/HIGHWAY
	○ COMMERCIAL	○ RECREATIONAL/SPORTS FIELD
	○ ROAD/HIGHWAY	○ BIKE PATH/TRAIL
	○ RECREATIONAL/SPORTS FIELD	○ LINEAR UTILITY (water, sewer, gas, etc.)
	○ BIKE PATH/TRAIL	○ PARKING LOT
	\bigcirc LINEAR UTILITY	○ CLEARING/GRADING ONLY
	○ PARKING LOT	\bigcirc DEMOLITION, NO REDEVELOPMENT
	O OTHER	\bigcirc WELL DRILLING ACTIVITY *(Oil, Gas, etc.)

*Note: for gas well drilling, non-high volume hydraulic fractured wells only

4. In accordance with the larger common plan of enter the total project site area; the total existing impervious area to be disturbed (for activities); and the future impervious area disturbed area. (Round to the nearest tenth of	area to be disturbed; r redevelopment constructed within the
	Future Impervious Area Within Disturbed Area
5. Do you plan to disturb more than 5 acres of	soil at any one time? O Yes O No
6. Indicate the percentage of each Hydrologic S	oil Group(HSG) at the site.
A B C ● ● ● ●	D %
7. Is this a phased project?	\bigcirc Yes \bigcirc No
8. Enter the planned start and end dates of the disturbance activities.	End Date

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13.	Does this construction activity disturb land with no existing impervious cover and where the Soil Slope Phase is identified as an E or F on the USDA Soil Survey? If Yes, what is the acreage to be disturbed?	O Yes	O No

14. Will the project disturb soils within a State regulated wetland or the protected 100 foot adjacent O Yes O No area?

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15.	Does the site runoff enter a separate storm sewer system (including roadside drains, swales, ditches, culverts, etc)?				
16.	What is the name of the municipality/entity that owns the separate storm sewer system?				
17.	Does any runoff from the site enter a sewer classified O Yes O No O Unknown as a Combined Sewer?				
18.	Will future use of this site be an agricultural property as defined by the NYS Agriculture and Markets Law? \bigcirc Yes \bigcirc No				
19.	Is this property owned by a state authority, state agency, O Yes O No federal government or local government?				
20.	Is this a remediation project being done under a Department approved work plan? (i.e. CERCLA, RCRA, Voluntary Cleanup O Yes O No Agreement, etc.)				
21.	Has the required Erosion and Sediment Control component of the SWPPP been developed in conformance with the current NYS O Yes O No Standards and Specifications for Erosion and Sediment Control (aka Blue Book)?				
22.	Does this construction activity require the development of a SWPPP that includes the post-construction stormwater management practice component (i.e. Runoff Reduction, Water Quality and O Yes O No Quantity Control practices/techniques)? If No, skip questions 23 and 27-39.				
23.	Has the post-construction stormwater management practice component of the SWPPP been developed in conformance with the current NYS O Yes O No Stormwater Management Design Manual?				

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SWPPP Preparer Certification

I hereby certify that the Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP) for this project has been prepared in accordance with the terms and conditions of the GP-0-15-002. Furthermore, I understand that certifying false, incorrect or inaccurate information is a violation of this permit and the laws of the State of New York and could subject me to criminal, civil and/or administrative proceedings.

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Post-construction Stormwater Management Practice (SMP) Requirements

<u>Important</u>: Completion of Questions 27-39 is not required if response to Question 22 is No.

- 27. Identify all site planning practices that were used to prepare the final site plan/layout for the project.
 - \bigcirc Preservation of Undisturbed Areas
 - Preservation of Buffers
 - O Reduction of Clearing and Grading
 - O Locating Development in Less Sensitive Areas
 - Roadway Reduction
 - \bigcirc Sidewalk Reduction
 - Driveway Reduction
 - Cul-de-sac Reduction
 - Building Footprint Reduction
 - Parking Reduction
- 27a. Indicate which of the following soil restoration criteria was used to address the requirements in Section 5.1.6("Soil Restoration") of the Design Manual (2010 version).
 - All disturbed areas will be restored in accordance with the Soil Restoration requirements in Table 5.3 of the Design Manual (see page 5-22).
 - O Compacted areas were considered as impervious cover when calculating the WQv Required, and the compacted areas were assigned a post-construction Hydrologic Soil Group (HSG) designation that is one level less permeable than existing conditions for the hydrology analysis.
- 28. Provide the total Water Quality Volume (WQv) required for this project (based on final site plan/layout).

Tota	L WQv	Re	qui	lre	đ
					acre-feet

29. Identify the RR techniques (Area Reduction), RR techniques(Volume Reduction) and Standard SMPs with RRv Capacity in Table 1 (See Page 9) that were used to reduce the Total WQv Required(#28).

Also, provide in Table 1 the total impervious area that contributes runoff to each technique/practice selected. For the Area Reduction Techniques, provide the total contributing area (includes pervious area) and, if applicable, the total impervious area that contributes runoff to the technique/practice.

Note: Redevelopment projects shall use Tables 1 and 2 to identify the SMPs used to treat and/or reduce the WQv required. If runoff reduction techniques will not be used to reduce the required WQv, skip to question 33a after identifying the SMPs.

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Table 1	-
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Runoff Reduction (RR) Techniques and Standard Stormwater Management Practices (SMPs)

O Conservation of Natural Areas (RR-1) and/or O Sheetflow to Riparian Buffers/Filters Strips (RR-2) and/or O Tree Planting/Tree Pit (RR-3) and/or O Tree Planting/Tree Pit (RR-3) and/or O Tree Planting/Tree Pit (RR-3) and/or O Disconnection of Rooftop Runoff (RR-4) and/or Re Techniques (Volume Reduction) O Vegetated Swale (RR-5) Rain Garden (RR-6) Stormwater Planter (RR-7) Rain Barrel/Cistern (RR-8) O Forous Pavement (RR-9) Green Roof (RR-10) Infiltration Trench (I-1) Dry Well (I-3)		Total Contributing		Total (
Sheetflow to Riparian Buffers/Filters Strips (RR-2) . and/or Tree Planting/Tree Pit (RR-3) . and/or Disconnection of Rooftop Runoff (RR-4) . and/or RR Techniques (Volume Reduction) . and/or Vegetated Swale (RR-5) . . Rain Garden (RR-6) . . Stormwater Planter (RR-7) . . Rain Barrel/Cistern (RR-8) . . O Forous Pavement (RR-9) . . Green Roof (RR-10) . . Standard SMPs with Rev Capacity . . Infiltration Trench (I-1) . . Dry Well (I-3) . . Dry Well (I-3) . . Dry Well (I-3) . . Wet Fond (P-5) . . O Micropool Extended Detention (P-1) . . Wet Fond (P-2) . . . Multiple Pond System (P-4) . . . Surface Sand Filter (F-2) . . . Ounderground Sand Filter (F-2) . . <th>RR Techniques (Area Reduction)</th> <th>Area (acres)</th> <th>Im</th> <th>perviou</th> <th>is .</th> <th>Are</th> <th>a(acres)</th>	RR Techniques (Area Reduction)	Area (acres)	Im	perviou	is .	Are	a(acres)
Buffers/Filters Strips (RR-2) and/or - O Tree Planting/Tree Pit (RR-3) and/or - O Disconnection of Rooftop Runoff (RR-4) and/or - Paisconnection of Rooftop Runoff (RR-4) and/or - Rain Garden (RR-6) and/or - Rain Garden (RR-6) - - Stormwater Planter (RR-7) - - O Porous Pavement (RR-9) - - Green Roof (RR-10) - - Standard SMPs with RRv Capacity - - Infiltration Trench (I-1) - - Dry Well (I-3) - - Underground Infiltration System (I-4) - - Dry Wale (0-1) - - - Standard SMPs - - - Mucropool Extended Detention (P-1) - - - Wet Pond (P-2) - - - - Wat Extended Detention (P-3) - - - - Wat Pond (P-5) - - - - - Duderground Sand Filter (F-1) <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>and/or</td><td></td><td></td><td>•</td><td></td></t<>			and/or			•	
Disconnection of Rooftop Runoff (RR-4)	O Sheetflow to Riparian Buffers/Filters Strips (RR-2)		and/or		,	•	
RR Techniques (Volume Reduction) Vegetated Swale (RR-5) Rain Garden (RR-6) Stormwater Planter (RR-7) Rain Barrel/Cistern (RR-8) Porous Pavement (RR-9) Green Roof (RR-10) Standard SMPs with RRV Capacity Infiltration Trench (I-1) Dry Well (I-3) Underground Infiltration System (I-4) Dry Swale (0-1) Standard SMPs Micropool Extended Detention (P-1) Wet Extended Detention (P-3) Wet Extended Detention (P-4) Watifier (F-1) Organic Filter (F-4) Organic Filter (F-4) Organic Filter (F-4) Organic Filter (F-4) Organic Filter (Wet-3)	\bigcirc Tree Planting/Tree Pit (RR-3)	•	and/or		'	-	
O Vegetated Swale (RR-5)	\bigcirc Disconnection of Rooftop Runoff (RR-4)	••	and/or			•	
Rain Garden (RR-6) . Stormwater Planter (RR-7) . Rain Barrel/Cistern (RR-8) . Porous Pavement (RR-9) . Green Roof (RR-10) . Standard SMPs with RRV Capacity . Infiltration Trench (I-1) . Dry Well (I-3) . Underground Infiltration System (I-4) . Dry Swale (O-1) . Standard SMPS . Micropool Extended Detention (P-1) . Wet Pond (P-2) . Wet Extended Detention (P-3) . Multiple Pond System (P-4) . Surface Sand Filter (F-1) . Underground Sand Filter (F-2) . Shallow Wetland (W-1) . Extended Detention Wetland (W-2) .	RR Techniques (Volume Reduction)						
Stormwater Planter (RR-7) . Rain Barrel/Cistern (RR-8) . Porous Pavement (RR-9) . Green Roof (RR-10) . Infiltration Trench (I-1) . Infiltration Basin (I-2) . Dry Well (I-3) . Underground Infiltration System (I-4) . Bioretention (F-5) . Dry Swale (0-1) . Standard SMPs . Micropool Extended Detention (P-1) . Wet Extended Detention (P-3) . Multiple Pond System (P-4) . Surface Sand Filter (F-1) . Underground Sand Filter (F-2) . Perimeter Sand Filter (F-3) . Organic Filter (F-4) . Organic Filter (F-4) . Shallow Wetland (W-1) . Prod/Wetland System (W-3) .	\bigcirc Vegetated Swale (RR-5) \cdots	•••••			_ ·	•	
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O Porous Pavement (RR-9)	\bigcirc Stormwater Planter (RR-7)		• • • • • •		'	•	
Green Roof (RR-10)	\bigcirc Rain Barrel/Cistern (RR-8)		• • • • • •		'	•	
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Infiltration Basin (I-2)	Standard SMPs with RRv Capacity						
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Ory Well (I-3)							
Underground Infiltration System (I-4)							
Bioretention (F-5) . Dry Swale (0-1) . Standard SMPs . Micropool Extended Detention (P-1) . Wet Pond (P-2) . Wet Extended Detention (P-3) . Multiple Pond System (P-4) . Pocket Pond (P-5) . Surface Sand Filter (F-1) . Organic Filter (F-2) . Shallow Wetland (W-1) . Extended Detention Wetland (W-2) . Pond/Wetland System (W-3) .							
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○ Pond/Wetland System (W-3)	\bigcirc Extended Detention Wetland (W-2)					•	
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○ Wet Swale (0-2)						•	

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	Table 2 -	Alternativ (DO NOT IN USED FOR I	NCLUDE PF			ſĠ			
Alternative SMP							al Contr vious Ar		
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Name									
	ent projects which ons 28, 29, 33 and ed and total WQv	d 33a to p	rovide SI	MPs us	ed, tot				
	ne Total RRv prov MPs with RRv capa						me Reduo	ction)	and
Total RRv	provided	et							
total WQv r If Yes, go	al RRv provided (required (#28). to question 36.	#30) great	er than	or equ	al to	the	0	Yes	O No
	e Minimum RRv req Rv Required = (P)				c)]				
Minimum RR	v Required	et							
Minimum RRV If Yes, go <u>Note</u> : Us specific 100% of specific 100% of SWPPP. If No, sizi	al RRv provided (r Required (#32)? to question 33. se the space prove site limitation WQv required (#2 c site limitation the WQv required .ng criteria has SWPPP preparer m	rided in qu s and just 8). A <u>det</u> s and just (#28) mus not been m	estion # ificatio <u>ailed</u> ev ificatio t also b et, so N	39 to n for aluati n for e incl OI can	summar not rea on of not rea uded in not b a	<u>ize</u> the ducing the ducing n the e	e	Yes	O No

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33. Identify the Standard SMPs in Table 1 and, if applicable, the Alternative SMPs in Table 2 that were used to treat the remaining total WQv(=Total WQv Required in 28 - Total RRv Provided in 30).

Also, provide in Table 1 and 2 the total <u>impervious</u> area that contributes runoff to each practice selected.

Note: Use Tables 1 and 2 to identify the SMPs used on Redevelopment projects.

33a. Indicate the Total WQv provided (i.e. WQv treated) by the SMPs identified in question #33 and Standard SMPs with RRv Capacity identified in question 29. WQv Provided acre-feet Note: For the standard SMPs with RRv capacity, the WQv provided by each practice = the WQv calculated using the contributing drainage area to the practice - RRv provided by the practice. (See Table 3.5 in Design Manual) Provide the sum of the Total RRv provided (#30) and 34. the WQv provided (#33a). Is the sum of the RRv provided (#30) and the WQv provided 35. (#33a) greater than or equal to the total WQv required (#28)? 🔾 Yes 🔷 No If Yes, go to question 36. If No, sizing criteria has not been met, so NOI can not be processed. SWPPP preparer must modify design to meet sizing criteria. Provide the total Channel Protection Storage Volume (CPv) required and 36. provided or select waiver (36a), if applicable. CPv Required CPv Provided acre-feet acre-feet 36a. The need to provide channel protection has been waived because: O Site discharges directly to tidal waters or a fifth order or larger stream. \bigcirc Reduction of the total CPv is achieved on site through runoff reduction techniques or infiltration systems.

37. Provide the Overbank Flood (Qp) and Extreme Flood (Qf) control criteria or select waiver (37a), if applicable.

Total Overbank Flood Control Criteria (Qp)

Pre-Development	Post-development
Total Extreme Flood Control	Criteria (Qf)
Pre-Development	Post-development
CFS	CFS

37a.	The need to meet the Qp and Qf criteria has been waived because:
	\bigcirc Site discharges directly to tidal waters
	or a fifth order or larger stream.
	\bigcirc Downstream analysis reveals that the Qp and Qf
	controls are not required

38. Has a long term Operation and Maintenance Plan for the post-construction stormwater management practice(s) been
O Yes
No developed?

If Yes, Identify the entity responsible for the long term Operation and Maintenance

39. Use this space to summarize the specific site limitations and justification for not reducing 100% of WQv required(#28). (See question 32a) This space can also be used for other pertinent project information.

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40.	Identify other DEC permits, existing and new, that are required for this project/facility.
	○ Air Pollution Control
	○ Coastal Erosion
	\bigcirc Hazardous Waste
	\bigcirc Long Island Wells
	\bigcirc Mined Land Reclamation
	🔿 Solid Waste
	\bigcirc Navigable Waters Protection / Article 15
	○ Water Quality Certificate
	○ Dam Safety
	○ Water Supply
	○ Freshwater Wetlands/Article 24
	\bigcirc Tidal Wetlands
	\bigcirc Wild, Scenic and Recreational Rivers
	\bigcirc Stream Bed or Bank Protection / Article 15
	○ Endangered or Threatened Species(Incidental Take Permit)
	○ Individual SPDES
	○ SPDES Multi-Sector GP
	0 0ther
	○ None

41.	Does this project require a US Army Corps of Engineers Wetland Permit? If Yes, Indicate Size of Impact.	⊖ Yes	0 No
42.	Is this project subject to the requirements of a regulated, traditional land use control MS4? (If No, skip question 43)	○Үез	() No
43.	Has the "MS4 SWPPP Acceptance" form been signed by the principal executive officer or ranking elected official and submitted along with this NOI?	⊖ Yes	O No
44.	If this NOI is being submitted for the purpose of continuing or trans coverage under a general permit for stormwater runoff from constructi activities, please indicate the former SPDES number assigned.	-	

Owner/Operator Certification

I have read or been advised of the permit conditions and believe that I understand them. I also understand that, under the terms of the permit, there may be reporting requirements. I hereby certify that this document and the corresponding documents were prepared under my direction or supervision. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting false information, including the possibility of fine and imprisonment for knowing violations. I further understand that coverage under the general permit will be identified in the acknowledgment that I will receive as a result of submitting this NOI and can be as long as sixty (60) business days as provided for in the general permit. I also understand that, by submitting this NOI, I am acknowledging that the SWPPP has been developed and will be implemented as the first element of construction, and agreeing to comply with all the terms and conditions of the general permit for which this NOI is being submitted.

Print First Name	MI
Print Last Name	
Owner/Operator Signature	
	Date

Letter of Acknowledgement

Permit

OPRHP Clearance Letter



Parks, Recreation, and Historic Preservation

ANDREW M. CUOMO Governor ROSE HARVEY Commissioner

July 24, 2018

Mr. Solomon Latham 4305 Highway 209 Stone Ridge, NY 12484

Re: DEC

850 Route 28 LLC: Steel and Concrete Fabrication Facility 850 Route 28, Town of Kingston, Ulster County, NY 18PR04534

Dear Mr. Latham:

Thank you for requesting the comments of the Office of Parks, Recreation and Historic Preservation (OPRHP). We have reviewed the project in accordance with the New York State Historic Preservation Act of 1980 (Section 14.09 of the New York Parks, Recreation and Historic Preservation Law). These comments are those of the OPRHP and relate only to Historic/Cultural resources. They do not include potential environmental impacts to New York State Parkland that may be involved in or near your project. Such impacts must be considered as part of the environmental review of the project pursuant to the State Environmental Quality Review Act (New York Environmental Conservation Law Article 8) and its implementing regulations (6 NYCRR Part 617).

Based upon this review, it is the New York State Office of Parks, Recreation and Historic Preservation's opinion that your project will have no impact on archaeological and/or historic resources listed in or eligible for the New York State and National Registers of Historic Places.

If further correspondence is required regarding this project, please be sure to refer to the OPRHP Project Review (PR) number noted above.

Sincerely,

Michael F. Lynch, P.E., AIA Director, Division for Historic Preservation

Appendix E

Notice of Termination

New York State Department of Environmental Conservation Division of Water 625 Broadway, 4th Floor Albany, New York 12233-3505 *(NOTE: Submit completed form to address above)* NOTICE OF TERMINATION for Storm Water Discharges Authorized under the SPDES General Permit for Construction Activity		
Please indicate your permit identification number: NY	R	
I. Owner or Operator Information		
1. Owner/Operator Name:		
2. Street Address:		
3. City/State/Zip:		
4. Contact Person:	4a.Telephone:	
4b. Contact Person E-Mail:		
II. Project Site Information		
5. Project/Site Name:		
6. Street Address:		
7. City/Zip:		
8. County:		
III. Reason for Termination		
9a. □ All disturbed areas have achieved final stabilization in accord SWPPP. *Date final stabilization completed (month/year):	ordance with the general permit and	
9b. □ Permit coverage has been transferred to new owner/opera permit identification number: NYR		
9c. □ Other (Explain on Page 2)		
IV. Final Site Information:		
10a. Did this construction activity require the development of a SWPPP that includes post-construction stormwater management practices? □ yes □ no (If no, go to question 10f.)		
10b. Have all post-construction stormwater management practices included in the final SWPPP been constructed?		
10c. Identify the entity responsible for long-term operation and maintenance of practice(s)?		

NOTICE OF TERMINATION for Storm Water Discharges Authorized under the SPDES General Permit for Construction Activity - continued

10d. Has the entity responsible for long-term operation and maintenance been given a copy of the operation and maintenance plan required by the general permit? □ yes □ no

10e. Indicate the method used to ensure long-term operation and maintenance of the post-construction stormwater management practice(s):

□ Post-construction stormwater management practice(s) and any right-of-way(s) needed to maintain practice(s) have been deeded to the municipality.

Executed maintenance agreement is in place with the municipality that will maintain the post-construction stormwater management practice(s).

□ For post-construction stormwater management practices that are privately owned, a mechanism is in place that requires operation and maintenance of the practice(s) in accordance with the operation and maintenance plan, such as a deed covenant in the owner or operator's deed of record.

□ For post-construction stormwater management practices that are owned by a public or private institution (e.g. school, university or hospital), government agency or authority, or public utility; policy and procedures are in place that ensures operation and maintenance of the practice(s) in accordance with the operation and maintenance plan.

10f. Provide the total area of impervious surface (i.e. roof, pavement, concrete, gravel, etc.) constructed within the disturbance area?

(acres)

11. Is this project subject to the requirements of a regulated, traditional land use control MS4? $\hfill\square$ yes $\hfill\square$ no

(If Yes, complete section VI - "MS4 Acceptance" statement

V. Additional Information/Explanation: (Use this section to answer questions 9c. and 10b., if applicable)

VI. MS4 Acceptance - MS4 Official (principal executive officer or ranking elected official) or Duly Authorized Representative (Note: Not required when 9b. is checked -transfer of coverage)

I have determined that it is acceptable for the owner or operator of the construction project identified in question 5 to submit the Notice of Termination at this time.

Printed Name:

Title/Position:

Signature:

Date:

NOTICE OF TERMINATION for Storm Water Discharges Authorized under the SPDES General Permit for Construction Activity - continued

VII. Qualified Inspector Certification - Final Stabilization:
 I hereby certify that all disturbed areas have achieved final stabilization as defined in the current version of the general permit, and that all temporary, structural erosion and sediment control measures have been removed. Furthermore, I understand that certifying false, incorrect or inaccurate information is a violation of the referenced permit and the laws of the State of New York and could subject me to criminal, civil and/or administrative proceedings.
 Printed Name:

Title/Position:

Signature:

Date:

Date:

VIII. Qualified Inspector Certification - Post-construction Stormwater Management Practice(s):

I hereby certify that all post-construction stormwater management practices have been constructed in conformance with the SWPPP. Furthermore, I understand that certifying false, incorrect or inaccurate information is a violation of the referenced permit and the laws of the State of New York and could subject me to criminal, civil and/or administrative proceedings.

Printed Name:

Title/Position:

Signature:

IX. Owner or Operator Certification

I hereby certify that this document was prepared by me or under my direction or supervision. My determination, based upon my inquiry of the person(s) who managed the construction activity, or those persons directly responsible for gathering the information, is that the information provided in this document is true, accurate and complete. Furthermore, I understand that certifying false, incorrect or inaccurate information is a violation of the referenced permit and the laws of the State of New York and could subject me to criminal, civil and/or administrative proceedings.

Printed Name:

Title/Position:

Signature:

Date:

(NYS DEC Notice of Termination - January 2015)

Appendix F

BMP Construction/Installation Guidelines

Stormwater/Wetland Pond Construction Inspection Checklist

Project:
Location:
Site Status:

Date:

Time:

Inspector:

CONSTRUCTION SEQUENCE	Satisfactory/ Unsatisfactory	Comments
Pre-Construction/Materials and Equipment		
Pre-construction meeting		
Pipe and appurtenances on-site prior to construction and dimensions checked		
1. Material (including protective coating, if specified)		
2. Diameter		
3. Dimensions of metal riser or pre-cast concrete outlet structure		
4. Required dimensions between water control structures (orifices, weirs, etc.) are in accordance with approved plans		
5. Barrel stub for prefabricated pipe structures at proper angle for design barrel slope		
6. Number and dimensions of prefabricated anti-seep collars		
7. Watertight connectors and gaskets		
8. Outlet drain valve		
Project benchmark near pond site		
Equipment for temporary de-watering		

Cor	ISTRUCTION SEQUENCE	Satisfactory/ Unsatisfactory	Comments
2. 🤇	Subgrade Preparation	-	
	a beneath embankment stripped of all etation, topsoil, and organic matter		
3. I	Pipe Spillway Installation		
Met	hod of installation detailed on plans		
A.	Bed preparation	• •	
	Installation trench excavated with specified side slopes		
	Stable, uniform, dry subgrade of relatively impervious material (If subgrade is wet, contractor shall have defined steps before proceeding with installation)		
	Invert at proper elevation and grade		
В.	Pipe placement	-	
	Metal / plastic pipe		
	1. Watertight connectors and gaskets properly installed		
	2. Anti-seep collars properly spaced and having watertight connections to pipe		
	Backfill placed and tamped by hand under "haunches" of pipe		
	4. Remaining backfill placed in max. 8 inch lifts using small power tamping equipment until 2 feet cover over pipe is reached		

CONSTRUCTION SEQUENCE	Satisfactory/ Unsatisfactory	Comments
3. Pipe Spillway Installation		
Concrete pipe	1	
1. Pipe set on blocks or concrete slab for pouring of low cradle		
2. Pipe installed with rubber gasket joints with no spalling in gasket interface area		
3. Excavation for lower half of anti-seep collar(s) with reinforcing steel set		
 Entire area where anti-seep collar(s) will come in contact with pipe coated with mastic or other approved waterproof sealant 		
5. Low cradle and bottom half of anti-seep collar installed as monolithic pour and of an approved mix		
6. Upper half of anti-seep collar(s) formed with reinforcing steel set		
7. Concrete for collar of an approved mix and vibrated into place (protected from freezing while curing, if necessary)		
8. Forms stripped and collar inspected for honeycomb prior to backfilling. Parge if necessary.		
C. Backfilling		
Fill placed in maximum 8 inch lifts		
Backfill taken minimum 2 feet above top of anti- seep collar elevation before traversing with heavy equipment		

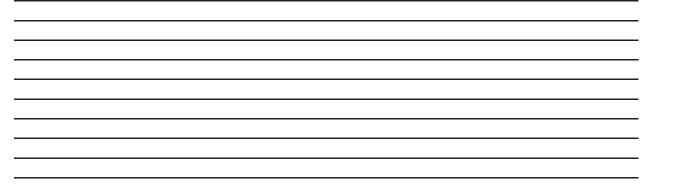
ICONSTRUCTION SEQUENCE	Satisfactory/ Unsatisfactory	Comments
4. Riser / Outlet Structure Installation		
Riser located within embankment		
A. Metal riser		
Riser base excavated or formed on stable subgrade to design dimensions		
Set on blocks to design elevations and plumbed		
Reinforcing bars placed at right angles and projecting into sides of riser		
Concrete poured so as to fill inside of riser to invert of barrel		
B. Pre-cast concrete structure		
Dry and stable subgrade		
Riser base set to design elevation		
If more than one section, no spalling in gasket interface area; gasket or approved caulking material placed securely		
Watertight and structurally sound collar or gasket joint where structure connects to pipe spillway		
C. Poured concrete structure		
Footing excavated or formed on stable subgrade, to design dimensions with reinforcing steel set		
Structure formed to design dimensions, with reinforcing steel set as per plan		
Concrete of an approved mix and vibrated into place (protected from freezing while curing, if necessary)		
Forms stripped & inspected for "honeycomb" prior to backfilling; parge if necessary		

CONSTRUCTION SEQUENCE	Satisfactory/ Unsatisfactory	Comments
5. Embankment Construction		
Fill material		
Compaction		
Embankment		
1. Fill placed in specified lifts and compacted with appropriate equipment		
2. Constructed to design cross-section, side slopes and top width		
3. Constructed to design elevation plus allowance for settlement		
6. Impounded Area Construction	-	
Excavated / graded to design contours and side slopes		
Inlet pipes have adequate outfall protection		
Forebay(s)		
Pond benches		
7. Earth Emergency Spillway Construction		·
Spillway located in cut or structurally stabilized with riprap, gabions, concrete, etc.		
Excavated to proper cross-section, side slopes and bottom width		
Entrance channel, crest, and exit channel constructed to design grades and elevations		

CONSTRUCTION SEQUENCE	Satisfactory / Unsatisfactory	Comments
8. Outlet Protection		
A. End section		
Securely in place and properly backfilled		
B. Endwall		
Footing excavated or formed on stable subgrade, to design dimensions and reinforcing steel set, if specified		
Endwall formed to design dimensions with reinforcing steel set as per plan		
Concrete of an approved mix and vibrated into place (protected from freezing, if necessary)		
Forms stripped and structure inspected for "honeycomb" prior to backfilling; parge if necessary		
C. Riprap apron / channel		
Apron / channel excavated to design cross- section with proper transition to existing ground		
Filter fabric in place		
Stone sized as per plan and uniformly place at the thickness specified		
9. Vegetative Stabilization		
Approved seed mixture or sod		
Proper surface preparation and required soil amendments		
Excelsior mat or other stabilization, as per plan		

CONSTRUCTION SEQUENCE	Satisfactory/ Unsatisfactory	Comments
10. Miscellaneous		
Drain for ponds having a permanent pool		
Trash rack / anti-vortex device secured to outlet structure		
Trash protection for low flow pipes, orifices, etc.		
Fencing (when required)		
Access road		
Set aside for clean-out maintenance		
11. Stormwater Wetlands		
Adequate water balance		
Variety of depth zones present		
Approved pondscaping plan in place Reinforcement budget for additional plantings		
Plants and materials ordered 6 months prior to construction		
Construction planned to allow for adequate planting and establishment of plant community (April-June planting window)		
Wetland buffer area preserved to maximum extent possible		

Comments:



Actions to be Taken:

Open Channel System Construction Inspection Checklist

Project: Location: Site Status:

Date:

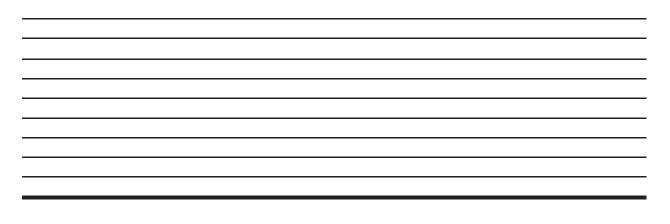
Time:

Inspector:

CONSTRUCTION SEQUENCE	SATISFACTORY / UNSATISFACTORY	Comments
1. Pre-Construction		
Pre-construction meeting		
Runoff diverted		
Facility location staked out		
2. Excavation		
Size and location		
Side slope stable		
Soil permeability		
Groundwater / bedrock		
Lateral slopes completely level		
Longitudinal slopes within design range		
Excavation does not compact subsoils		
3. Check dams		
Dimensions		
Spacing		
Materials		

CONSTRUCTION SEQUENCE	SATISFACTORY / UNSATISFACTORY	Comments
4. Structural Components		
Underdrain installed correctly		
Inflow installed correctly		
Pretreatment devices installed		
5. Vegetation		
Complies with planting specifications		
Topsoil adequate in composition and placement		
Adequate erosion control measures in place		
6. Final inspection		
Dimensions		
Check dams		
Proper outlet		
Effective stand of vegetation and stabilization		
Contributing watershed stabilized before flow is routed to the factility		

Comments:



Actions to be Taken:

Appendix G

BMP Long-Term Maintenance and Operation Guidelines

Maintenance Item	Satisfactory/ Unsatisfactory	Comments
1. Embankment and emergency spillway (Annual, After	[.] Major Storms)	
1. Vegetation and ground cover adequate		
2. Embankment erosion		
3. Animal burrows		
4. Unauthorized planting		
5. Cracking, bulging, or sliding of dam		
a. Upstream face		
b. Downstream face		
c. At or beyond toe		
downstream		
upstream		
d. Emergency spillway		
6.Pond, toe & chimney drains clear and functioning		
7.Seeps/leaks on downstream face		
8.Slope protection or riprap failure		
9. Vertical/horizontal alignment of top of dam "As-Built"		

Stormwater Pond/Wetland Operation, Maintenance and Management Inspection Checklist

Maintenance Item	Satisfactory/ Unsatisfactory	Comments
10. Emergency spillway clear of obstructions and debris		
11. Other (specify)		
2. Riser and principal spillway (Annual)		
Type: Reinforced concrete Corrugated pipe Masonry 1. Low flow orifice obstructed		
 Low flow trash rack. a. Debris removal necessary 		
b. Corrosion control		
 Weir trash rack maintenance a. Debris removal necessary 		
b. corrosion control		
4. Excessive sediment accumulation insider riser		
 Concrete/masonry condition riser and barrels a. cracks or displacement 		
b. Minor spalling (<1")		
c. Major spalling (rebars exposed)		
d. Joint failures		
e. Water tightness		
6. Metal pipe condition		
7. Control valve a. Operational/exercised		
b. Chained and locked		
8. Pond drain valve a. Operational/exercised		
b. Chained and locked		
9. Outfall channels functioning		
10. Other (specify)		

Maintenance Item	Satisfactory/ Unsatisfactory	Comments
3. Permanent Pool (Wet Ponds) (monthly	()	
1. Undesirable vegetative growth		
2. Floating or floatable debris removal required		
3. Visible pollution		
4. Shoreline problem		
5. Other (specify)		
4. Sediment Forebays	-	
1.Sedimentation noted		
2. Sediment cleanout when depth < 50% design depth		
5. Dry Pond Areas	-	
1. Vegetation adequate		
2. Undesirable vegetative growth		
3. Undesirable woody vegetation		
4. Low flow channels clear of obstructions		
5. Standing water or wet spots		
6. Sediment and / or trash accumulation		
7. Other (specify)		
6. Condition of Outfalls (Annual , After Major Storms)		
1. Riprap failures		
2. Slope erosion		
3. Storm drain pipes		
4.Endwalls / Headwalls		
5. Other (specify)		
7. Other (Monthly)		
1. Encroachment on pond, wetland or easement area		

Maintenance Item	Satisfactory/ Unsatisfactory	Comments
2. Complaints from residents		
3.Aesthetics a. Grass growing required		
b. Graffiti removal needed		
c. Other (specify)		
4. Conditions of maintenance access routes.		
5. Signs of hydrocarbon build-up		
6. Any public hazards (specify)		
8. Wetland Vegetation (Annual)		
 Vegetation healthy and growing Wetland maintaining 50% surface area coverage of wetland plants after the second growing season. (If unsatisfactory, reinforcement plantings needed) 		
 2. Dominant wetland plants: Survival of desired wetland plant species Distribution according to landscaping plan? 3. Evidence of invasive species 		
4. Maintenance of adequate water depths for desired wetland plant species		
5. Harvesting of emergent plantings needed		
6. Have sediment accumulations reduced pool volume significantly or are plants "choked" with sediment		
7. Eutrophication level of the wetland.		
8. Other (specify)		

Comments:

Actions to be Taken:

Open Channel Operation, Maintenance, and Management Inspection Checklist

Project: Location: Site Status:		
Date:		
Time:		
Inspector:		
Maintenance Item	Satisfactory/ Unsatisfactory	Comments
1. Debris Cleanout (Monthly)	I
Contributing areas clean of debris		
2. Check Dams or Energy Dissipator	s (Annual, After M	lajor Storms)
No evidence of flow going around structures		
No evidence of erosion at downstream toe		
Soil permeability		
Groundwater / bedrock		
3. Vegetation (Monthly)		
Mowing done when needed		
Minimum mowing depth not exceeded		
No evidence of erosion		
Fertilized per specification		
4. Dewatering (Monthly)		
Dewaters between storms		

MAINTENANCE ITEM	Satisfactory/ Unsatisfactory	Comments
5. Sediment deposition (Annual)		
Clean of sediment		
6. Outlet/Overflow Spillway (Annua	I)	
Good condition, no need for repairs		
No evidence of erosion		

Comments:

Actions to be Taken:

Version 1.8 Last Updated: 11/09/2015

Is this project subject to Chapter 10 of the NYS Design Manual (i.e. WQv is equal to postdevelopment 1 year runoff volume)?.....

		1				
Design Point:	Kingston					
P=	1.50	inch				
		Breakdov	vn of Subcatchme	nts		
Catchment Number	Total Area (Acres)	Impervious Area (Acres)	Percent Impervious %	Rv	₩Qv (ft ³)	Description
1	103.78	27.52	27%	0.29	163,116	Previously Disturbed
2	6.62	3.83	58%	0.57	20,571	New development
3						
4						
5						
6						
7						
8						
9						
10						
Subtotal (1-30)	110.40	31.35	28%	0.31	183,687	Subtotal 1
Total	110.40	31.35	28%	0.31	183,687	Initial WQv

	Identify Runoff R	eduction Techniqu	ies By Area
Technique	Total Contributing Area	Contributing Impervious Area	Notes
	(Acre)	(Acre)	
Conservation of Natural Areas	0.00	0.00	minimum 10,000 sf
Riparian Buffers	0.00	0.00	maximum contributing length 75 feet to 150 feet
Filter Strips	0.00	0.00	
Tree Planting	0.00	0.00	<i>Up to 100 sf directly connected impervious area may be subtracted per tree</i>
Total	0.00	0.00	

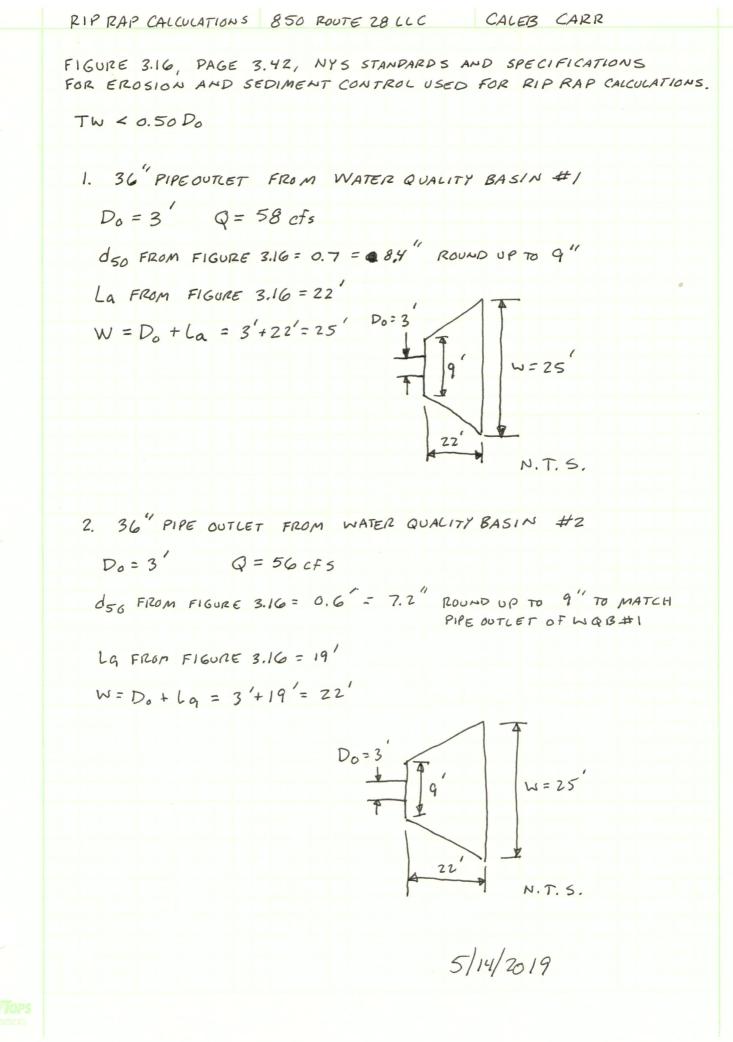
Recalcula	ate WQv after ap	olication of Area Re	eduction Tech	niques	
	Total Area (Acres)	Impervious Area (Acres)	Percent Impervious %	Runoff Coefficient Rv	WQv (ft³)
"< <initial td="" wqv"<=""><td>110.40</td><td>31.35</td><td>28%</td><td>0.31</td><td>183,687</td></initial>	110.40	31.35	28%	0.31	183,687
Subtract Area	0.00	0.00			
WQv adjusted after Area Reductions	110.40	31.35	28%	0.31	183,687
Disconnection of Rooftops		0.00			
Adjusted WQv after Area Reduction and Rooftop Disconnect	110.40	31.35	28%	0.31	183,687

Dry Swale Worksheet

Design Point:	Kingston						
	Enter	Site Data For	Drainage Area	a to be 1	Freated by	Practice	
Catchment Number	Total Area (Acres)	Impervious Area (Acres)	Percent Impervious %	Rv	WQv (ft ³)	Precipitation (in)	Description
1	6.62	3.83	0.58	0.57	20571.21	1.50	
Enter Imperviou by Disconnection	n of Rooftops		58%	0.57	20,571	< <wqv ac<br="" after="">Disconnected R</wqv>	ooftops
		nent Provided		2		Pretreatment T	echnique
Pretrea	atment (10% of)	•	2,057	ft ³			
		Calculat	e Available St	orage C	apacity		
Bottom Width	8	ft	-				ght feet to avoid less than two feet
Side Slope (X:1)	3	Okay	Channels sha than 3:1) for absolute max	most co	nditions. 2	moderate side :1 is the	slopes (flatter
Longitudinal Slope	4%	Okay	Maximum loi	ngitudin	al slope sho	all be 4%	
Flow Depth	0.75	ft		a maxin	num depth	e foot at the mic of 18" at the er)	
Top Width	12.5	ft			-	Г _w	
Area	7.69	sf				d	
Minimum Length	2408	ft				d	
Actual Length	4770	ft			E	3 _W	
End Point Depth check	1.50	Okay	A maximum of the storage of the stor		⁻ 18" at the	end point of the	e channel (for
Storage Capacity	38,726	ft ³					
Soil Group (HSG	i)		С				
			Runoff Redu	uction			
Is the Dry Swale practice?	contributing flo	ow to another		Select	Practice		
RRv	7,745	ft ³	Runnoff Red and D up to t		-	in HSG A and B	and 20% in HSG C
Volume Treated	12,826	ft ³	-	ference	between t		ted and the runoff
Volume Directed	0	ft ³	This volume i	s directe	ed another	practice	
Volume √	Okay		Check to be s	ure that	t channel is	long enough to	o store WQv

Minimum RRv

Enter the Soils Da	ta for the site	
Soil Group	Acres	S
А		55%
В		40%
С		30%
D	6.62	20%
Total Area	6.62	
Calculate the Mini	imum RRv	
S =	0.20	
Impervious =	3.83	acre
Precipitation	1.5	in
Rv	0.95	
Minimum RRv	3,962	ft3
	0.09	af



Appendix H

- Water Quality Volume Calculations
 Soil Survey
 Site Vicinity Map
 HydroCAD Calculations
 Drainage Area Maps

Appendix H.1

Water Quality Volume Calculations And Runoff Reduction Volume

Appendix H.2

Soil Survey



United States Department of Agriculture

Natural Resources Conservation

Service

A product of the National Cooperative Soil Survey, a joint effort of the United States Department of Agriculture and other Federal agencies, State agencies including the Agricultural Experiment Stations, and local participants

Custom Soil Resource Report for Ulster County, New York

850 rt 28 PARCEL



Preface

Soil surveys contain information that affects land use planning in survey areas. They highlight soil limitations that affect various land uses and provide information about the properties of the soils in the survey areas. Soil surveys are designed for many different users, including farmers, ranchers, foresters, agronomists, urban planners, community officials, engineers, developers, builders, and home buyers. Also, conservationists, teachers, students, and specialists in recreation, waste disposal, and pollution control can use the surveys to help them understand, protect, or enhance the environment.

Various land use regulations of Federal, State, and local governments may impose special restrictions on land use or land treatment. Soil surveys identify soil properties that are used in making various land use or land treatment decisions. The information is intended to help the land users identify and reduce the effects of soil limitations on various land uses. The landowner or user is responsible for identifying and complying with existing laws and regulations.

Although soil survey information can be used for general farm, local, and wider area planning, onsite investigation is needed to supplement this information in some cases. Examples include soil quality assessments (http://www.nrcs.usda.gov/wps/portal/nrcs/main/soils/health/) and certain conservation and engineering applications. For more detailed information, contact your local USDA Service Center (https://offices.sc.egov.usda.gov/locator/app?agency=nrcs) or your NRCS State Soil Scientist (http://www.nrcs.usda.gov/wps/portal/nrcs/detail/soils/contactus/? cid=nrcs142p2_053951).

Great differences in soil properties can occur within short distances. Some soils are seasonally wet or subject to flooding. Some are too unstable to be used as a foundation for buildings or roads. Clayey or wet soils are poorly suited to use as septic tank absorption fields. A high water table makes a soil poorly suited to basements or underground installations.

The National Cooperative Soil Survey is a joint effort of the United States Department of Agriculture and other Federal agencies, State agencies including the Agricultural Experiment Stations, and local agencies. The Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS) has leadership for the Federal part of the National Cooperative Soil Survey.

Information about soils is updated periodically. Updated information is available through the NRCS Web Soil Survey, the site for official soil survey information.

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LOC—Lordstown-Arnot-Rock outcrop complex, sloping	17
MO—Menlo very bouldery soils	19
Pa—Palms muck	21
QU—Quarry	22
RXF—Rock outcrop-Arnot complex, 25 to 70 percent slopes	23
W—Water	24
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How Soil Surveys Are Made

Soil surveys are made to provide information about the soils and miscellaneous areas in a specific area. They include a description of the soils and miscellaneous areas and their location on the landscape and tables that show soil properties and limitations affecting various uses. Soil scientists observed the steepness, length, and shape of the slopes; the general pattern of drainage; the kinds of crops and native plants; and the kinds of bedrock. They observed and described many soil profiles. A soil profile is the sequence of natural layers, or horizons, in a soil. The profile extends from the surface down into the unconsolidated material in which the soil formed or from the surface down to bedrock. The unconsolidated material is devoid of roots and other living organisms and has not been changed by other biological activity.

Currently, soils are mapped according to the boundaries of major land resource areas (MLRAs). MLRAs are geographically associated land resource units that share common characteristics related to physiography, geology, climate, water resources, soils, biological resources, and land uses (USDA, 2006). Soil survey areas typically consist of parts of one or more MLRA.

The soils and miscellaneous areas in a survey area occur in an orderly pattern that is related to the geology, landforms, relief, climate, and natural vegetation of the area. Each kind of soil and miscellaneous area is associated with a particular kind of landform or with a segment of the landform. By observing the soils and miscellaneous areas in the survey area and relating their position to specific segments of the landform, a soil scientist develops a concept, or model, of how they were formed. Thus, during mapping, this model enables the soil scientist to predict with a considerable degree of accuracy the kind of soil or miscellaneous area at a specific location on the landscape.

Commonly, individual soils on the landscape merge into one another as their characteristics gradually change. To construct an accurate soil map, however, soil scientists must determine the boundaries between the soils. They can observe only a limited number of soil profiles. Nevertheless, these observations, supplemented by an understanding of the soil-vegetation-landscape relationship, are sufficient to verify predictions of the kinds of soil in an area and to determine the boundaries.

Soil scientists recorded the characteristics of the soil profiles that they studied. They noted soil color, texture, size and shape of soil aggregates, kind and amount of rock fragments, distribution of plant roots, reaction, and other features that enable them to identify soils. After describing the soils in the survey area and determining their properties, the soil scientists assigned the soils to taxonomic classes (units). Taxonomic classes are concepts. Each taxonomic class has a set of soil characteristics with precisely defined limits. The classes are used as a basis for comparison to classify soils systematically. Soil taxonomy, the system of taxonomic classification used in the United States, is based mainly on the kind and character of soil properties and the arrangement of horizons within the profile. After the soil

scientists classified and named the soils in the survey area, they compared the individual soils with similar soils in the same taxonomic class in other areas so that they could confirm data and assemble additional data based on experience and research.

The objective of soil mapping is not to delineate pure map unit components; the objective is to separate the landscape into landforms or landform segments that have similar use and management requirements. Each map unit is defined by a unique combination of soil components and/or miscellaneous areas in predictable proportions. Some components may be highly contrasting to the other components of the map unit. The presence of minor components in a map unit in no way diminishes the usefulness or accuracy of the data. The delineation of such landforms and landform segments on the map provides sufficient information for the development of resource plans. If intensive use of small areas is planned, onsite investigation is needed to define and locate the soils and miscellaneous areas.

Soil scientists make many field observations in the process of producing a soil map. The frequency of observation is dependent upon several factors, including scale of mapping, intensity of mapping, design of map units, complexity of the landscape, and experience of the soil scientist. Observations are made to test and refine the soil-landscape model and predictions and to verify the classification of the soils at specific locations. Once the soil-landscape model is refined, a significantly smaller number of measurements of individual soil properties are made and recorded. These measurements may include field measurements, such as those for color, depth to bedrock, and texture, and laboratory measurements, such as those for content of sand, silt, clay, salt, and other components. Properties of each soil typically vary from one point to another across the landscape.

Observations for map unit components are aggregated to develop ranges of characteristics for the components. The aggregated values are presented. Direct measurements do not exist for every property presented for every map unit component. Values for some properties are estimated from combinations of other properties.

While a soil survey is in progress, samples of some of the soils in the area generally are collected for laboratory analyses and for engineering tests. Soil scientists interpret the data from these analyses and tests as well as the field-observed characteristics and the soil properties to determine the expected behavior of the soils under different uses. Interpretations for all of the soils are field tested through observation of the soils in different uses and under different levels of management. Some interpretations are modified to fit local conditions, and some new interpretations are developed to meet local needs. Data are assembled from other sources, such as research information, production records, and field experience of specialists. For example, data on crop yields under defined levels of management are assembled from farm records and from field or plot experiments on the same kinds of soil.

Predictions about soil behavior are based not only on soil properties but also on such variables as climate and biological activity. Soil conditions are predictable over long periods of time, but they are not predictable from year to year. For example, soil scientists can predict with a fairly high degree of accuracy that a given soil will have a high water table within certain depths in most years, but they cannot predict that a high water table will always be at a specific level in the soil on a specific date.

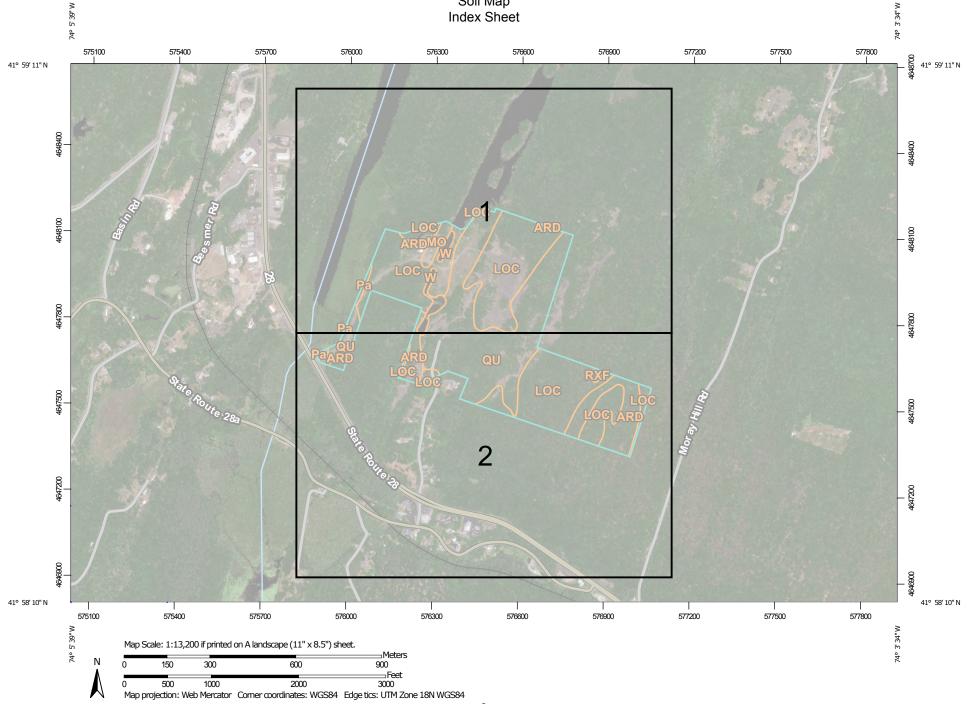
After soil scientists located and identified the significant natural bodies of soil in the survey area, they drew the boundaries of these bodies on aerial photographs and

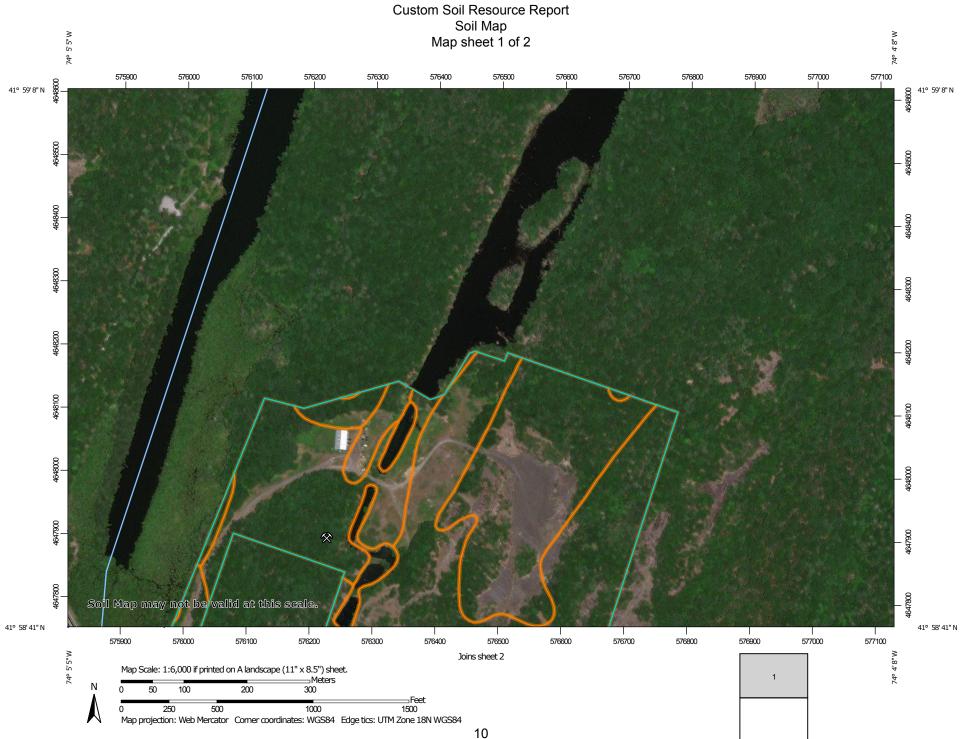
identified each as a specific map unit. Aerial photographs show trees, buildings, fields, roads, and rivers, all of which help in locating boundaries accurately.

Soil Map

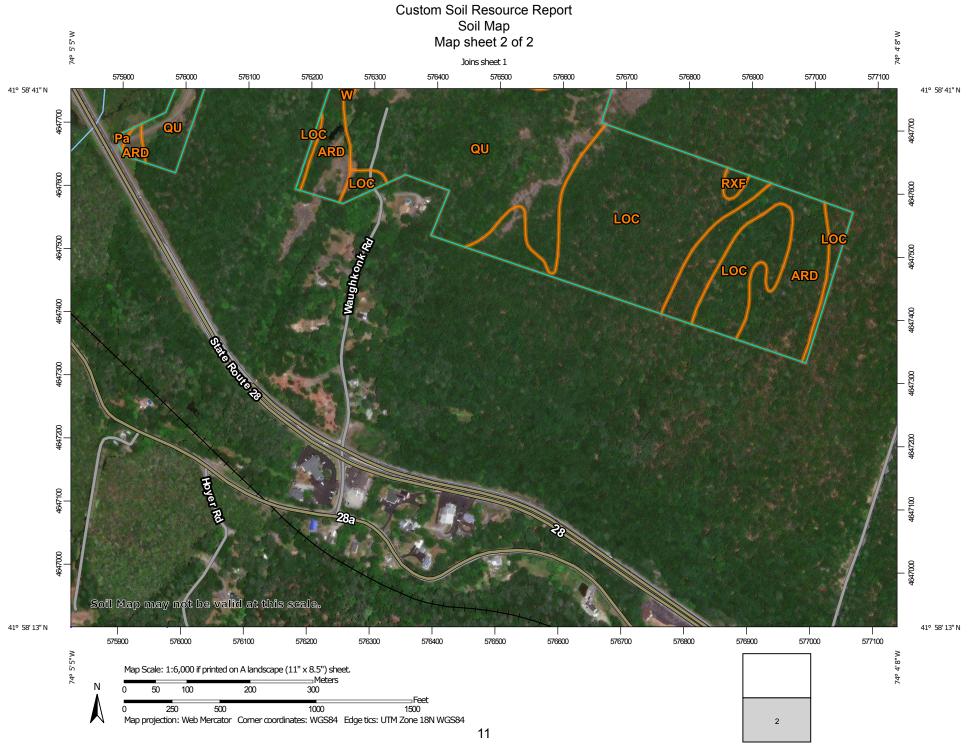
The soil map section includes the soil map for the defined area of interest, a list of soil map units on the map and extent of each map unit, and cartographic symbols displayed on the map. Also presented are various metadata about data used to produce the map, and a description of each soil map unit.

Custom Soil Resource Report Soil Map Index Sheet





Map Sheet Location



Map Sheet Location

	MAP LEGEND			MAP INFORMATION	
Area of In	Area of Interest (AOI) Area of Interest (AOI)		Spoil Area Stony Spot	The soil surveys that comprise your AOI were mapped at 1:15,800.	
Soils	Soil Map Unit Polygons	0 (0)	Very Stony Spot	Warning: Soil Map may not be valid at this scale.	
~	Soil Map Unit Lines	\$° ∆	Wet Spot Other	Enlargement of maps beyond the scale of mapping can cause	
Special	 Soil Map Unit Points Special Point Features Blowout 		Special Line Features	misunderstanding of the detail of mapping and accuracy of soil line placement. The maps do not show the small areas of contrasting soils that could have been shown at a more detailed	
•			itures Streams and Canals	scale.	
×	Borrow Pit Clay Spot	Transport	ation	Please rely on the bar scale on each map sheet for map	
Ô	Closed Depression	~	Rails Interstate Highways	measurements.	
X	Gravel Pit Gravelly Spot	~	US Routes	Source of Map: Natural Resources Conservation Service Web Soil Survey URL: Coordinate System: Web Mercator (EPSG:3857)	
 O	Landfill	~	Major Roads Local Roads	Maps from the Web Soil Survey are based on the Web Mercator	
A.	Lava Flow	Backgrou	ground	projection, which preserves direction and shape but distorts distance and area. A projection that preserves area, such as the	
يد ج	Marsh or swamp Mine or Quarry		Aerial Photography	Albers equal-area conic projection, should be used if more accurate calculations of distance or area are required.	
0	Miscellaneous Water			This product is generated from the USDA-NRCS certified data as of the version date(s) listed below.	
0	Perennial Water Rock Outcrop				
÷	Saline Spot			Soil Survey Area: Ulster County, New York Survey Area Data: Version 15, Oct 8, 2017	
0 0 0 0	Sandy Spot			Soil map units are labeled (as space allows) for map scales 1:50.000 or larger.	
۵ ۵	Severely Eroded Spot Sinkhole			Date(s) aerial images were photographed: Oct 7, 2013—Feb 26,	
≫	Slide or Slip			2017	
ø	Sodic Spot			The orthophoto or other base map on which the soil lines were compiled and digitized probably differs from the background imagery displayed on these maps. As a result, some minor shifting of map unit boundaries may be evident.	

Map Unit Symbol	Map Unit Name	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI		
ARD	Arnot-Lordstown-Rock outcrop complex, moderately steep	•			
LOC	Lordstown-Arnot-Rock outcrop complex, sloping	53.3	48.2%		
МО	Menlo very bouldery soils	1.6	1.4%		
Pa	Palms muck	0.5	0.4%		
QU	Quarry	40.6	36.7%		
RXF	Rock outcrop-Arnot complex, 25 to 70 percent slopes	0.3	0.3%		
W	Water	2.1	1.9%		
Totals for Area of Interest		110.7	100.0%		

Map Unit Legend

Map Unit Descriptions

The map units delineated on the detailed soil maps in a soil survey represent the soils or miscellaneous areas in the survey area. The map unit descriptions, along with the maps, can be used to determine the composition and properties of a unit.

A map unit delineation on a soil map represents an area dominated by one or more major kinds of soil or miscellaneous areas. A map unit is identified and named according to the taxonomic classification of the dominant soils. Within a taxonomic class there are precisely defined limits for the properties of the soils. On the landscape, however, the soils are natural phenomena, and they have the characteristic variability of all natural phenomena. Thus, the range of some observed properties may extend beyond the limits defined for a taxonomic class. Areas of soils of a single taxonomic class rarely, if ever, can be mapped without including areas of other taxonomic classes. Consequently, every map unit is made up of the soils or miscellaneous areas for which it is named and some minor components that belong to taxonomic classes other than those of the major soils.

Most minor soils have properties similar to those of the dominant soil or soils in the map unit, and thus they do not affect use and management. These are called noncontrasting, or similar, components. They may or may not be mentioned in a particular map unit description. Other minor components, however, have properties and behavioral characteristics divergent enough to affect use or to require different management. These are called contrasting, or dissimilar, components. They generally are in small areas and could not be mapped separately because of the scale used. Some small areas of strongly contrasting soils or miscellaneous areas are identified by a special symbol on the maps. If included in the database for a given area, the contrasting minor components are identified in the map unit descriptions along with some characteristics of each. A few areas of minor components may not have been observed, and consequently they are not mentioned in the descriptions, especially where the pattern was so complex that it

was impractical to make enough observations to identify all the soils and miscellaneous areas on the landscape.

The presence of minor components in a map unit in no way diminishes the usefulness or accuracy of the data. The objective of mapping is not to delineate pure taxonomic classes but rather to separate the landscape into landforms or landform segments that have similar use and management requirements. The delineation of such segments on the map provides sufficient information for the development of resource plans. If intensive use of small areas is planned, however, onsite investigation is needed to define and locate the soils and miscellaneous areas.

An identifying symbol precedes the map unit name in the map unit descriptions. Each description includes general facts about the unit and gives important soil properties and qualities.

Soils that have profiles that are almost alike make up a *soil series*. Except for differences in texture of the surface layer, all the soils of a series have major horizons that are similar in composition, thickness, and arrangement.

Soils of one series can differ in texture of the surface layer, slope, stoniness, salinity, degree of erosion, and other characteristics that affect their use. On the basis of such differences, a soil series is divided into *soil phases*. Most of the areas shown on the detailed soil maps are phases of soil series. The name of a soil phase commonly indicates a feature that affects use or management. For example, Alpha silt loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes, is a phase of the Alpha series.

Some map units are made up of two or more major soils or miscellaneous areas. These map units are complexes, associations, or undifferentiated groups.

A *complex* consists of two or more soils or miscellaneous areas in such an intricate pattern or in such small areas that they cannot be shown separately on the maps. The pattern and proportion of the soils or miscellaneous areas are somewhat similar in all areas. Alpha-Beta complex, 0 to 6 percent slopes, is an example.

An *association* is made up of two or more geographically associated soils or miscellaneous areas that are shown as one unit on the maps. Because of present or anticipated uses of the map units in the survey area, it was not considered practical or necessary to map the soils or miscellaneous areas separately. The pattern and relative proportion of the soils or miscellaneous areas are somewhat similar. Alpha-Beta association, 0 to 2 percent slopes, is an example.

An *undifferentiated group* is made up of two or more soils or miscellaneous areas that could be mapped individually but are mapped as one unit because similar interpretations can be made for use and management. The pattern and proportion of the soils or miscellaneous areas in a mapped area are not uniform. An area can be made up of only one of the major soils or miscellaneous areas, or it can be made up of all of them. Alpha and Beta soils, 0 to 2 percent slopes, is an example.

Some surveys include *miscellaneous areas*. Such areas have little or no soil material and support little or no vegetation. Rock outcrop is an example.

Ulster County, New York

ARD—Arnot-Lordstown-Rock outcrop complex, moderately steep

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: 9xfj Elevation: 750 to 1,800 feet Mean annual precipitation: 41 to 62 inches Mean annual air temperature: 41 to 50 degrees F Frost-free period: 110 to 200 days Farmland classification: Not prime farmland

Map Unit Composition

Arnot and similar soils: 35 percent Lordstown and similar soils: 30 percent Rock outcrop: 20 percent Minor components: 15 percent Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

Description of Arnot

Setting

Landform: Benches, ridges, hills Landform position (two-dimensional): Backslope Landform position (three-dimensional): Side slope Down-slope shape: Convex Across-slope shape: Convex Parent material: Loamy till derived mainly from acid sandstone, siltstone, and shale

Typical profile

O - 0 to 1 inches: moderately decomposed plant material

H1 - 1 to 4 inches: channery silt loam

H2 - 4 to 18 inches: very channery silt loam

H3 - 18 to 22 inches: unweathered bedrock

Properties and qualities

Slope: 15 to 35 percent
Depth to restrictive feature: 10 to 20 inches to lithic bedrock
Natural drainage class: Somewhat excessively drained
Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Very low (0.00 to 0.00 in/hr)
Depth to water table: More than 80 inches
Frequency of flooding: None
Frequency of ponding: None

Frequency of ponding: None

Available water storage in profile: Very low (about 2.2 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 7s Hydrologic Soil Group: D Hydric soil rating: No

Description of Lordstown

Setting

Landform: Hills, benches, ridges Landform position (two-dimensional): Backslope Landform position (three-dimensional): Side slope Down-slope shape: Convex Across-slope shape: Convex Parent material: Loamy till derived from sandstone and siltstone

Typical profile

O - 0 to 1 inches: moderately decomposed plant material

H1 - 1 to 5 inches: channery silt loam

H2 - 5 to 33 inches: channery silt loam

H3 - 33 to 37 inches: unweathered bedrock

Properties and qualities

Slope: 15 to 35 percent
Depth to restrictive feature: 20 to 40 inches to lithic bedrock
Natural drainage class: Well drained
Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Very low (0.00 to 0.00 in/hr)
Depth to water table: More than 80 inches
Frequency of flooding: None
Frequency of ponding: None
Available water storage in profile: Low (about 4.6 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 7s Hydrologic Soil Group: C Hydric soil rating: No

Description of Rock Outcrop

Typical profile

H1 - 0 to 60 inches: unweathered bedrock

Properties and qualities

Slope: 15 to 35 percent Depth to restrictive feature: 0 inches to lithic bedrock Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Very low (0.00 to 0.00 in/hr)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 7s Hydric soil rating: Unranked

Minor Components

Bath

Percent of map unit: 3 percent Hydric soil rating: No

Hoosic

Percent of map unit: 3 percent Hydric soil rating: No

Swartswood

Percent of map unit: 3 percent Hydric soil rating: No

Tuller

Percent of map unit: 3 percent Hydric soil rating: No

Valois

Percent of map unit: 3 percent Hydric soil rating: No

LOC—Lordstown-Arnot-Rock outcrop complex, sloping

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: 9xh5 Elevation: 750 to 1,800 feet Mean annual precipitation: 41 to 62 inches Mean annual air temperature: 41 to 50 degrees F Frost-free period: 110 to 200 days Farmland classification: Not prime farmland

Map Unit Composition

Lordstown and similar soils: 35 percent Arnot and similar soils: 25 percent Rock outcrop: 15 percent Minor components: 25 percent Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

Description of Lordstown

Setting

Landform: Ridges, hills, benches Landform position (two-dimensional): Shoulder Landform position (three-dimensional): Crest Down-slope shape: Convex Across-slope shape: Convex Parent material: Loamy till derived from sandstone and siltstone

Typical profile

O - 0 to 1 inches: moderately decomposed plant material *H1 - 1 to 5 inches:* channery silt loam *H2 - 5 to 33 inches:* channery silt loam *H3 - 33 to 37 inches:* unweathered bedrock

Properties and qualities

Slope: 3 to 15 percent *Depth to restrictive feature:* 20 to 40 inches to lithic bedrock Natural drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Very low (0.00 to 0.00 in/hr) Depth to water table: More than 80 inches

Frequency of flooding: None

Frequency of ponding: None

Available water storage in profile: Low (about 4.6 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 6s Hydrologic Soil Group: C Hydric soil rating: No

Description of Arnot

Setting

Landform: Benches, ridges, hills Landform position (two-dimensional): Shoulder Landform position (three-dimensional): Crest Down-slope shape: Convex Across-slope shape: Convex Parent material: Loamy till derived mainly from acid sandstone, siltstone, and shale

Typical profile

O - 0 to 1 inches: moderately decomposed plant material

H1 - 1 to 4 inches: channery silt loam

H2 - 4 to 18 inches: very channery silt loam

H3 - 18 to 22 inches: unweathered bedrock

Properties and qualities

Slope: 3 to 15 percent
Depth to restrictive feature: 10 to 20 inches to lithic bedrock
Natural drainage class: Somewhat excessively drained
Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Very low (0.00 to 0.00 in/hr)
Depth to water table: More than 80 inches
Frequency of flooding: None
Frequency of ponding: None
Available water storage in profile: Very low (about 2.2 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 6s Hydrologic Soil Group: D Hydric soil rating: No

Description of Rock Outcrop

Typical profile

H1 - 0 to 60 inches: unweathered bedrock

Properties and qualities

Slope: 3 to 15 percent Depth to restrictive feature: 0 inches to lithic bedrock Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Very low (0.00 to 0.00 in/hr)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 6s Hydric soil rating: Unranked

Minor Components

Bath

Percent of map unit: 5 percent Hydric soil rating: No

Odessa

Percent of map unit: 5 percent Hydric soil rating: No

Schoharie

Percent of map unit: 5 percent Hydric soil rating: No

Valois

Percent of map unit: 5 percent Hydric soil rating: No

Wurtsboro

Percent of map unit: 5 percent Hydric soil rating: No

MO—Menlo very bouldery soils

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: 9xhd Mean annual precipitation: 41 to 62 inches Mean annual air temperature: 41 to 50 degrees F Frost-free period: 110 to 200 days Farmland classification: Not prime farmland

Map Unit Composition

Menlo and similar soils: 80 percent *Minor components:* 20 percent *Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.*

Description of Menlo

Setting

Landform: Depressions Landform position (two-dimensional): Toeslope Landform position (three-dimensional): Base slope Down-slope shape: Concave Across-slope shape: Concave Parent material: Loamy till

Typical profile

O - 0 to 3 inches: moderately decomposed plant material

H1 - 3 to 5 inches: silt loam

H2 - 5 to 16 inches: gravelly fine sandy loam

H3 - 16 to 33 inches: gravelly fine sandy loam

H4 - 33 to 60 inches: gravelly fine sandy loam

Properties and qualities

Slope: 0 to 3 percent
Percent of area covered with surface fragments: 1.6 percent
Depth to restrictive feature: 12 to 25 inches to fragipan
Natural drainage class: Very poorly drained
Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately low to moderately high (0.06 to 0.20 in/hr)
Depth to water table: About 0 to 6 inches
Frequency of flooding: None
Frequency of ponding: Frequent
Available water storage in profile: Low (about 3.2 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 6s Hydrologic Soil Group: D Hydric soil rating: Yes

Minor Components

Atherton

Percent of map unit: 5 percent Landform: Depressions Hydric soil rating: Yes

Canandaigua

Percent of map unit: 5 percent Landform: Depressions Hydric soil rating: Yes

Lamson

Percent of map unit: 5 percent Landform: Depressions Hydric soil rating: Yes

Palms

Percent of map unit: 5 percent Landform: Swamps, marshes Hydric soil rating: Yes

Pa—Palms muck

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: 9xht Elevation: 250 to 1,500 feet Mean annual precipitation: 41 to 62 inches Mean annual air temperature: 41 to 50 degrees F Frost-free period: 110 to 200 days Farmland classification: Not prime farmland

Map Unit Composition

Palms and similar soils: 75 percent Minor components: 25 percent Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

Description of Palms

Setting

Landform: Swamps, marshes Landform position (two-dimensional): Toeslope Landform position (three-dimensional): Talf Down-slope shape: Concave Across-slope shape: Concave Parent material: Organic material over loamy glacial drift

Typical profile

H1 - 0 to 7 inches: muck H2 - 7 to 44 inches: muck H3 - 44 to 60 inches: sandy clay loam

Properties and qualities

Slope: 0 to 2 percent
Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches
Natural drainage class: Very poorly drained
Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high to high (0.20 to 1.98 in/hr)
Depth to water table: About 0 inches
Frequency of flooding: None
Frequency of ponding: Frequent
Calcium carbonate, maximum in profile: 20 percent
Available water storage in profile: Very high (about 20.5 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 5w Hydrologic Soil Group: A/D Hydric soil rating: Yes

Minor Components

Canandaigua

Percent of map unit: 5 percent Landform: Depressions Hydric soil rating: Yes

Carlisle

Percent of map unit: 5 percent Landform: Marshes, swamps Hydric soil rating: Yes

Lamson

Percent of map unit: 5 percent Landform: Depressions Hydric soil rating: Yes

Lyons

Percent of map unit: 5 percent Landform: Depressions Hydric soil rating: Yes

Wayland

Percent of map unit: 5 percent Landform: Flood plains Hydric soil rating: Yes

QU—Quarry

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: 9xj2 Mean annual precipitation: 41 to 62 inches Mean annual air temperature: 41 to 50 degrees F Frost-free period: 110 to 200 days Farmland classification: Not prime farmland

Map Unit Composition

Quarry: 80 percent *Minor components:* 20 percent *Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.*

Description of Quarry

Properties and qualities

Slope: 0 to 15 percent *Depth to restrictive feature:* 0 to 40 inches to lithic bedrock

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 8s Hydric soil rating: Unranked

Minor Components

Arnot

Percent of map unit: 5 percent Hydric soil rating: No

Lyons

Percent of map unit: 5 percent Landform: Depressions Hydric soil rating: Yes

Rock outcrop

Percent of map unit: 5 percent Hydric soil rating: Unranked

Udorthents

Percent of map unit: 5 percent Hydric soil rating: No

RXF—Rock outcrop-Arnot complex, 25 to 70 percent slopes

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: 2wbnb Elevation: 330 to 2,460 feet Mean annual precipitation: 31 to 70 inches Mean annual air temperature: 39 to 52 degrees F Frost-free period: 105 to 180 days Farmland classification: Not prime farmland

Map Unit Composition

Rock outcrop: 55 percent Arnot, extremely stony, and similar soils: 40 percent Minor components: 5 percent Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

Description of Rock Outcrop

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 8

Description of Arnot, Extremely Stony

Setting

Landform: Mountains, hills Landform position (two-dimensional): Backslope Landform position (three-dimensional): Mountaintop, mountainflank, free face, side slope, nose slope, free face Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear *Parent material:* Loamy till derived mainly from acid sandstone, siltstone, and shale

Typical profile

Oe - 0 to 1 inches: moderately decomposed plant material *A - 1 to 3 inches:* channery silt loam *Bw1 - 3 to 12 inches:* very channery silt loam *Bw2 - 12 to 17 inches:* very channery silt loam *2R - 17 to 27 inches:* bedrock

Properties and qualities

Slope: 25 to 70 percent
Percent of area covered with surface fragments: 10.0 percent
Depth to restrictive feature: 10 to 20 inches to lithic bedrock
Natural drainage class: Somewhat excessively drained
Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately low to moderately high (0.14 to 1.42 in/hr)
Depth to water table: More than 80 inches
Frequency of flooding: None
Frequency of ponding: None
Salinity, maximum in profile: Nonsaline (0.0 to 1.9 mmhos/cm)
Available water storage in profile: Very low (about 2.3 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 7s Hydrologic Soil Group: D Hydric soil rating: No

Minor Components

Lordstown, extremely stony

Percent of map unit: 5 percent Landform: Hills, mountains Landform position (two-dimensional): Backslope Landform position (three-dimensional): Mountainflank, side slope Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear Hydric soil rating: No

W—Water

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: 9xk9 Mean annual precipitation: 41 to 62 inches Mean annual air temperature: 41 to 50 degrees F Frost-free period: 110 to 200 days Farmland classification: Not prime farmland

Map Unit Composition

Water: 100 percent *Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.*

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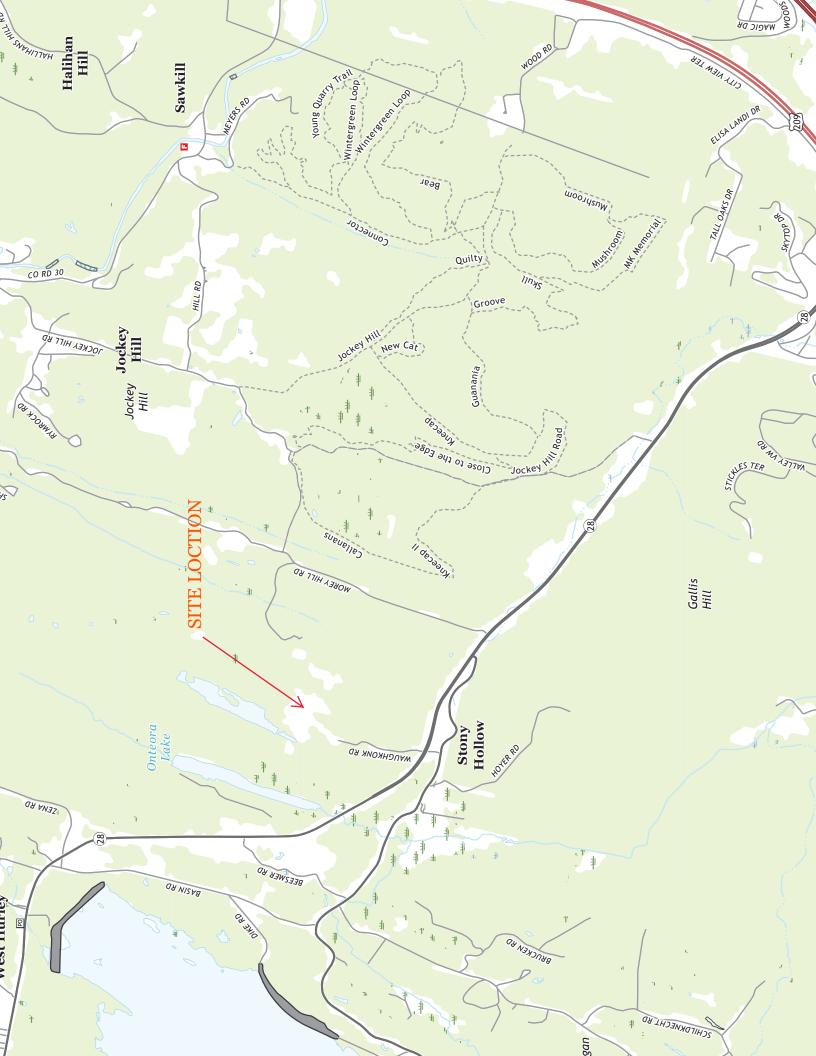
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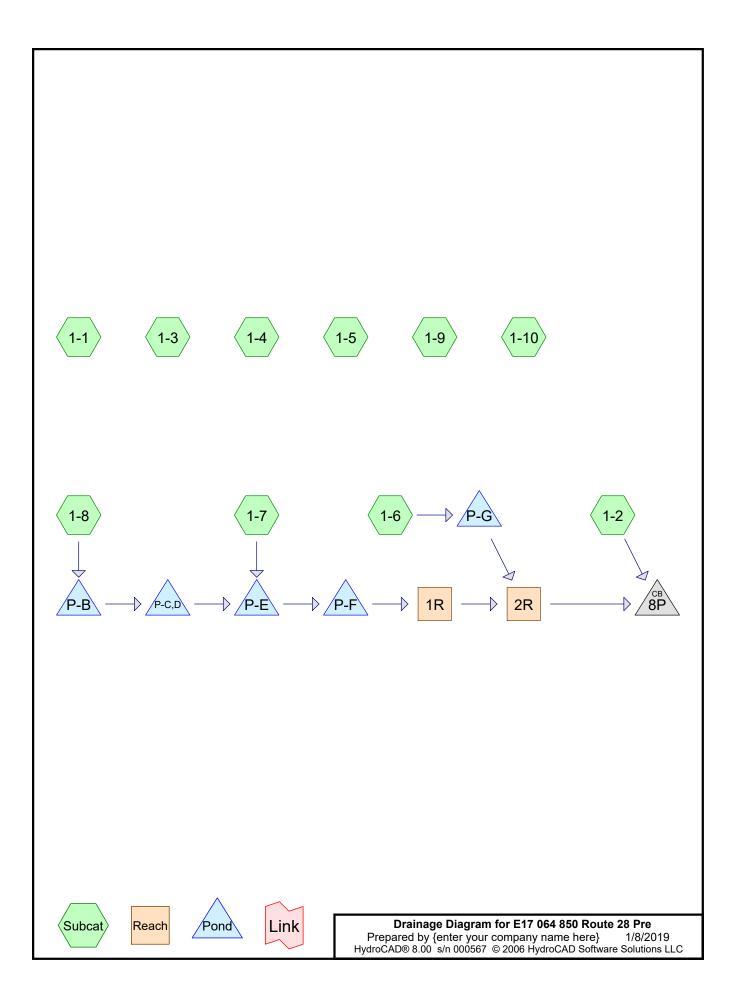
Appendix H.3

Site Vicinity Map



Appendix H.5 & H.6

HydroCAD Calculations And Drainage Area Maps



Area Listing (all nodes)

<u>Area (acres)</u>	<u>CN</u>	Description (subcats)
0.944	79	50-75% Grass cover, Fair, HSG C (1-1)
18.043	82	Woods/grass comb., Fair, HSG D (1-10,1-7)
46.569	82	Woods/grass comb., Poor, HSG C (1-4,1-5,1-6)
0.121	86	Grass Area around ponds (1-7)
15.356	86	Woods over rock (1-10,1-9)
31.248	86	Woods/grass comb., Poor, HSG D (1-1,1-2,1-3)
0.607	89	<50% Grass cover, Poor, HSG D (1-2)
2.948	91	Gravel roads, HSG D (1-1,1-6)
15.147	91	Rubble with trees (1-7)
4.591	91	Woods over rock (1-8)
1.992	91	Woods/grass comb., Poor, HSG D (1-6)
20.839	98	Bare Rock (1-10,1-7,1-8,1-9)
0.312	98	Bare Rock and Water (1-2)
1.570	98	Paved parking & roofs (1-1)
2.332	98	Water (1-6,1-7,1-8)
162.619		

E17 064 850 Route 28 Pre	Type III 24-hr 1 Year Rainfall=2.70"
Prepared by {enter your company name here}	Page 3
HydroCAD® 8.00 s/n 000567 © 2006 HydroCAD Software Solut	
Time span=0.00-48.00 hrs, dt=0. Runoff by SCS TR-20 metl Reach routing by Stor-Ind+Trans method - F	hod, UH=SCS
Subcatchment 1-1: 1-1 (Design Point #1)	Runoff Area=1,055,792 sf Runoff Depth=1.48"
Flow Length=575'	Tc=29.9 min CN=87 Runoff=23.79 cfs 2.989 af
Subcatchment 1-10: 1-10 (Design Point #7)	Runoff Area=957,026 sf Runoff Depth=1.41"
Flow Length=1,538'	Tc=43.0 min CN=86 Runoff=17.16 cfs 2.579 af
Subcatchment 1-2: 1-2	Runoff Area=464,367 sf Runoff Depth=1.48"
Flow Length=500'	Tc=17.2 min CN=87 Runoff=13.25 cfs 1.315 af
Subcatchment 1-3: 1-3 (Design Point #3)	Runoff Area=85,780 sf Runoff Depth=1.41"
Flow Length=270	' Tc=16.3 min CN=86 Runoff=2.38 cfs 0.231 af
Subcatchment 1-4: 1-4 (Design Point #4)	Runoff Area=370,700 sf Runoff Depth=1.15"
Flow Length=930	' Tc=59.7 min CN=82 Runoff=4.43 cfs 0.814 af
Subcatchment 1-5: 1-5) (Design Point #5)	Runoff Area=1,295,601 sf Runoff Depth=1.15"
Flow Length=1,602'	Tc=55.2 min CN=82 Runoff=16.18 cfs 2.843 af
Subcatchment 1-6: 1-6	Runoff Area=488,582 sf Runoff Depth=1.27"
Flow Length=500'	Tc=17.2 min CN=84 Runoff=11.92 cfs 1.190 af
Subcatchment 1-7: 1-7	Runoff Area=1,246,456 sf Runoff Depth=1.71"
Flow Length=1,765'	Tc=12.2 min CN=90 Runoff=46.78 cfs 4.079 af
Subcatchment 1-8: 1-8	Runoff Area=754,946 sf Runoff Depth=2.26"
Flow Length=1,470	' Tc=6.4 min CN=96 Runoff=42.58 cfs 3.260 af
Subcatchment 1-9: 1-9 (Design Point #8)	Runoff Area=364,441 sf Runoff Depth=1.48"
Flow Length=1,300	' Tc=35.8 min CN=87 Runoff=7.54 cfs 1.032 af
÷ ·	0.58' Max Vel=5.57 fps Inflow=38.11 cfs 3.236 af Capacity=357.02 cfs Outflow=37.93 cfs 3.236 af
Reach 2R: Reach to Route 28 (Design Point Avg. Depth=0	.90' Max Vel=2.54 fps Inflow=37.93 cfs 3.378 af
n=0.030 L=1,000.0' S=0.0040 '/'	Capacity=126.22 cfs Outflow=29.06 cfs 3.378 af
Pond 8P: Road Culvert Storage	Peak Elev=657.19' Inflow=36.13 cfs 4.693 af 12.0" x 160.0' Culvert Outflow=36.13 cfs 4.693 af
Pond P-B: Pond B Peak Elev=459.8	2' Storage=126,579 cf Inflow=42.58 cfs 3.260 af Outflow=0.85 cfs 0.377 af
Pond P-C,D: Pond C and D Peak Elev=	456.03' Storage=635 cf Inflow=0.85 cfs 0.377 af Outflow=0.83 cfs 0.377 af

E17 064 850 Route 28 Pre Prepared by {enter your company name HydroCAD® 8.00 s/n 000567 © 2006 HydroCA	
Pond P-E: Pond E	Peak Elev=456.40' Storage=40,156 cf Inflow=46.78 cfs 4.456 af
	Outflow=45.08 cfs 3.710 af
Pond P-F: Pond E	Peak Elev=455.36' Storage=47,142 cf Inflow=45.08 cfs 3.710 af
	Outflow=38.11 cfs 3.236 af
Pond P-G: Pond G	Peak Elev=459.81' Storage=45,644 cf Inflow=11.92 cfs 1.190 af
	Outflow=0.75 cfs 0.142 af
Total Runoff Area = 162.619 ac	c Runoff Volume = 20.333 af Average Runoff Depth = 1.50"

Total Runoff Area = 162.619 ac Runoff Volume = 20.333 af Average Runoff Depth = 1.50" 84.59% Pervious Area = 137.566 ac 15.41% Impervious Area = 25.053 ac Prepared by {enter your company name here} HydroCAD® 8.00 s/n 000567 © 2006 HydroCAD Software Solutions LLC

Subcatchment 1-1: 1-1 (Design Point #1)

Runoff = 23.79 cfs @ 12.42 hrs, Volume= 2.989 af, Depth= 1.48"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 1 Year Rainfall=2.70"

A	rea (sf)	CN E	Description				
8	51,042	86 V	86 Woods/grass comb., Poor, HSG D				
	68,407	98 F	aved park	ing & roofs			
	95,207		Gravel road	,			
	41,136	79 5	0-75% Gra	ass cover, F	Fair, HSG C		
1,0	55,792	87 V	Veighted A	verage			
9	87,385	F	Pervious Ar	ea			
	68,407	l	mpervious	Area			
_							
Tc	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description		
(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)			
25.2	150	0.0270	0.10		Sheet Flow, Ridge		
					Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.50"		
3.6	325	0.0920	1.52		Shallow Concentrated Flow,		
					Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps		
0.4	70	0.0280	2.69		Shallow Concentrated Flow,		
					Unpaved Kv= 16.1 fps		
0.7	30	0.0230	0.76		Shallow Concentrated Flow,		
					Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps		
29.9	575	Total					

Subcatchment 1-10: 1-10 (Design Point #7)

Runoff = 17.16 cfs @ 12.61 hrs, Volume= 2.579 af, Depth= 1.41"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 1 Year Rainfall=2.70"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
342,945	86	Woods over rock
452,081	82	Woods/grass comb., Fair, HSG D
162,000	98	Bare Rock
957,026	86	Weighted Average
795,026		Pervious Area
162,000		Impervious Area

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Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
15.6	100	0.0400	0.11		Sheet Flow,
					Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.50"
0.1	20	0.3500	2.96		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
					Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
22.5	1,110	0.0270	0.82		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
					Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
4.8	308	0.0450	1.06		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
					Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps

43.0 1,538 Total

Subcatchment 1-2: 1-2

Runoff = 13.25 cfs @ 12.24 hrs, Volume= 1.315 af, Depth= 1.48"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 1 Year Rainfall=2.70"

A	rea (sf)	CN E	Description		
4	24,327	86 V	Voods/gras	s comb., P	Poor, HSG D
	13,600	98 E	Bare Rock a	and Water	
	26,440	89 <	50% Gras	s cover, Po	or, HSG D
4	64,367	87 V	Veighted A	verage	
4	50,767	-	Pervious Ar		
	13,600	li	mpervious	Area	
Тс	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description
(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)	Description
13.6	150	0.1250	0.18	(013)	Sheet Flow, Ridge
15.0	150	0.1230	0.10		Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.50"
0.7	100	0.2500	2.50		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
•		0.2000			Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
2.9	250	0.0800	1.41		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Steep Slope
					Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
17.2	500	Total			

Subcatchment 1-3: 1-3 (Design Point #3)

Runoff = 2.38 cfs @ 12.23 hrs, Volume= 0.231 af, Depth= 1.41"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 1 Year Rainfall=2.70"

 Area (sf)	CN	Description
85,780	86	Woods/grass comb., Poor, HSG D
85,780		Pervious Area

Type III 24-hr 1 Year Rainfall=2.70" Page 6 C 1/8/2019

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Type III 24-hr 1 Year Rainfall=2.70" Page 7 C 1/8/2019

	Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
	11.3	58	0.0300	0.09		Sheet Flow, Ridge Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.50"
	0.6	62	0.1300	1.80		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
	4.4	150	0.0130	0.57		Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps Shallow Concentrated Flow, Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
-	16.3	270	Total			

Subcatchment 1-4: 1-4 (Design Point #4)

Runoff = 4.43 cfs @ 12.81 hrs, Volume= 0.814 af, Depth= 1.15"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 1 Year Rainfall=2.70"

A	rea (sf)	CN D	escription		
3	570,700	82 V	Voods/gras	s comb., P	Poor, HSG C
3	570,700	P	Pervious Ar	ea	
Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
33.7	150	0.0130	0.07		Sheet Flow, Ridge
26.0	780	0.0100	0.50		Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.50" Shallow Concentrated Flow, Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
59.7	930	Total			

Subcatchment 1-5: 1-5) (Design Point #5)

Runoff = 16.18 cfs @ 12.76 hrs, Volume=	2.843 af, Depth= 1.15"
---	------------------------

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 1 Year Rainfall=2.70"

 Area (sf)	CN	Description
1,295,601	82	Woods/grass comb., Poor, HSG C
 1,295,601		Pervious Area

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Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
21.5	150	0.0400	0.12		Sheet Flow, Ridge
					Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.50"
14.1	642	0.0230	0.76		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
					Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
1.5	120	0.0750	1.37		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
					Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
15.0	450	0.0100	0.50		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
					Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
3.1	240	0.0660	1.28		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
					Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps

55.2 1,602 Total

Subcatchment 1-6: 1-6

Runoff	=	11.92 cfs @	12.25 hrs,	Volume=	1.190 af,Depth= 1.27"
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Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 1 Year Rainfall=2.70"

A	rea (sf)	CN E	Description		
3	362,256	82 V	Voods/gras	ss comb., P	Poor, HSG C
	86,776	91 V	Voods/gras	ss comb., P	Poor, HSG D
	6,322	98 V	Vater		
	33,228	91 0	Gravel road	ls, HSG D	
4	88,582	84 V	Veighted A	verage	
4	82,260	F	Pervious Ar	ea	
	6,322	li	mpervious	Area	
Tc	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description
(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)	
13.6	150	0.1250	0.18		Sheet Flow, Ridge
					Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.50"
0.7	100	0.2500	2.50		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
					Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
2.9	250	0.0800	1.41		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Steep Slope
					Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
17.2	500	Total			

Subcatchment 1-7: 1-7

Runoff = 46.78 cfs @ 12.16 hrs, Volume= 4.079 af, Depth= 1.71'
--

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 1 Year Rainfall=2.70"

Type III 24-hr 1 Year Rainfall=2.70" Page 8

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 Type III 24-hr 1 Year Rainfall=2.70"

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	A	rea (sf)	CN [Description		
-	6	59,790	91 F	Rubble with	trees	
	3	33,851	82 V	Voods/gras	s comb., F	air, HSG D
		61,264	98 V	Vater		
	1	86,280	98 E	Bare Rock		
_		5,271	86 (Grass Area	around por	nds
	1,2	46,456	90 V	Veighted A	verage	
	9	98,912	F	Pervious Ar	ea	
	2	47,544	I	mpervious	Area	
	_		-			
	ŢĊ	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description
-	(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)	
	0.8	150	0.1100	3.09		Sheet Flow, Ridge
	4.0					Smooth surfaces n= 0.011 P2= 3.50"
	1.0	220	0.0300	3.52		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
	0.4	000	0 0000	4 70		Paved Kv= 20.3 fps
	2.1	220	0.0300	1.73		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Steep Slope
	2.0	250	0.0120	1.10		Nearly Bare & Untilled Kv= 10.0 fps
	3.8	250	0.0120	1.10		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Nearly Bare & Untilled Kv= 10.0 fps
	2.3	375	0.0750	2.74		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
	2.0	575	0.0750	2.14		Nearly Bare & Untilled Kv= 10.0 fps
	2.2	550	0.0650	4.10		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
	2.2	000	5.0000			Unpaved Kv= 16.1 fps
-	10.0	4 705	Tatal			

12.2 1,765 Total

Subcatchment 1-8: 1-8

Runoff = 42.58 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume= 3.260 af, Depth= 2.26"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 1 Year Rainfall=2.70"

A	rea (sf)	CN E	Description		
2	200,000	91 V	Voods ove	r rock	
	34,000	98 V	Vater		
5	520,946	98 E	Bare Rock		
7	′54,946	96 V	Veighted A	verage	
2	200,000	F	Pervious Ar	ea	
5	54,946	li	mpervious	Area	
_				_	
Тс	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description
(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)	
0.8	150	0.1330	3.33		Sheet Flow,
					Smooth surfaces n= 0.011 P2= 3.50"
3.1	935	0.0620	5.05		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
					Paved Kv= 20.3 fps
2.5	385	0.0250	2.55		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
					Unpaved Kv= 16.1 fps
6.4	1,470	Total			

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Subcatchment 1-9: 1-9 (Design Point #8)

Runoff = 7.54 cfs @ 12.49 hrs, Volume= 1.032 af, Depth= 1.48"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 1 Year Rainfall=2.70"

_	A	rea (sf)	CN D	Description		
		25,941				
_		38,500	98 E	are Rock		
		64,441		Veighted A		
		25,941		Pervious Ar		
		38,500	Ir	mpervious	Area	
	-				o "	
	Tc	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description
_	(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)	
	16.9	150	0.0730	0.15		Sheet Flow,
						Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.50"
	5.3	300	0.0360	0.95		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
						Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
	8.7	520	0.0400	1.00		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
						Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
	1.2	160	0.2000	2.24		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
						Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
	3.7	170	0.0230	0.76		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
						Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
_	05.0	1 0 0 0	T ()			

35.8 1,300 Total

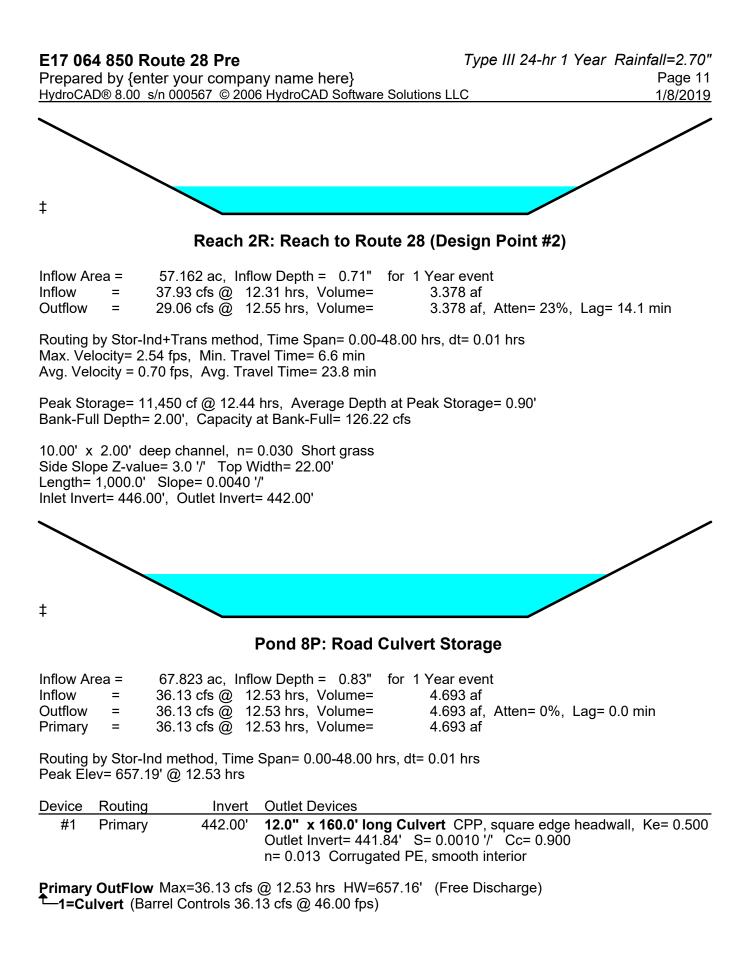
Reach 1R: Reach between Pond F and G

Inflow Area	a =	45.946 ac, Inflow Depth =	0.85" for 1 \	Year event
Inflow	=	38.11 cfs @ 12.29 hrs, Vol	ume=	3.236 af
Outflow	=	37.93 cfs @ 12.31 hrs, Vol	ume=	3.236 af, Atten= 0%, Lag= 1.3 min

Routing by Stor-Ind+Trans method, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Max. Velocity= 5.57 fps, Min. Travel Time= 0.7 min Avg. Velocity = 1.75 fps, Avg. Travel Time= 2.4 min

Peak Storage= 1,704 cf @ 12.30 hrs, Average Depth at Peak Storage= 0.58' Bank-Full Depth= 2.00', Capacity at Bank-Full= 357.02 cfs

10.00' x 2.00' deep channel, n= 0.030 Short grass Side Slope Z-value= 3.0 '/' Top Width= 22.00' Length= 250.0' Slope= 0.0320 '/' Inlet Invert= 454.00', Outlet Invert= 446.00'



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Pond P-B: Pond B

Inflow Area =	17.331 ac, Inflow Depth = 2.26"	for 1 Year event
Inflow =	42.58 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume=	3.260 af
Outflow =	0.85 cfs @ 17.60 hrs, Volume=	0.377 af, Atten= 98%, Lag= 330.8 min
Primary =	0.85 cfs @ 17.60 hrs, Volume=	0.377 af

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Starting Elev= 358.00' Surf.Area= 0 sf Storage= 0 cf Peak Elev= 459.82' @ 17.60 hrs Surf.Area= 40,608 sf Storage= 126,579 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 693.6 min calculated for 0.377 af (12% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 432.2 min (1,211.6 - 779.4)

Volume	Inv	ert Avail.Sto	rage S	Storage D	escription	
#1	456.0	00' 229,1	00 cf 🛛	Custom S	tage Data (Pr	ismatic)Listed below (Recalc)
Elevatic (fee 456.0 458.0 459.8 460.0 462.0)0)0)0 30)0	Surf.Area (sq-ft) 25,000 34,000 40,000 45,000 50,000	(cubic- 59 66 8	Store feet) 0 0,000 5,600 5,500 0,000	Cum.Store (cubic-feet) 0 59,000 125,600 134,100 229,100	
Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet	Devices		
#1	Primary	459.80'	Head	(feet) 1.9	file 10) Broad 7 2.46 2.95 3.51 3.48 3.4	

Primary OutFlow Max=0.66 cfs @ 17.60 hrs HW=459.82' (Free Discharge) **1=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir** (Weir Controls 0.66 cfs @ 0.55 fps)

Pond P-C,D: Pond C and D

Inflow Area =	17.331 ac, Inflow Depth = 0.26"	for 1 Year event
Inflow =	0.85 cfs @ 17.60 hrs, Volume=	0.377 af
Outflow =	0.83 cfs @ 17.90 hrs, Volume=	0.377 af, Atten= 3%, Lag= 17.8 min
Primary =	0.83 cfs @ 17.90 hrs, Volume=	0.377 af

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Starting Elev= 357.00' Surf.Area= 0 sf Storage= 0 cf Peak Elev= 456.03' @ 17.90 hrs Surf.Area= 20,189 sf Storage= 635 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 12.8 min calculated for 0.377 af (100% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 12.8 min (1,224.4 - 1,211.6)

Volume	Invert	Avail.Storage	Storage Description
#1	456.00'	214,000 cf	Custom Stage Data (Prismatic)Listed below (Recalc)

Type III 24-hr 1 Year Rainfall=2.70" Page 13 C 1/8/2019

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Elevation (feet)	Surf.Area (sq-ft)	Inc.Store (cubic-feet)	Cum.Store (cubic-feet)
456.00	20,000	0	0
458.00	32,000	52,000	52,000
460.00	40,000	72,000	124,000
462.00	50,000	90,000	214,000

Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1	Primary	456.00'	40.0' long x 15.0' breadth Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir Head (feet) 0.20 0.40 0.60 0.80 1.00 1.20 1.40 1.60 Coef. (English) 2.68 2.70 2.70 2.64 2.63 2.64 2.64 2.63

Primary OutFlow Max=0.60 cfs @ 17.90 hrs HW=456.03' (Free Discharge) **1=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir** (Weir Controls 0.60 cfs @ 0.48 fps)

Pond P-E: Pond E

Inflow Area =	45.946 ac, Inflow Depth = 1.16"	for 1 Year event
Inflow =	46.78 cfs @ 12.16 hrs, Volume=	4.456 af
Outflow =	45.08 cfs @ 12.20 hrs, Volume=	3.710 af, Atten= 4%, Lag= 2.2 min
Primary =	45.08 cfs @ 12.20 hrs, Volume=	3.710 af

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Peak Elev= 456.40' @ 12.20 hrs Surf.Area= 19,409 sf Storage= 40,156 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 124.4 min calculated for 3.710 af (83% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 44.2 min (897.9 - 853.6)

Volume	١n	vert Avail.S	torage	Storage	Description	
#1	454.	.00' 127	,000 cf	Custom	Stage Data (P	rismatic)Listed below (Recalc)
Elevatio (fee		Surf.Area (sq-ft)		c.Store c-feet)	Cum.Store (cubic-feet)	
454.0	00	14,000		0	0	
456.0	00	18,500	;	32,500	32,500	
458.0	00	23,000		41,500	74,000	
460.0	00	30,000		53,000	127,000	
Device	Routing			et Device	-	
#1	Primary	456.0	Hea	d (feet) 1	.97 2.46 2.95) 3.51 3.48 3	

Primary OutFlow Max=45.05 cfs @ 12.20 hrs HW=456.40' (Free Discharge) —1=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir (Weir Controls 45.05 cfs @ 2.23 fps)

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Pond P-F: Pond E

Inflow Area =	45.946 ac, Inflow Depth = 0.97"	for 1 Year event
Inflow =	45.08 cfs @ 12.20 hrs, Volume=	3.710 af
Outflow =	38.11 cfs @ 12.29 hrs, Volume=	3.236 af, Atten= 15%, Lag= 5.4 min
Primary =	38.11 cfs @ 12.29 hrs, Volume=	3.236 af

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Starting Elev= 453.60' Surf.Area= 13,600 sf Storage= 20,480 cf Peak Elev= 455.36' @ 12.29 hrs Surf.Area= 17,063 sf Storage= 47,142 cf (26,662 cf above start)

Plug-Flow detention time= 171.7 min calculated for 2.766 af (75% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 30.2 min (928.0 - 897.9)

Volume	Inv	ert Avail.Sto	orage	Storage [Description	
#1	452.0	00' 153,0	00 cf	Custom	Stage Data (Pi	rismatic)Listed below (Recalc)
Elevatio (fee 452.0 454.0 456.0 458.0 460.0)0)0)0)0)0	Surf.Area (sq-ft) 12,000 14,000 18,500 23,000 30,000	(cubio 2 3 4	.Store <u>c-feet)</u> 0 26,000 32,500 41,500 53,000	Cum.Store (cubic-feet) 0 26,000 58,500 100,000 153,000	
Device	Routing	Invert	Outle	et Devices		
#1	Primary	455.00'	Hea	d (feet) 1.9	ofile 10) Broad 97 2.46 2.95 3.51 3.48 3.	

Primary OutFlow Max=38.10 cfs @ 12.29 hrs HW=455.36' (Free Discharge) **1=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir** (Weir Controls 38.10 cfs @ 2.11 fps)

Pond P-G: Pond G

Inflow Area	=	11.216 ac, Inflow Depth = 1.27"	for 1 Year event
Inflow	=	11.92 cfs @ 12.25 hrs, Volume=	1.190 af
Outflow	=	0.75 cfs @ 18.30 hrs, Volume=	0.142 af, Atten= 94%, Lag= 363.3 min
Primary	=	0.75 cfs @ 18.30 hrs, Volume=	0.142 af

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Peak Elev= 459.81' @ 18.30 hrs Surf.Area= 11,000 sf Storage= 45,644 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 569.7 min calculated for 0.142 af (12% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 411.4 min (1,259.4 - 848.0)

Volume	Invert	Avail.Storage	Storage Description
#1	444.00'	45,644 cf	Custom Stage Data (Prismatic)Listed below (Recalc)

 Type III 24-hr 1 Year Rainfall=2.70"

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Elevatio (fee		Surf.Area (sq-ft)	Inc.Store (cubic-feet)	Cum.Store (cubic-feet)	
444.(00	5,000	0	0	
446.0	00	6,322	11,322	11,322	
448.0	00	8,500	14,822	26,144	
450.0	00	11,000	19,500	45,644	
Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices		
#1	Primary	459.80'	50.0' long (Pro Head (feet) 1.9 Coef. (English)	7 2.46 2.95 3	

Primary OutFlow Max=0.19 cfs @ 18.30 hrs HW=459.81' (Free Discharge) —1=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir (Weir Controls 0.19 cfs @ 0.36 fps)

E17 064 850 Route 28 Pre	Type III 24-hr 10 Year Rainfall=5.00" Page 16
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Runoff by S	48.00 hrs, dt=0.01 hrs, 4801 points CS TR-20 method, UH=SCS ans method - Pond routing by Stor-Ind method
Subcatchment 1-1: 1-1 (Design Point #1) Flo	Runoff Area=1,055,792 sf Runoff Depth=3.57" w Length=575' Tc=29.9 min CN=87 Runoff=56.72 cfs 7.205 af
Subcatchment 1-10: 1-10 (Design Point #7 Flow	7) Runoff Area=957,026 sf Runoff Depth=3.47" v Length=1,538' Tc=43.0 min CN=86 Runoff=42.07 cfs 6.348 af
Subcatchment 1-2: 1-2	Runoff Area=464,367 sf Runoff Depth=3.57" w Length=500' Tc=17.2 min CN=87 Runoff=31.51 cfs 3.169 af
Subcatchment 1-3: 1-3 (Design Point #3) F	Runoff Area=85,780 sf Runoff Depth=3.47" low Length=270' Tc=16.3 min CN=86 Runoff=5.81 cfs 0.569 af
Subcatchment 1-4: 1-4 (Design Point #4) Flo	Runoff Area=370,700 sf Runoff Depth=3.08" ow Length=930' Tc=59.7 min CN=82 Runoff=12.17 cfs 2.184 af
Subcatchment 1-5: 1-5) (Design Point #5) Flow	Runoff Area=1,295,601 sf Runoff Depth=3.08" / Length=1,602' Tc=55.2 min CN=82 Runoff=44.28 cfs 7.632 af
Subcatchment 1-6: 1-6	Runoff Area=488,582 sf Runoff Depth=3.27" ow Length=500' Tc=17.2 min CN=84 Runoff=30.68 cfs 3.057 af
Subcatchment 1-7: 1-7 Flow	Runoff Area=1,246,456 sf Runoff Depth=3.88" Length=1,765' Tc=12.2 min CN=90 Runoff=103.05 cfs 9.243 af
Subcatchment 1-8: 1-8 Flo	Runoff Area=754,946 sf Runoff Depth=4.53" w Length=1,470' Tc=6.4 min CN=96 Runoff=82.26 cfs 6.546 af
Subcatchment 1-9: 1-9 (Design Point #8) Flow	Runoff Area=364,441 sf Runoff Depth=3.57" / Length=1,300' Tc=35.8 min CN=87 Runoff=17.95 cfs 2.487 af
	Avg. Depth=1.11' Max Vel=8.09 fps Inflow=120.45 cfs 11.686 af S=0.0320 '/' Capacity=357.02 cfs Outflow=120.33 cfs 11.686 af
	Avg. Depth=2.09' Max Vel=4.04 fps Inflow=154.69 cfs 13.697 af S=0.0040 '/' Capacity=126.22 cfs Outflow=137.36 cfs 13.697 af
Pond 8P: Road Culvert Storage	Peak Elev=4,615.25' Inflow=159.40 cfs 16.866 af 12.0" x 160.0' Culvert Outflow=159.40 cfs 16.866 af
Pond P-B: Pond B	Peak Elev=460.20' Storage=143,113 cf Inflow=82.26 cfs 6.546 af Outflow=44.27 cfs 3.663 af
Pond P-C,D: Pond C and D	Peak Elev=456.51' Storage=10,932 cf Inflow=44.27 cfs 3.663 af Outflow=39.14 cfs 3.663 af

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Pond P-E: Pond E	Peak Elev=456.78' Storage=47,684 cf Inflow=123.65 cfs 12	.906 af
	Outflow=121.76 cfs 12	.160 af
Pond P-F: Pond E	Peak Elev=455.78' Storage=54,443 cf Inflow=121.76 cfs 12	.160 af
	Outflow=120.45 cfs 11	.686 af
Pond P-G: Pond G	Peak Elev=460.14' Storage=45,644 cf Inflow=30.68 cfs 3	.057 af
	Outflow=35.12 cfs 2	.011 af
Total Runoff Area = 162.619	9 ac Runoff Volume = 48.440 af Average Runoff Depth	า = 3.57"

Total Runoff Area = 162.619 ac Runoff Volume = 48.440 af Average Runoff Depth = 3.57" 84.59% Pervious Area = 137.566 ac 15.41% Impervious Area = 25.053 ac

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Subcatchment 1-1: 1-1 (Design Point #1)

Runoff = 56.72 cfs @ 12.39 hrs, Volume= 7.205 af, Depth= 3.57"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 10 Year Rainfall=5.00"

A	rea (sf)	CN E	Description							
8	51,042	86 V	Woods/grass comb., Poor, HSG D							
	68,407	98 F	Paved park	ing & roofs						
	95,207		Gravel road	,						
	41,136	79 5	50-75% Gra	ass cover, F	Fair, HSG C					
1,0	55,792	87 V	Veighted A	verage						
9	87,385	F	Pervious Ar	ea						
	68,407	I	mpervious	Area						
_				_						
Tc	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description					
(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)						
25.2	150	0.0270	0.10		Sheet Flow, Ridge					
					Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.50"					
3.6	325	0.0920	1.52		Shallow Concentrated Flow,					
					Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps					
0.4	70	0.0280	2.69		Shallow Concentrated Flow,					
					Unpaved Kv= 16.1 fps					
0.7	30	0.0230	0.76		Shallow Concentrated Flow,					
					Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps					
29.9	575	Total								

Subcatchment 1-10: 1-10 (Design Point #7)

Runoff = 42.07 cfs @ 12.57 hrs, Volume= 6.348 af, Depth= 3.47"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 10 Year Rainfall=5.00"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
342,945	86	Woods over rock
452,081	82	Woods/grass comb., Fair, HSG D
162,000	98	Bare Rock
957,026	86	Weighted Average
795,026		Pervious Area
162,000		Impervious Area

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_	Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
	15.6	100	0.0400	0.11		Sheet Flow,
						Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.50"
	0.1	20	0.3500	2.96		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
						Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
	22.5	1,110	0.0270	0.82		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
						Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
	4.8	308	0.0450	1.06		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
_						Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps

43.0 1,538 Total

Subcatchment 1-2: 1-2

Runoff = 31.51 cfs @ 12.23 hrs, Volume= 3.169 af, Depth= 3.57"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 10 Year Rainfall=5.00"

A	rea (sf)	CN E	Description						
4	424,327 86 Woods/grass comb., Poor, HSG D								
	13,600	98 E	Bare Rock a	and Water					
	26,440	89 <	50% Gras	s cover, Po	or, HSG D				
4	64,367	87 V	Veighted A	verage					
4	50,767	F	Pervious Ar	ea					
	13,600	l	mpervious	Area					
_									
Tc	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description				
<u>(min)</u>	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)					
13.6	150	0.1250	0.18		Sheet Flow, Ridge				
					Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.50"				
0.7	100	0.2500	2.50		Shallow Concentrated Flow,				
					Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps				
2.9	250	0.0800	1.41		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Steep Slope				
					Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps				
17.2	500	Total							

Subcatchment 1-3: 1-3 (Design Point #3)

Runoff = 5.81 cfs @ 12.22 hrs, Volume= 0.569 af, Depth= 3.47"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 10 Year Rainfall=5.00"

 Area (sf)	CN	Description
85,780	86	Woods/grass comb., Poor, HSG D
85,780		Pervious Area

Type III 24-hr 10 Year Rainfall=5.00" Page 19

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 Type III 24-hr 10 Year Rainfall=5.00"

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	Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
	11.3	58	0.0300	0.09		Sheet Flow, Ridge
						Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.50"
	0.6	62	0.1300	1.80		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
						Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
	4.4	150	0.0130	0.57		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
_						Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
	16.3	270	Total			

Subcatchment 1-4: 1-4 (Design Point #4)

Runoff = 12.17 cfs @ 12.80 hrs, Volume= 2.184 af, Depth= 3.08"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 10 Year Rainfall=5.00"

_	A	rea (sf)	CN E	escription		
	3	70,700	82 V	Voods/gras	ss comb., P	Poor, HSG C
	370,700 Pervious Area					
	Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
-	33.7	150	0.0130	0.07		Sheet Flow, Ridge
_	26.0	780	0.0100	0.50		Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.50" Shallow Concentrated Flow, Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
-	59.7	930	Total			

Subcatchment 1-5: 1-5) (Design Point #5)

Runoff = 44.28 cfs @ 12.75 hrs, Volume= 7.632 af, Depth= 3.08"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 10 Year Rainfall=5.00"

 Area (sf)	CN	Description
1,295,601	82	Woods/grass comb., Poor, HSG C
1,295,601		Pervious Area

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Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
21.5	150	0.0400	0.12		Sheet Flow, Ridge
					Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.50"
14.1	642	0.0230	0.76		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
					Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
1.5	120	0.0750	1.37		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
					Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
15.0	450	0.0100	0.50		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
					Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
3.1	240	0.0660	1.28		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
					Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps

55.2 1,602 Total

Subcatchment 1-6: 1-6

Runoff	=	30.68 cfs @	12.23 hrs,	Volume=	3.057 af, Depth= 3.27"
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Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 10 Year Rainfall=5.00"

Are	ea (sf)	CN E	escription		
36	62,256	82 V	Voods/gras	s comb., P	Poor, HSG C
8	86,776	91 V	Voods/gras	ss comb., P	Poor, HSG D
	6,322	98 V	Vater		
3	3,228	91 G	Gravel road	ls, HSG D	
48	8,582	84 V	Veighted A	verage	
48	32,260	F	ervious Ar	ea	
	6,322	Ir	npervious	Area	
	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description
<u>(min)</u>	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)	
13.6	150	0.1250	0.18		Sheet Flow, Ridge
					Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.50"
0.7	100	0.2500	2.50		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
					Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
2.9	250	0.0800	1.41		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Steep Slope
					Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
17.2	500	Total			

Subcatchment 1-7: 1-7

Runoff	=	103.05 cfs @	12.16 hrs,	Volume=	9.243 af, Depth= 3.88"
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Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 10 Year Rainfall=5.00"

Type III 24-hr 10 Year Rainfall=5.00" Page 21 LC 1/8/2019

 Type III 24-hr 10 Year Rainfall=5.00"

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	A	rea (sf)	CN E	Description		
	659,790 91 Rubble with trees				trees	
	3	33,851	82 V	Voods/gras	s comb., F	air, HSG D
		61,264		Vater		
	1	86,280	98 E	Bare Rock		
		5,271	86 (Grass Area	around poi	nds
	1,2	46,456	90 V	Veighted A	verage	
		98,912		Pervious Ar	•	
		47,544	I	mpervious	Area	
				-		
	Тс	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description
_	(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)	
	0.8	150	0.1100	3.09		Sheet Flow, Ridge
						Smooth surfaces n= 0.011 P2= 3.50"
	1.0	220	0.0300	3.52		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
						Paved Kv= 20.3 fps
	2.1	220	0.0300	1.73		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Steep Slope
						Nearly Bare & Untilled Kv= 10.0 fps
	3.8	250	0.0120	1.10		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
				0.74		Nearly Bare & Untilled Kv= 10.0 fps
	2.3	375	0.0750	2.74		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
	0.0		0 0050	4.40		Nearly Bare & Untilled Kv= 10.0 fps
	2.2	550	0.0650	4.10		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
-	10.0	4 705	T ()			Unpaved Kv= 16.1 fps
	100	1 765	Tatal			

12.2 1,765 Total

Subcatchment 1-8: 1-8

Runoff = 82.26 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume= 6.546 af, Depth= 4.53"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 10 Year Rainfall=5.00"

_	A	rea (sf)	CN E	Description		
	200,000 91 Woods over rock			Voods ove	r rock	
		34,000	•••	Vater		
_	5	20,946	98 E	Bare Rock		
	7	54,946	96 V	Veighted A	verage	
		00,000	-	Pervious Ar		
	5	54,946	li	mpervious	Area	
	та	Longth	Clana	Valaaity	Consoitu	Description
	Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
		, ,			(015)	
	0.8	150	0.1330	3.33		Sheet Flow,
						Smooth surfaces n= 0.011 P2= 3.50"
	3.1	935	0.0620	5.05		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
						Paved Kv= 20.3 fps
	2.5	385	0.0250	2.55		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
						Unpaved Kv= 16.1 fps
	6.4	1,470	Total			

Subcatchment 1-9: 1-9 (Design Point #8)

Runoff = 17.95 cfs @ 12.49 hrs, Volume= 2.487 af, Depth= 3.57"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 10 Year Rainfall=5.00"

_	A	rea (sf)	CN D	Description		
	325,941 86 Woods over rock		r rock			
_		38,500	98 E	are Rock		
		64,441		Veighted A		
	3	25,941	F	Pervious Ar	ea	
		38,500	Ir	mpervious	Area	
	_		. .		-	
	Tc	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description
_	(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)	
	16.9	150	0.0730	0.15		Sheet Flow,
						Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.50"
	5.3	300	0.0360	0.95		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
						Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
	8.7	520	0.0400	1.00		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
						Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
	1.2	160	0.2000	2.24		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
						Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
	3.7	170	0.0230	0.76		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
_						Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
	0 - 0		-			

35.8 1,300 Total

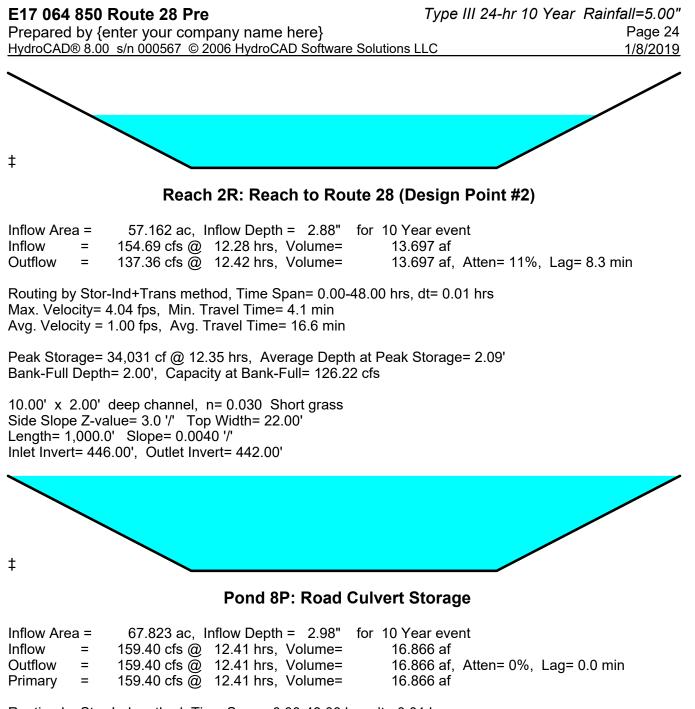
Reach 1R: Reach between Pond F and G

Inflow Area	a =	45.946 ac, Inflow Depth = 3.05	" for 10 Year event
Inflow	=	120.45 cfs @ 12.26 hrs, Volume	= 11.686 af
Outflow	=	120.33 cfs @ 12.28 hrs, Volume	= 11.686 af, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.9 min

Routing by Stor-Ind+Trans method, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Max. Velocity= 8.09 fps, Min. Travel Time= 0.5 min Avg. Velocity = 2.53 fps, Avg. Travel Time= 1.6 min

Peak Storage= 3,719 cf @ 12.27 hrs, Average Depth at Peak Storage= 1.11' Bank-Full Depth= 2.00', Capacity at Bank-Full= 357.02 cfs

10.00' x 2.00' deep channel, n= 0.030 Short grass Side Slope Z-value= 3.0 '/' Top Width= 22.00' Length= 250.0' Slope= 0.0320 '/' Inlet Invert= 454.00', Outlet Invert= 446.00'



Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Peak Elev= 4,615.25' @ 12.41 hrs

Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1	Primary	442.00'	12.0" x 160.0' long Culvert CPP, square edge headwall, Ke= 0.500 Outlet Invert= 441.84' S= 0.0010 '/' Cc= 0.900 n= 0.013 Corrugated PE, smooth interior

Primary OutFlow Max=159.35 cfs @ 12.41 hrs HW=4,613.00' (Free Discharge) -1=Culvert (Barrel Controls 159.35 cfs @ 202.90 fps)

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Pond P-B: Pond B

Inflow Area =	17.331 ac, Inflow Depth = 4.53"	for 10 Year event
Inflow =	82.26 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume=	6.546 af
Outflow =	44.27 cfs @ 12.22 hrs, Volume=	3.663 af, Atten= 46%, Lag= 7.8 min
Primary =	44.27 cfs @ 12.22 hrs, Volume=	3.663 af

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Starting Elev= 358.00' Surf.Area= 0 sf Storage= 0 cf Peak Elev= 460.20' @ 12.22 hrs Surf.Area= 45,498 sf Storage= 143,113 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 229.5 min calculated for 3.663 af (56% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 117.1 min (879.8 - 762.8)

Volume	Inv	ert Avail.Sto	orage	Storage D	escription	
#1	456.0	00' 229,1	00 cf	Custom S	Stage Data (Pr	ismatic)Listed below (Recalc)
Elevatio (fee 456.0 458.0 459.8 460.0 462.0	20 20 20 30 20	Surf.Area (sq-ft) 25,000 34,000 40,000 45,000 50,000	(cubic 5 6	Store <u>5-feet)</u> 9,000 6,600 8,500 5,000	Cum.Store (cubic-feet) 0 59,000 125,600 134,100 229,100	
Device #1	Routing Primary	Invert 459.80'	50.0 Head	d (feet) 1.9	o <mark>file 10) Broac</mark> 7 2.46 2.95 3.51 3.48 3.4	

Primary OutFlow Max=44.25 cfs @ 12.22 hrs HW=460.20' (Free Discharge) —1=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir (Weir Controls 44.25 cfs @ 2.22 fps)

Pond P-C,D: Pond C and D

Inflow Area =	17.331 ac, Ir	nflow Depth = 2.54"	for 10 Year event	
Inflow =	44.27 cfs @	12.22 hrs, Volume=	3.663 af	
Outflow =	39.14 cfs @	12.31 hrs, Volume=	3.663 af, Atte	en= 12%, Lag= 5.5 min
Primary =	39.14 cfs @	12.31 hrs, Volume=	3.663 af	-

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Starting Elev= 357.00' Surf.Area= 0 sf Storage= 0 cf Peak Elev= 456.51' @ 12.31 hrs Surf.Area= 23,047 sf Storage= 10,932 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= (not calculated: outflow precedes inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 8.2 min (888.1 - 879.8)

Volume	Invert	Avail.Storage	Storage Description
#1	456.00'	214,000 cf	Custom Stage Data (Prismatic)Listed below (Recalc)

Type III 24-hr 10 Year Rainfall=5.00" Page 26 LC 1/8/2019

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Elevation (feet)	Surf.Area (sq-ft)	Inc.Store (cubic-feet)	Cum.Store (cubic-feet)
456.00	20,000	0	0
458.00	32,000	52,000	52,000
460.00	40,000	72,000	124,000
462.00	50,000	90,000	214,000

Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1	Primary	456.00'	40.0' long x 15.0' breadth Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir Head (feet) 0.20 0.40 0.60 0.80 1.00 1.20 1.40 1.60 Coef. (English) 2.68 2.70 2.70 2.64 2.63 2.64 2.63

Primary OutFlow Max=39.09 cfs @ 12.31 hrs HW=456.51' (Free Discharge) **1=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir** (Weir Controls 39.09 cfs @ 1.92 fps)

Pond P-E: Pond E

Inflow Area	=	45.946 ac, Inflow Depth = 3.37	" for 10 Year event
Inflow =	=	123.65 cfs @ 12.21 hrs, Volume	= 12.906 af
Outflow =	=	121.76 cfs @ 12.24 hrs, Volume	= 12.160 af, Atten= 2%, Lag= 1.6 min
Primary =	=	121.76 cfs @ 12.24 hrs, Volume	= 12.160 af

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Peak Elev= 456.78' @ 12.24 hrs Surf.Area= 20,263 sf Storage= 47,684 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 53.6 min calculated for 12.157 af (94% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 21.8 min (844.3 - 822.5)

Volume	Inv	vert Avail.Sto	orage	Storage	Description		
#1 45		00' 127,0	00 cf	Custom Stage Data (Prismatic)Listed below (Recalc)			
Elevatio (fee		Surf.Area (sq-ft)	Inc. (cubic	Store -feet)	Cum.Store (cubic-feet)		
454.0	00	14,000		0	0		
456.00		18,500	32	2,500	32,500		
458.00		23,000	4	1,500	74,000		
460.00		30,000	5	3,000	127,000		
Device Routing Invert #1 Primary 456.00'			t Devices	-	d-Crested Rectangular Weir		
π	i iinai y	+00.00	50.0' long (Profile 10) Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir Head (feet) 1.97 2.46 2.95 3.94 4.92				
	Coef. (English) 3.51 3.48 3.42 3.48 3.57						

Primary OutFlow Max=121.69 cfs @ 12.24 hrs HW=456.78' (Free Discharge) **1=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir** (Weir Controls 121.69 cfs @ 3.11 fps)

Pond P-F: Pond E

Inflow Area =	45.946 ac, Inflow Depth = 3.18"	for 10 Year event
Inflow =	121.76 cfs @ 12.24 hrs, Volume=	12.160 af
Outflow =	120.45 cfs @ 12.26 hrs, Volume=	11.686 af, Atten= 1%, Lag= 1.4 min
Primary =	120.45 cfs @ 12.26 hrs, Volume=	11.686 af

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Starting Elev= 453.60' Surf.Area= 13,600 sf Storage= 20,480 cf Peak Elev= 455.78' @ 12.26 hrs Surf.Area= 18,000 sf Storage= 54,443 cf (33,963 cf above start)

Plug-Flow detention time= 57.9 min calculated for 11.216 af (92% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 11.0 min (855.3 - 844.3)

Volume	Inve	ert Avail.Sto	rage	Storage D	Description	
#1	452.0	00' 153,0	00 cf	Custom S	Stage Data (Pi	rismatic)Listed below (Recalc)
Elevatio (fee 452.0 454.0 456.0 458.0 460.0)0)0)0)0)0	Surf.Area (sq-ft) 12,000 14,000 18,500 23,000 30,000	(cubio 2 3 4	Store -feet) 0 6,000 2,500 1,500 3,000	Cum.Store (cubic-feet) 0 26,000 58,500 100,000 153,000	
Device	Routing	Invert	Outle	et Devices		
#1	Primary	455.00'	Head	d (feet) 1.9	ofile 10) Broad 97 2.46 2.95 3.51 3.48 3.	

Primary OutFlow Max=120.31 cfs @ 12.26 hrs HW=455.78' (Free Discharge) —1=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir (Weir Controls 120.31 cfs @ 3.09 fps)

Pond P-G: Pond G

Inflow Area	a =	11.216 ac, Inflow Depth = 3.27	" for 10 Year event
Inflow	=	30.68 cfs @ 12.23 hrs, Volume	= 3.057 af
Outflow	=	35.12 cfs @ 12.26 hrs, Volume	= 2.011 af, Atten= 0%, Lag= 1.7 min
Primary	=	35.12 cfs @ 12.26 hrs, Volume	= 2.011 af

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Peak Elev= 460.14' @ 12.26 hrs Surf.Area= 11,000 sf Storage= 45,644 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 166.8 min calculated for 2.011 af (66% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 67.5 min (888.5 - 820.9)

Volume	Invert	Avail.Storage	Storage Description
#1	444.00'	45,644 cf	Custom Stage Data (Prismatic)Listed below (Recalc)

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Type III 24-hr 10 Year Rainfall=5.00" Page 28 LC 1/8/2019

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Elevatio (fee		Surf.Area (sq-ft)	Inc.Store (cubic-feet)	Cum.Store (cubic-feet)	
444.0	00	5,000	0	0	
446.0	00	6,322	11,322	11,322	
448.0	448.00 8,500		14,822	26,144	
450.0	00	11,000	19,500	45,644	
Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices		
#1	Primary	459.80'	50.0' long (Pro Head (feet) 1.9 Coef. (English)	7 2.46 2.95 3.	ır Weir

Primary OutFlow Max=34.78 cfs @ 12.26 hrs HW=460.14' (Free Discharge) —1=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir (Weir Controls 34.78 cfs @ 2.05 fps)

E17 064 850 Route 28 PreType III 24-hr 100 Year RaPrepared by {enter your company name here}HydroCAD® 8.00 s/n 000567 © 2006 HydroCAD Software Solutions LLC	ainfall=8.50" Page 29 1/8/2019
Time span=0.00-48.00 hrs, dt=0.01 hrs, 4801 points Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS Reach routing by Stor-Ind+Trans method - Pond routing by Stor-Ind method	
Subcatchment 1-1: 1-1 (Design Point #1) Flow Length=575' Tc=29.9 min CN=87 Runoff=107.23	•
Subcatchment 1-10: 1-10 (Design Point #7) Runoff Area=957,026 sf Runoff Flow Length=1,538' Tc=43.0 min CN=86 Runoff=80.61	•
Subcatchment 1-2: 1-2Runoff Area=464,367 sf RunofFlow Length=500'Tc=17.2 minCN=87Runoff=59.47	•
Subcatchment 1-3: 1-3 (Design Point #3) Flow Length=270' Tc=16.3 min CN=86 Runoff=11.10	•
Subcatchment 1-4: 1-4 (Design Point #4) Flow Length=930' Tc=59.7 min CN=82 Runoff=24.63	•
Subcatchment 1-5: 1-5) (Design Point #5) Flow Length=1,602' Tc=55.2 min CN=82 Runoff=89.77	•
Subcatchment 1-6: 1-6 Runoff Area=488,582 sf Runoff Flow Length=500' Tc=17.2 min CN=84 Runoff=60.20	•
Subcatchment 1-7: 1-7 Runoff Area=1,246,456 sf Runoff Flow Length=1,765' Tc=12.2 min CN=90 Runoff=187.58	•
Subcatchment 1-8: 1-8 Runoff Area=754,946 sf Runof Flow Length=1,470' Tc=6.4 min CN=96 Runoff=141.79	•
Subcatchment 1-9: 1-9 (Design Point #8) Flow Length=1,300' Tc=35.8 min CN=87 Runoff=33.96	•
Reach 1R: Reach between Pond F and GAvg. Depth=1.81' Max Vel=10.57 fps Inflow=295.60 n=0.030 L=250.0' S=0.0320 '/' Capacity=357.02 cfs Outflow=295.17	
Reach 2R: Reach to Route 28 (Design PoiAvg. Depth=3.73' Max Vel=4.79 fps Inflow=357.93 n=0.030 L=1,000.0' S=0.0040 '/' Capacity=126.22 cfs Outflow=335.10	
Pond 8P: Road Culvert Storage Peak Elev=25,052.53' Inflow=387.12 12.0" x 160.0' Culvert Outflow=387.12	
Pond P-B: Pond BPeak Elev=460.59' Storage=161,315 cfInflow=141.79Outflow=124.46	
Pond P-C,D: Pond C and DPeak Elev=457.06' Storage=24,681 cf Inflow=124.46Outflow=115.66	

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Pond P-E: Pond E	Peak Elev=457.43' Storage=61,149 cf Inflow=302.5 Outflow=298.5	1 cfs 26.102 af 9 cfs 25.356 af
Pond P-F: Pond E	Peak Elev=456.42' Storage=66,380 cf Inflow=298.5 Outflow=295.6	9 cfs 25.356 af 0 cfs 24.882 af
Pond P-G: Pond G	Peak Elev=460.30' Storage=45,644 cf Inflow=60 Outflow=63	20 cfs 6.147 af 28 cfs 5.100 af
Total Runoff Area = 162.619	ac Runoff Volume = 93,939 af Average Runo	ff Depth = 6.93"

Total Runoff Area = 162.619 ac Runoff Volume = 93.939 af Average Runoff Depth = 6.93" 84.59% Pervious Area = 137.566 ac 15.41% Impervious Area = 25.053 ac

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Subcatchment 1-1: 1-1 (Design Point #1)

Runoff = 107.23 cfs @ 12.39 hrs, Volume= 14.012 af, Depth= 6.94"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 100 Year Rainfall=8.50"

A	rea (sf)	CN E	Description		
8	51,042	86 V	Voods/gras	s comb., P	Poor, HSG D
	68,407	98 F	aved park	ing & roofs	
	95,207		Gravel road	,	
	41,136	79 5	0-75% Gra	ass cover, F	Fair, HSG C
1,0	55,792	87 V	Veighted A	verage	
9	87,385	F	Pervious Ar	ea	
	68,407	l	mpervious	Area	
_					
Tc	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description
(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)	
25.2	150	0.0270	0.10		Sheet Flow, Ridge
					Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.50"
3.6	325	0.0920	1.52		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
					Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
0.4	70	0.0280	2.69		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
					Unpaved Kv= 16.1 fps
0.7	30	0.0230	0.76		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
					Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
29.9	575	Total			

Subcatchment 1-10: 1-10 (Design Point #7)

Runoff = 80.61 cfs @ 12.57 hrs, Volume= 12.481 af, Depth= 6.82"

Area (sf)	CN	Description		
342,945	86	Woods over rock		
452,081	82	Woods/grass comb., Fair, HSG D		
162,000	98	Bare Rock		
957,026	86	Weighted Average		
795,026		Pervious Area		
162,000		Impervious Area		

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Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
15.6	100	0.0400	0.11		Sheet Flow,
					Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.50"
0.1	20	0.3500	2.96		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
					Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
22.5	1,110	0.0270	0.82		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
					Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
4.8	308	0.0450	1.06		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
					Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps

43.0 1,538 Total

Subcatchment 1-2: 1-2

Runoff	=	59.47 cfs @	12.23 hrs, Volume=	6.163 af, Depth= 6.94"
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Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 100 Year Rainfall=8.50"

A	rea (sf)	CN E	Description					
4	24,327	86 V	Voods/gras	s comb., P	Poor, HSG D			
	13,600	98 E	Bare Rock a	and Water				
	26,440	89 <	50% Gras	s cover, Po	or, HSG D			
4	64,367	87 V	Veighted A	verage				
4	450,767 Pervious Area			ea				
	13,600 Impervious Area			Area				
_								
Tc	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description			
<u>(min)</u>	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)				
13.6	150	0.1250	0.18		Sheet Flow, Ridge			
					Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.50"			
0.7	100	0.2500	2.50		Shallow Concentrated Flow,			
					Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps			
2.9	250	0.0800	1.41		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Steep Slope			
					Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps			
17.2	500	Total						

Subcatchment 1-3: 1-3 (Design Point #3)

Runoff = 11.10 cfs @ 12.22 hrs, Volume= 1.119 af, Depth= 6.82"

 Area (sf)	CN	Description		
85,780	86	Woods/grass comb., Poor, HSG D		
85,780		Pervious Area		

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 Type III 24-hr 100 Year Rainfall=8.50"

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	Тс	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description
_	(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)	
	11.3	58	0.0300	0.09		Sheet Flow, Ridge
						Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.50"
	0.6	62	0.1300	1.80		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
						Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
	4.4	150	0.0130	0.57		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
_						Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
	16.3	270	Total			

Subcatchment 1-4: 1-4 (Design Point #4)

Runoff = 24.63 cfs @ 12.80 hrs, Volume= 4.493 af, Depth= 6.34"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 100 Year Rainfall=8.50"

A	rea (sf)	CN E	Description		
3	570,700	82 V	Voods/gras	ss comb., P	Poor, HSG C
3	370,700 Pervious Area			ea	
Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
33.7	150	0.0130	0.07		Sheet Flow, Ridge
26.0	780	0.0100	0.50		Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.50" Shallow Concentrated Flow, Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
59.7	930	Total			

Subcatchment 1-5: 1-5) (Design Point #5)

Runoff =	89.77 cfs @	12.70 hrs, Volu	ıme= 15.703 af,	Depth= 6.34"
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 Area (sf)	CN	Description	
1,295,601	82	Woods/grass comb., Poor, HSG C	
1,295,601		Pervious Area	

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Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
21.5	150	0.0400	0.12		Sheet Flow, Ridge
					Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.50"
14.1	642	0.0230	0.76		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
					Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
1.5	120	0.0750	1.37		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
					Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
15.0	450	0.0100	0.50		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
					Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
3.1	240	0.0660	1.28		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
					Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps

55.2 1,602 Total

Subcatchment 1-6: 1-6

Runoff	=	60.20 cfs @	12.23 hrs, Volume=	6.147 af, Depth= 6.58"
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Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 100 Year Rainfall=8.50"

Are	ea (sf)	CN E	CN Description					
36	62,256	82 V	Voods/gras	s comb., P	Poor, HSG C			
8	86,776	91 V	Voods/gras	ss comb., P	Poor, HSG D			
6,322 98 Water								
33,228 91 Gravel roads, HSG D								
488,582 84 Weighted Average			Veighted A	verage				
48	482,260 Pervious Area			ea				
	6,322 Impervious Area			Area				
	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description			
<u>(min)</u>	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)				
13.6	150	0.1250	0.18		Sheet Flow, Ridge			
					Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.50"			
0.7	100	0.2500	2.50		Shallow Concentrated Flow,			
					Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps			
2.9	250	0.0800	1.41		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Steep Slope			
					Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps			
17.2	500	Total						

Subcatchment 1-7: 1-7

Runoff = 187.58 cfs @ 12.16 hrs, Volume= 17.403 af, Depth	: 7.30"
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A	rea (sf)	CN [Description		
6	59,790	91 Rubble with trees			
	33,851	82 \	Voods/gras	ss comb F	air, HSG D
	61,264		Vater	,	
	86,280		Bare Rock		
	5,271			around pol	nds
12	46,456		Veighted A		
,	98,912		Pervious Ar	•	
	47,544		mpervious		
_	,	•	mporriedo	,	
Tc	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description
(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)	
0.8	150	0.1100	3.09		Sheet Flow, Ridge
					Smooth surfaces n= 0.011 P2= 3.50"
1.0	220	0.0300	3.52		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
					Paved Kv= 20.3 fps
2.1	220	0.0300	1.73		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Steep Slope
					Nearly Bare & Untilled Kv= 10.0 fps
3.8	250	0.0120	1.10		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
					Nearly Bare & Untilled Kv= 10.0 fps
2.3	375	0.0750	2.74		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
					Nearly Bare & Untilled Kv= 10.0 fps
2.2	550	0.0650	4.10		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
					Unpaved Kv= 16.1 fps
40.0	4 705	Tatal			

12.2 1,765 Total

Subcatchment 1-8: 1-8

Runoff = 141.79 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume= 11.583 af, Depth= 8.02"

A	rea (sf)	CN E	Description		
2	00,000	91 V	Voods ove	r rock	
	34,000	•••	Vater		
5	20,946	98 E	Bare Rock		
7	54,946	96 V	Veighted A	verage	
	00,000		Pervious Ar		
5	54,946	l	mpervious	Area	
Тс	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description
(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)	Description
0.8	150	0.1330	3.33	(013)	Sheet Flow,
0.0	150	0.1550	0.00		Smooth surfaces $n=0.011$ P2= 3.50"
3.1	935	0.0620	5.05		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
0.1	000	0.0020	0.00		Paved Kv= 20.3 fps
2.5	385	0.0250	2.55		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
-					Unpaved Kv= 16.1 fps
6.4	1,470	Total			

Subcatchment 1-9: 1-9 (Design Point #8)

Runoff = 33.96 cfs @ 12.46 hrs, Volume= 4.837 af, Depth= 6.94"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 100 Year Rainfall=8.50"

_	A	rea (sf)	CN D	Description		
		25,941				
_		38,500	98 E	are Rock		
		64,441		Veighted A		
		25,941	-	ervious Ar		
		38,500	Ir	mpervious	Area	
	-				o	
	Tc	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description
_	(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)	
	16.9	150	0.0730	0.15		Sheet Flow,
						Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.50"
	5.3	300	0.0360	0.95		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
						Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
	8.7	520	0.0400	1.00		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
						Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
	1.2	160	0.2000	2.24		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
						Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
	3.7	170	0.0230	0.76		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
						Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
_	05.0	4 0 0 0	T ()			

35.8 1,300 Total

Reach 1R: Reach between Pond F and G

Inflow Are	a =	45.946 ac, Inflow D	epth = 6.50"	for 100 Year event
Inflow	=	295.60 cfs @ 12.20	hrs, Volume=	24.882 af
Outflow	=	295.17 cfs @ 12.22	hrs, Volume=	24.882 af, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.7 min

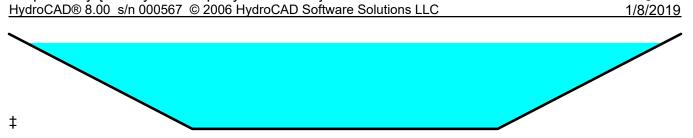
Routing by Stor-Ind+Trans method, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Max. Velocity= 10.57 fps, Min. Travel Time= 0.4 min Avg. Velocity = 3.11 fps, Avg. Travel Time= 1.3 min

Peak Storage= 6,987 cf @ 12.21 hrs, Average Depth at Peak Storage= 1.81' Bank-Full Depth= 2.00', Capacity at Bank-Full= 357.02 cfs

10.00' x 2.00' deep channel, n= 0.030 Short grass Side Slope Z-value= 3.0 '/' Top Width= 22.00' Length= 250.0' Slope= 0.0320 '/' Inlet Invert= 454.00', Outlet Invert= 446.00'

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Reach 2R: Reach to Route 28 (Design Point #2)

Inflow Area	a =	57.162 ac, Inflow Depth = 6.29"	for 100 Year event
Inflow	=	357.93 cfs @ 12.21 hrs, Volume=	29.982 af
Outflow	=	335.10 cfs @ 12.32 hrs, Volume=	29.982 af, Atten= 6%, Lag= 6.8 min

Routing by Stor-Ind+Trans method, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Max. Velocity= 4.79 fps, Min. Travel Time= 3.5 min Avg. Velocity = 1.24 fps, Avg. Travel Time= 13.5 min

Peak Storage= 70,047 cf @ 12.27 hrs, Average Depth at Peak Storage= 3.73' Bank-Full Depth= 2.00', Capacity at Bank-Full= 126.22 cfs

10.00' x 2.00' deep channel, n= 0.030 Short grass Side Slope Z-value= 3.0 '/' Top Width= 22.00' Length= 1,000.0' Slope= 0.0040 '/' Inlet Invert= 446.00', Outlet Invert= 442.00'

‡

Pond 8P: Road Culvert Storage

Inflow Area	a =	67.823 ac, Inflow Depth = 6.40" for 100 Year event
Inflow	=	387.12 cfs @ 12.32 hrs, Volume= 36.145 af
Outflow	=	387.12 cfs @ 12.32 hrs, Volume= 36.145 af, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min
Primary	=	387.12 cfs @ 12.32 hrs, Volume= 36.145 af

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Peak Elev= 25,052.53' @ 12.32 hrs

Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1	Primary	442.00'	12.0" x 160.0' long Culvert CPP, square edge headwall, Ke= 0.500 Outlet Invert= 441.84' S= 0.0010 '/' Cc= 0.900 n= 0.013 Corrugated PE, smooth interior

Primary OutFlow Max=386.93 cfs @ 12.32 hrs HW=25,029.19' (Free Discharge) -1=Culvert (Barrel Controls 386.93 cfs @ 492.66 fps)

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Pond P-B: Pond B

Inflow Area =	17.331 ac, Inflow Depth = 8.02"	for 100 Year event
Inflow =	141.79 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume=	11.583 af
Outflow =	124.46 cfs @ 12.13 hrs, Volume=	8.699 af, Atten= 12%, Lag= 2.7 min
Primary =	124.46 cfs @ 12.13 hrs, Volume=	8.699 af

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Starting Elev= 358.00' Surf.Area= 0 sf Storage= 0 cf Peak Elev= 460.59' @ 12.13 hrs Surf.Area= 46,487 sf Storage= 161,315 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 168.3 min calculated for 8.699 af (75% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 82.0 min (833.6 - 751.6)

Volume	Inv	ert Avail.Sto	orage	Storage D	Description	
#1	456.0	00' 229,1	00 cf	Custom S	Stage Data (Pi	rismatic)Listed below (Recalc)
Elevatio (fee 456.0 458.0 459.8 460.0 462.0	9 <u>t)</u> 00 00 30 00	Surf.Area (sq-ft) 25,000 34,000 40,000 45,000 50,000	(cubic 5 6	Store -feet) 0 9,000 6,600 8,500 5,000	Cum.Store (cubic-feet) 0 59,000 125,600 134,100 229,100	
Device	Routing	Invert	Outle	t Devices		
#1	Primary	459.80'	Head	l (feet) 1.9	ofile 10) Broad 97 2.46 2.95 3.51 3.48 3.	

Primary OutFlow Max=124.26 cfs @ 12.13 hrs HW=460.59' (Free Discharge) —1=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir (Weir Controls 124.26 cfs @ 3.13 fps)

Pond P-C,D: Pond C and D

Inflow Area =	17.331 ac, Inflow Depth = 6.02"	for 100 Year event
Inflow =	124.46 cfs @ 12.13 hrs, Volume=	8.699 af
Outflow =	115.66 cfs @ 12.18 hrs, Volume=	8.699 af, Atten= 7%, Lag= 2.5 min
Primary =	115.66 cfs @ 12.18 hrs, Volume=	8.699 af

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Starting Elev= 357.00' Surf.Area= 0 sf Storage= 0 cf Peak Elev= 457.06' @ 12.18 hrs Surf.Area= 26,385 sf Storage= 24,681 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 6.3 min calculated for 8.699 af (100% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 6.2 min (839.8 - 833.6)

Volume	Invert	Avail.Storage	Storage Description
#1	456.00'	214,000 cf	Custom Stage Data (Prismatic)Listed below (Recalc)

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Surf.Area (sq-ft)	Inc.Store (cubic-feet)	Cum.Store (cubic-feet)
20,000	0	0
32,000	52,000	52,000
40,000	72,000	124,000
50,000	90,000	214,000
	(sq-ft) 20,000 32,000 40,000	(sq-ft) (cubic-feet) 20,000 0 32,000 52,000 40,000 72,000

Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1	Primary	456.00'	40.0' long x 15.0' breadth Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir Head (feet) 0.20 0.40 0.60 0.80 1.00 1.20 1.40 1.60 Coef. (English) 2.68 2.70 2.70 2.64 2.63 2.64 2.64 2.63

Primary OutFlow Max=115.54 cfs @ 12.18 hrs HW=457.06' (Free Discharge) **1=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir** (Weir Controls 115.54 cfs @ 2.72 fps)

Pond P-E: Pond E

Inflow Area =	45.946 ac, Inflow Depth = 6.82"	for 100 Year event
Inflow =	302.51 cfs @ 12.17 hrs, Volume=	26.102 af
Outflow =	298.59 cfs @ 12.19 hrs, Volume=	25.356 af, Atten= 1%, Lag= 1.3 min
Primary =	298.59 cfs @ 12.19 hrs, Volume=	25.356 af

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Peak Elev= 457.43' @ 12.19 hrs Surf.Area= 21,707 sf Storage= 61,149 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 32.3 min calculated for 25.356 af (97% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 15.0 min (814.8 - 799.9)

Volume	Inv	vert Avail.St	orage	Storage	e Description	
#1	454.	00' 127,	000 cf	Custon	n Stage Data (P	rismatic)Listed below (Recalc)
Elevatio (fee		Surf.Area (sq-ft)		c.Store c-feet)	Cum.Store (cubic-feet)	
454.(00	14,000		0	0	
456.0	00	18,500		32,500	32,500	
458.0	00	23,000		41,500	74,000	
460.0	00	30,000	4	53,000	127,000	
Device	Routing			et Device		
#1	Primary	456.00				d-Crested Rectangular Weir
				· · ·	1.97 2.46 2.95 h) 3.51 3.48 3.	

Primary OutFlow Max=298.37 cfs @ 12.19 hrs HW=457.42' (Free Discharge) —1=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir (Weir Controls 298.37 cfs @ 4.19 fps)

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Pond P-F: Pond E

Inflow Area =	45.946 ac, Inflow Depth = 6.62"	for 100 Year event
Inflow =	298.59 cfs @ 12.19 hrs, Volume=	25.356 af
Outflow =	295.60 cfs @ 12.20 hrs, Volume=	24.882 af, Atten= 1%, Lag= 1.1 min
Primary =	295.60 cfs @ 12.20 hrs, Volume=	24.882 af

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Starting Elev= 453.60' Surf.Area= 13,600 sf Storage= 20,480 cf Peak Elev= 456.42' @ 12.20 hrs Surf.Area= 19,435 sf Storage= 66,380 cf (45,900 cf above start)

Plug-Flow detention time= 34.4 min calculated for 24.412 af (96% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 8.0 min (822.9 - 814.8)

Volume	Inve	ert Avail.Sto	orage	Storage D	Description	
#1	452.0	00' 153,0	00 cf	Custom S	Stage Data (Pr	ismatic)Listed below (Recalc)
Elevatio (fee 452.0 454.0 456.0 458.0 460.0	200 200 200 200 200	Surf.Area (sq-ft) 12,000 14,000 18,500 23,000 30,000	(cubio 2 3	.Store <u>c-feet)</u> 0 26,000 22,500 1,500 33,000	Cum.Store (cubic-feet) 0 26,000 58,500 100,000 153,000	
Device #1	Routing Primary	Invert 455.00'	50.0 Hea	d (feet) 1.9	o <mark>file 10) Broac</mark> 97 2.46 2.95 3.51 3.48 3.4	

Primary OutFlow Max=295.31 cfs @ 12.20 hrs HW=456.41' (Free Discharge) —1=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir (Weir Controls 295.31 cfs @ 4.17 fps)

Pond P-G: Pond G

Inflow Area	=	11.216 ac, Inflow Depth = 6.58	" for 100 Year event
Inflow :	=	60.20 cfs @ 12.23 hrs, Volume	= 6.147 af
Outflow :	=	63.28 cfs @ 12.23 hrs, Volume	= 5.100 af, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.2 min
Primary :	=	63.28 cfs @ 12.23 hrs, Volume	= 5.100 af

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Peak Elev= 460.30' @ 12.23 hrs Surf.Area= 11,000 sf Storage= 45,644 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 108.8 min calculated for 5.099 af (83% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 40.1 min (841.5 - 801.4)

Volume	Invert	Avail.Storage	Storage Description
#1	444.00'	45,644 cf	Custom Stage Data (Prismatic)Listed below (Recalc)

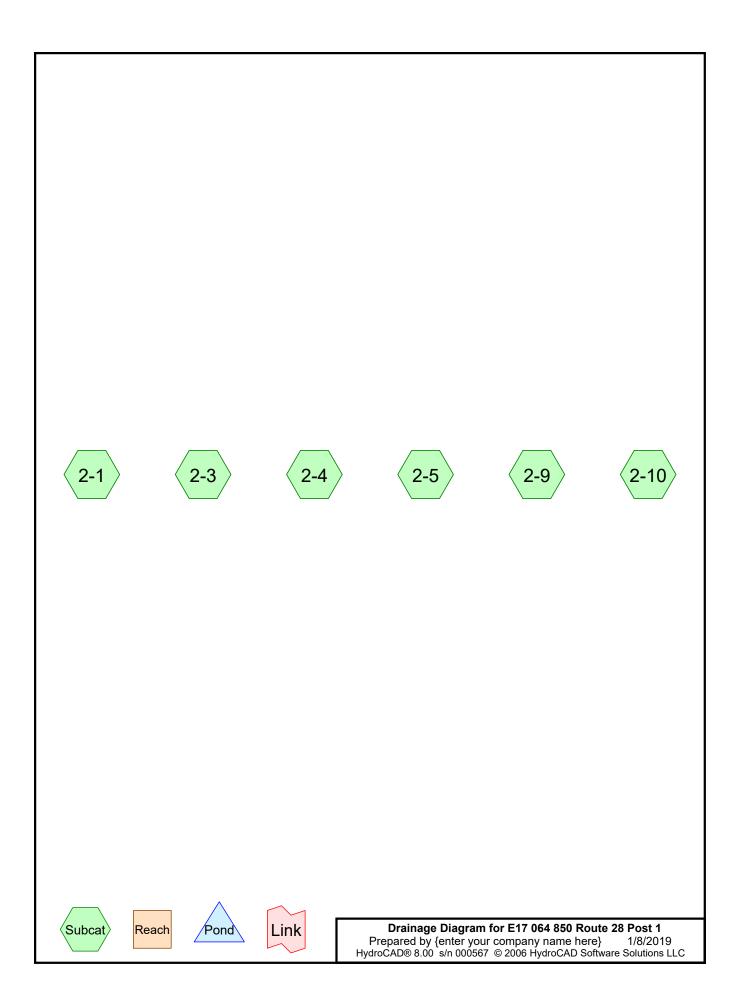
E17 064 850 Route 28 Pre

Type III 24-hr 100 Year Rainfall=8.50" Page 41 LLC 1/8/2019

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Elevatio (fee		Surf.Area (sq-ft)	Inc.Store (cubic-feet)	Cum.Store (cubic-feet)	
444.0	00	5,000	0	0	
446.0	00	6,322	11,322	11,322	
448.0	00	8,500	14,822	26,144	
450.0	00	11,000	19,500	45,644	
Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices		
#1	Primary	459.80'	50.0' long (Pro Head (feet) 1.9 Coef. (English)	7 2.46 2.95 3	

Primary OutFlow Max=62.89 cfs @ 12.23 hrs HW=460.30' (Free Discharge) 1=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir (Weir Controls 62.89 cfs @ 2.49 fps)



Area Listing (all nodes)

<u>Area (acres)</u>	<u>CN</u>	Description (subcats)
0.944	79	50-75% Grass cover, Fair, HSG C (2-1)
6.202	82	Woods/grass comb., Fair, HSG D (2-10)
38.253	82	Woods/grass comb., Poor, HSG C (2-4,2-5)
5.948	86	Woods over rock (2-10,2-9)
21.506	86	Woods/grass comb., Poor, HSG D (2-1,2-3)
2.186	91	Gravel roads, HSG D (2-1)
3.381	98	Bare Rock (2-10,2-9)
1.570	98	Paved parking & roofs (2-1)

79.991

E17 064 850 Route 28 Post 1 Prepared by {enter your company name here} HydroCAD® 8.00 s/n 000567 © 2006 HydroCAD Software Solu	Type III 24-hr 1 Year Rainfall=2.70" Page 3 tions LLC 1/8/2019
Time span=0.00-48.00 hrs, dt=0 Runoff by SCS TR-20 met Reach routing by Stor-Ind+Trans method - F	hod, UH=SCS
Subcatchment 2-1: 2-1 (Design Point #1)	Runoff Area=1,055,792 sf Runoff Depth=1.48"
Flow Length=575'	Tc=29.9 min CN=87 Runoff=23.79 cfs 2.989 af
Subcatchment 2-10: 2-10 (Design Point #7)	Runoff Area=620,155 sf Runoff Depth=1.48"
Flow Length=1,500'	Tc=41.3 min CN=87 Runoff=11.95 cfs 1.756 af
Subcatchment 2-3: 2-3 (Design Point #3)	Runoff Area=85,780 sf Runoff Depth=1.41"
Flow Length=270	' Tc=16.3 min CN=86 Runoff=2.38 cfs 0.231 af
Subcatchment 2-4: 2-4 (Design Point #4)	Runoff Area=370,700 sf Runoff Depth=1.15"
Flow Length=930	' Tc=59.7 min CN=82 Runoff=4.43 cfs 0.814 af
Subcatchment 2-5: 2-5 (Design Point #5)	Runoff Area=1,295,601 sf Runoff Depth=1.15"
Flow Length=1,602'	Tc=55.2 min CN=82 Runoff=16.18 cfs 2.843 af
Subcatchment 2-9: 2-9 (Design Point #8)	Runoff Area=56,390 sf Runoff Depth=1.63"
Flow Length=685	' Tc=19.4 min CN=89 Runoff=1.69 cfs 0.176 af
Total Runoff Area = 79 991 ac Runoff Vol	ume = 8 810 af Average Runoff Depth = 1 32"

Total Runoff Area = 79.991 acRunoff Volume = 8.810 afAverage Runoff Depth = 1.32"93.81% Pervious Area = 75.040 ac6.19% Impervious Area = 4.952 ac

Type III 24-hr 1 Year Rainfall=2.70" Page 4 C 1/8/2019

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Subcatchment 2-1: 2-1 (Design Point #1)

Runoff = 23.79 cfs @ 12.42 hrs, Volume= 2.989 af, Depth= 1.48"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 1 Year Rainfall=2.70"

A	rea (sf)	CN E	Description		
8	51,042	86 V	Voods/gras	s comb., P	Poor, HSG D
	68,407	98 F	aved park	ing & roofs	
	95,207	91 0	Gravel road	s, HSG D	
	41,136	79 5	0-75% Gra	ass cover, F	Fair, HSG C
1,0	55,792	87 V	Veighted A	verage	
9	87,385	F	Pervious Ar	ea	
	68,407	li	mpervious	Area	
Tc	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description
<u>(min)</u>	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)	
25.2	150	0.0270	0.10		Sheet Flow, Ridge
					Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.50"
3.6	325	0.0920	1.52		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
					Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
0.4	70	0.0280	2.69		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
					Unpaved Kv= 16.1 fps
0.7	30	0.0230	0.76		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
					Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
29.9	575	Total			

Subcatchment 2-10: 2-10 (Design Point #7)

Runoff = 11.95 cfs @ 12.57 hrs, Volume= 1.756 af, Depth= 1.48"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
218,000	86	Woods over rock
270,155	82	Woods/grass comb., Fair, HSG D
132,000	98	Bare Rock
620,155	87	Weighted Average
488,155		Pervious Area
132,000		Impervious Area

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To (min		Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
15.6	5 100	0.0400	0.11		Sheet Flow,
					Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.50"
0.1	1 20	0.3500	2.96		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
					Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
16.8	8 830	0.0270	0.82		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
					Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
7.5	5 370	0.0270	0.82		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
					Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
1.3	3 180	0.0220	2.39		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
					Unpaved Kv= 16.1 fps

41.3 1,500 Total

Subcatchment 2-3: 2-3 (Design Point #3)

Runoff = 2.38 cfs @ 12.23 hrs, Volume= 0.231 af, Depth= 1.41"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 1 Year Rainfall=2.70"

_	A	rea (sf)	CN [Description		
85,780 86 Woods/grass comb., Poor, HSG D						
	85,780		F	Pervious Ar	ea	
	Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
	11.3	58	0.0300	0.09		Sheet Flow, Ridge
	0.6	62	0.1300	1.80		Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.50" Shallow Concentrated Flow, Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
	4.4	150	0.0130	0.57		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
_	16.3	270	Total			

Subcatchment 2-4: 2-4 (Design Point #4)

Runoff = 4.43 cfs @ 12.81 hrs, Volume= 0.814 af, Depth= 1.15"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 1 Year Rainfall=2.70"

 Area (sf)	CN	Description
 370,700	82	Woods/grass comb., Poor, HSG C
370,700		Pervious Area

 Type III 24-hr 1 Year Rainfall=2.70"

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Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
33.7	150	0.0130	0.07		Sheet Flow, Ridge
26.0	780	0.0100	0.50		Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.50" Shallow Concentrated Flow,
					Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps

59.7 930 Total

Subcatchment 2-5: 2-5 (Design Point #5)

Runoff = 16.18 cfs @ 12.76 hrs, Volume= 2.843 af, Depth= 1.15"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 1 Year Rainfall=2.70"

_	A	rea (sf)	CN E	Description		
	1,2	95,601	82 V	Voods/gras	s comb., P	Poor, HSG C
_	1,2	95,601	F	Pervious Ar	ea	
	Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
_	21.5	150	0.0400	0.12		Sheet Flow, Ridge
						Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.50"
	14.1	642	0.0230	0.76		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
	1.5	120	0.0750	1.37		Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps Shallow Concentrated Flow, Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
	15.0	450	0.0100	0.50		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
						Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
	3.1	240	0.0660	1.28		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
_						Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
	55.2	1,602	Total			

Subcatchment 2-9: 2-9 (Design Point #8)

Runoff = 1.69 cfs @ 12.27 hrs, Volume= 0.176 af, Depth= 1.63"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
41,100	86	Woods over rock
15,290	98	Bare Rock
56,390	89	Weighted Average
41,100		Pervious Area
15,290		Impervious Area

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 Type III 24-hr 1 Year Rainfall=2.70"

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Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
10.8	100	0.1000	0.15		Sheet Flow,
					Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.50"
1.3	130	0.1100	1.66		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
	400		0 74		Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
2.4	100	0.0200	0.71		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
	400	0 0000	0.74		Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
0.6	100	0.3000	2.74		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
					Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
4.2	255	0.0400	1.00		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
					Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps

19.4 685 Total

E17 064 850 Route 28 Post 1 Prepared by {enter your company name here} HydroCAD® 8.00 s/n 000567 © 2006 HydroCAD Software Solu	Type III 24-hr 10 Year Rainfall=5.00" Page 8 tions LLC 1/8/2019
Time span=0.00-48.00 hrs, dt=0 Runoff by SCS TR-20 met Reach routing by Stor-Ind+Trans method - I	hod, UH=SCS
Subcatchment 2-1: 2-1 (Design Point #1) Flow Length=575'	Runoff Area=1,055,792 sf Runoff Depth=3.57" Tc=29.9 min CN=87 Runoff=56.72 cfs 7.205 af
	Runoff Area=620,155 sf Runoff Depth=3.57" Tc=41.3 min CN=87 Runoff=28.49 cfs 4.232 af
Subcatchment 2-3: 2-3 (Design Point #3) Flow Length=270	Runoff Area=85,780 sf Runoff Depth=3.47" ' Tc=16.3 min CN=86 Runoff=5.81 cfs 0.569 af
Subcatchment 2-4: 2-4 (Design Point #4) Flow Length=930'	Runoff Area=370,700 sf Runoff Depth=3.08" Tc=59.7 min CN=82 Runoff=12.17 cfs 2.184 af
	Runoff Area=1,295,601 sf Runoff Depth=3.08" Tc=55.2 min CN=82 Runoff=44.28 cfs 7.632 af
Subcatchment 2-9: 2-9 (Design Point #8) Flow Length=685	Runoff Area=56,390 sf Runoff Depth=3.77" Tc=19.4 min CN=89 Runoff=3.82 cfs 0.407 af
	me = 22.229 af Average Runoff Depth = 3.33" 75.040 ac 6.19% Impervious Area = 4.952 ac

Type III 24-hr 10 Year Rainfall=5.00" Page 9 LC 1/8/2019

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Subcatchment 2-1: 2-1 (Design Point #1)

Runoff = 56.72 cfs @ 12.39 hrs, Volume= 7.205 af, Depth= 3.57"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 10 Year Rainfall=5.00"

A	rea (sf)	CN E	Description		
8	51,042	86 V	Voods/gras	s comb., P	Poor, HSG D
	68,407	98 F	aved park	ing & roofs	
	95,207		Gravel road	,	
	41,136	79 5	0-75% Gra	ass cover, F	Fair, HSG C
1,0	55,792	87 V	Veighted A	verage	
9	87,385	F	Pervious Ar	ea	
	68,407	l	mpervious	Area	
_					
Tc	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description
(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)	
25.2	150	0.0270	0.10		Sheet Flow, Ridge
					Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.50"
3.6	325	0.0920	1.52		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
					Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
0.4	70	0.0280	2.69		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
					Unpaved Kv= 16.1 fps
0.7	30	0.0230	0.76		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
					Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
29.9	575	Total			

Subcatchment 2-10: 2-10 (Design Point #7)

Runoff = 28.49 cfs @ 12.53 hrs, Volume= 4.232 af, Depth= 3.57"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
218,000	86	Woods over rock
270,155	82	Woods/grass comb., Fair, HSG D
132,000	98	Bare Rock
620,155	87	Weighted Average
488,155		Pervious Area
132,000		Impervious Area

Type III 24-hr 10 Year Rainfall=5.00" Page 10 LC 1/8/2019

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Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
 15.6	100	0.0400	0.11		Sheet Flow,
					Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.50"
0.1	20	0.3500	2.96		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
					Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
16.8	830	0.0270	0.82		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
					Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
7.5	370	0.0270	0.82		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
					Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
1.3	180	0.0220	2.39		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
					Unpaved Kv= 16.1 fps

41.3 1,500 Total

Subcatchment 2-3: 2-3 (Design Point #3)

Runoff = 5.81 cfs @ 12.22 hrs, Volume= 0.569 af, Depth= 3.47"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 10 Year Rainfall=5.00"

_	A	rea (sf)	CN [Description		
85,780 86 Woods/grass comb., Poor, HSG D						
		85,780	F	Pervious Ar	ea	
_	Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
_	11.3	58	0.0300	0.09		Sheet Flow, Ridge
	0.6	62	0.1300	1.80		Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.50" Shallow Concentrated Flow, Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
	4.4	150	0.0130	0.57		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
_						Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
	16.3	270	Total			

Subcatchment 2-4: 2-4 (Design Point #4)

Runoff = 12.17 cfs @ 12.80 hrs, Volume= 2.184 af, Depth= 3.08"

 Area (sf)	CN	Description
370,700	82	Woods/grass comb., Poor, HSG C
370,700		Pervious Area

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	Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
	33.7	150	0.0130	0.07		Sheet Flow, Ridge
	26.0	780	0.0100	0.50		Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.50" Shallow Concentrated Flow, Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
•			- · ·			

59.7 930 Total

Subcatchment 2-5: 2-5 (Design Point #5)

Runoff = 44.28 cfs @ 12.75 hrs, Volume= 7.632 af, Depth= 3.08"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 10 Year Rainfall=5.00"

	A	rea (sf)	CN	Description		
	1,2	95,601	82	Woods/gras	ss comb., P	Poor, HSG C
	1,2	95,601		Pervious Ar	ea	
_	Tc (min)	Length (feet)		,	Capacity (cfs)	Description
-	21.5	150	0.0400	0.12		Sheet Flow, Ridge
	14.1	642	2 0.0230	0.76		Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.50" Shallow Concentrated Flow, Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
	1.5	120	0.0750	0 1.37		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
						Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
	15.0	450	0.0100	0.50		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
_	3.1	240	0.0660	0 1.28		Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps Shallow Concentrated Flow, Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
		4 000	0 T-4-1			

55.2 1,602 Total

Subcatchment 2-9: 2-9 (Design Point #8)

Runoff = 3.82 cfs @ 12.26 hrs, Volume= 0.407 af, Depth= 3.77"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 10 Year Rainfall=5.00"

Area (sf)	CN	Description	
41,100	86	Woods over rock	
15,290	98	Bare Rock	
56,390	89	Weighted Average	
41,100		Pervious Area	
15,290		Impervious Area	

Type III 24-hr 10 Year Rainfall=5.00" Page 11 LC 1/8/2019

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Type III 24-hr 10 Year Rainfall=5.00" Page 12 LC 1/8/2019

	Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
	10.8	100	0.1000	0.15		Sheet Flow,
						Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.50"
	1.3	130	0.1100	1.66		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
						Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
	2.4	100	0.0200	0.71		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
						Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
	0.6	100	0.3000	2.74		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
						Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
	4.2	255	0.0400	1.00		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
_						Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps

19.4 685 Total

E17 064 850 Route 28 Post 1 Prepared by {enter your company name here} HydroCAD® 8.00 s/n 000567 © 2006 HydroCAD Software Solu	Type III 24-hr 100 Year Rainfall=8.50" Page 13 utions LLC 1/8/2019					
Time span=0.00-48.00 hrs, dt=0.01 hrs, 4801 points Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS Reach routing by Stor-Ind+Trans method - Pond routing by Stor-Ind method						
Subcatchment 2-1: 2-1 (Design Point #1)	Runoff Area=1,055,792 sf Runoff Depth=6.94"					
Flow Length=575'	Tc=29.9 min CN=87 Runoff=107.23 cfs 14.012 af					
Subcatchment 2-10: 2-10 (Design Point #7)	Runoff Area=620,155 sf Runoff Depth=6.94"					
Flow Length=1,500	Tc=41.3 min CN=87 Runoff=53.95 cfs 8.230 af					
Subcatchment 2-3: 2-3 (Design Point #3)	Runoff Area=85,780 sf Runoff Depth=6.82"					
Flow Length=270	Tc=16.3 min CN=86 Runoff=11.10 cfs 1.119 af					
Subcatchment 2-4: 2-4 (Design Point #4)	Runoff Area=370,700 sf Runoff Depth=6.34"					
Flow Length=930	Tc=59.7 min CN=82 Runoff=24.63 cfs 4.493 af					
Subcatchment 2-5: 2-5 (Design Point #5)	Runoff Area=1,295,601 sf Runoff Depth=6.34"					
Flow Length=1,602'	Tc=55.2 min CN=82 Runoff=89.77 cfs 15.703 af					
Subcatchment 2-9: 2-9 (Design Point #8)	Runoff Area=56,390 sf Runoff Depth=7.18"					
Flow Length=68	5' Tc=19.4 min CN=89 Runoff=7.04 cfs 0.774 af					
Total Runoff Area = 79.991 ac Runoff Volume = 44.332 af Average Runoff Depth = 6.65" 93.81% Pervious Area = 75.040 ac 6.19% Impervious Area = 4.952 ac						

Type III 24-hr 100 Year Rainfall=8.50" Page 14 LLC 1/8/2019

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Subcatchment 2-1: 2-1 (Design Point #1)

Runoff = 107.23 cfs @ 12.39 hrs, Volume= 14.012 af, Depth= 6.94"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 100 Year Rainfall=8.50"

A	rea (sf)	CN E	Description					
8	51,042	2 86 Woods/grass comb., Poor, HSG D						
	68,407	98 F	aved park	ing & roofs				
	95,207		Gravel road	,				
	41,136	79 5	0-75% Gra	ass cover, F	Fair, HSG C			
1,0	55,792	87 V	Veighted A	verage				
9	87,385	F	Pervious Ar	ea				
	68,407	l	mpervious	Area				
_								
Tc	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description			
(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)				
25.2	150	0.0270	0.10		Sheet Flow, Ridge			
					Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.50"			
3.6	325	0.0920	1.52		Shallow Concentrated Flow,			
					Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps			
0.4	70	0.0280	2.69		Shallow Concentrated Flow,			
					Unpaved Kv= 16.1 fps			
0.7	30	0.0230	0.76		Shallow Concentrated Flow,			
					Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps			
29.9	575	Total						

Subcatchment 2-10: 2-10 (Design Point #7)

Runoff = 53.95 cfs @ 12.53 hrs, Volume= 8.230 af, Depth= 6.94"

Area (sf)	CN	Description			
218,000	86	Woods over rock			
270,155	82	Woods/grass comb., Fair, HSG D			
132,000	98	Bare Rock			
620,155	87	Weighted Average			
488,155		Pervious Area			
132,000		Impervious Area			

Type III 24-hr 100 Year Rainfall=8.50" Page 15 LLC 1/8/2019

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Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
15.6	100	0.0400	0.11		Sheet Flow,
					Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.50"
0.1	20	0.3500	2.96		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
					Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
16.8	830	0.0270	0.82		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
					Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
7.5	370	0.0270	0.82		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
					Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
1.3	180	0.0220	2.39		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
					Unpaved Kv= 16.1 fps

•

41.3 1,500 Total

Subcatchment 2-3: 2-3 (Design Point #3)

Runoff = 11.10 cfs @ 12.22 hrs, Volume= 1.119 af, Depth= 6.82"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 100 Year Rainfall=8.50"

_	A	rea (sf)	CN [Description		
		85,780	86 \	Noods/gras	ss comb., P	loor, HSG D
		85,780	F	Pervious Ar	ea	
	Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
_	11.3	58	0.0300	0.09		Sheet Flow, Ridge
	0.6	62	0.1300	1.80		Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.50" Shallow Concentrated Flow, Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
	4.4	150	0.0130	0.57		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
_	16.3	270	Total			

Subcatchment 2-4: 2-4 (Design Point #4)

Runoff = 24.63 cfs @ 12.80 hrs, Volume= 4.493 af, Depth= 6.34"

 Area (sf)	CN	Description
 370,700	82	Woods/grass comb., Poor, HSG C
 370,700		Pervious Area

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Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
33.7	150	0.0130	0.07		Sheet Flow, Ridge
26.0	780	0.0100	0.50		Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.50" Shallow Concentrated Flow,
20.0	100	0.0100	0.00		Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps

59.7 930 Total

Subcatchment 2-5: 2-5 (Design Point #5)

Runoff = 89.77 cfs @ 12.70 hrs, Volume= 15.703 af, Depth= 6.34"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 100 Year Rainfall=8.50"

_	A	rea (sf)	CN [Description		
	1,2	95,601	82 V	Voods/gras	s comb., P	loor, HSG C
_	1,2	95,601	F	Pervious Ar	ea	
_	Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
_	21.5	150	0.0400	0.12		Sheet Flow, Ridge
	14.1	642	0.0230	0.76		Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.50" Shallow Concentrated Flow, Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
	1.5	120	0.0750	1.37		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
	15.0	450	0.0100	0.50		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
_	3.1	240	0.0660	1.28		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
	55.2	1,602	Total			

Subcatchment 2-9: 2-9 (Design Point #8)

Runoff = 7.04 cfs @ 12.26 hrs, Volume= 0.774 af, Depth= 7.18"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 100 Year Rainfall=8.50"

Area (sf)	CN	Description	
41,100	86	Woods over rock	
15,290	98	Bare Rock	
56,390	89	Weighted Average	
41,100		Pervious Area	
15,290		Impervious Area	

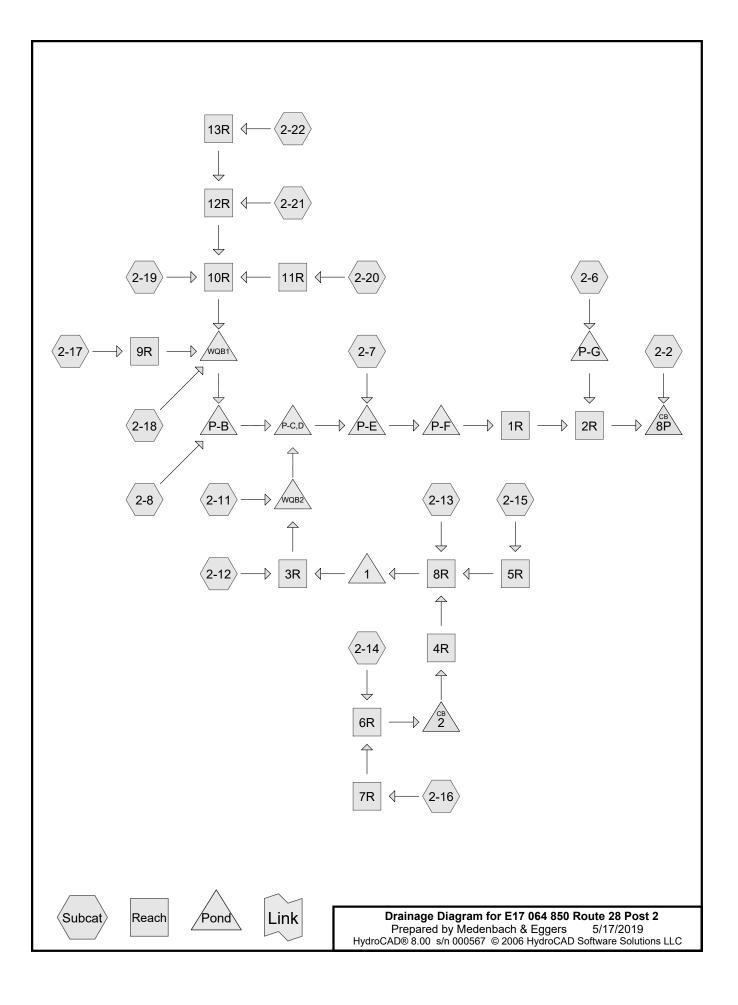
Type III 24-hr 100 Year Rainfall=8.50" Page 16 LLC 1/8/2019

Type III 24-hr 100 Year Rainfall=8.50" Page 17 LLC 1/8/2019

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	Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
_	10.8	100	0.1000	0.15		Sheet Flow,
						Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.50"
	1.3	130	0.1100	1.66		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
						Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
	2.4	100	0.0200	0.71		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
						Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
	0.6	100	0.3000	2.74		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
						Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
	4.2	255	0.0400	1.00		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
_						Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps

19.4 685 Total



Area Listing (all nodes)

<u>Area (acres)</u>	<u>CN</u>	Description (subcats)
16.205	82	Woods/grass comb., Fair, HSG D (2-11,2-18,2-6,2-7)
9.862	86	Woods/grass comb., Poor, HSG D (2-2,2-7)
0.607	89	<50% Grass cover, Poor, HSG D (2-2)
13.676	91	Gravel roads, HSG D (2-12,2-13,2-14,2-15,2-16,2-17,2-19,2-20,2-21,2-22,2-6)
10.062	91	Woods over rock (2-12,2-14,2-7,2-8)
6.540	98	Bare Rock (2-12,2-2,2-7,2-8)
20.298	98	Paved parking & roofs (2-11,2-13,2-14,2-15,2-16,2-17,2-18,2-19,2-20,2-21,2-22)
2.332	98	Water (2-6,2-7,2-8)

79.583

E17 064 850 Route 28 Post 2 Prepared by Medenbach & Eggers HydroCAD® 8.00 s/n 000567 © 2006 Hyd	Type III 24-hr 1 Year F	2 <i>ainfall=2.70"</i> Page 3 5/17/2019
		5/17/2019
Runof	0.00-48.00 hrs, dt=0.01 hrs, 4801 points ff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS nd+Trans method - Pond routing by Stor-Ind method	
Subcatchment 2-11: 2-11	Runoff Area=23,000 sf Runo Tc=6.0 min CN=83 Runoff=0.	•
Subcatchment 2-12: 2-12	Runoff Area=254,085 sf Runo Flow Length=1,415' Tc=30.2 min CN=93 Runoff=7.4	
Subcatchment 2-13: 2-13 Flow Length	Runoff Area=135,234 sf Runo h=600' Slope=0.0500 '/' Tc=6.4 min CN=94 Runoff=7.	•
Subcatchment 2-14: 2-14 Flow Length	Runoff Area=182,245 sf Runo h=600' Slope=0.0500 '/' Tc=6.4 min CN=94 Runoff=9.0	•
Subcatchment 2-15: 2-15	Runoff Area=260,970 sf Runo Tc=6.0 min CN=96 Runoff=14.	•
Subcatchment 2-16: 2-16	Runoff Area=114,850 sf Runo Tc=6.0 min CN=96 Runoff=6.4	•
Subcatchment 2-17: 2-17	Runoff Area=132,260 sf Runo Tc=6.0 min CN=96 Runoff=7.	
Subcatchment 2-18: 2-18	Runoff Area=73,420 sf Runo Tc=6.0 min CN=90 Runoff=3.3	
Subcatchment 2-19: 2-19	Runoff Area=85,798 sf Runo Tc=6.0 min CN=95 Runoff=4.	
Subcatchment 2-2: 2-2	Runoff Area=464,367 sf Runo Flow Length=500' Tc=17.2 min CN=87 Runoff=13.3	
Subcatchment 2-20: 2-20	Runoff Area=254,000 sf Runo Tc=6.0 min CN=96 Runoff=14.	
Subcatchment 2-21: 2-21	Runoff Area=113,600 sf Runo Tc=6.0 min CN=94 Runoff=6.	•
Subcatchment 2-22: 2-22	Runoff Area=100,000 sf Runo Tc=6.0 min CN=96 Runoff=5.	•
Subcatchment 2-6: 2-6	Runoff Area=488,582 sf Runo Flow Length=500' Tc=17.2 min CN=84 Runoff=11.9	•
Subcatchment 2-7: 2-7	Runoff Area=552,745 sf Runo Flow Length=1,140' Tc=34.1 min CN=88 Runoff=12.3	•

E17 064 850 Route 28 Prepared by Medenbach HydroCAD® 8.00 s/n 000567	& Eggers	Type III 24-hr 1 Year Rainfall=2.70"Page 4Software Solutions LLC5/17/2019
Subcatchment 2-8: 2-8	Fl	Runoff Area=231,489 sf Runoff Depth=2.36" ow Length=335' Tc=2.8 min CN=97 Runoff=15.24 cfs 1.046 af
Reach 1R: Reach betweer		Avg. Depth=0.64' Max Vel=5.91 fps Inflow=45.29 cfs 7.944 af ' S=0.0320 '/' Capacity=357.02 cfs Outflow=45.23 cfs 7.944 af
		nt Avg. Depth=1.16' Max Vel=2.92 fps Inflow=50.80 cfs 8.874 af ' S=0.0040 '/' Capacity=126.22 cfs Outflow=45.40 cfs 8.868 af
Reach 3R: DRY SWALE	n=0.030 L=300.0	Avg. Depth=0.65' Max Vel=6.10 fps Inflow=37.22 cfs 3.831 af ' S=0.0330 '/' Capacity=272.37 cfs Outflow=37.10 cfs 3.831 af
Reach 4R: DRY SWALE	n=0.030 L=210.0	Avg. Depth=0.23' Max Vel=6.85 fps Inflow=13.19 cfs 1.214 af ' S=0.1495 '/' Capacity=579.77 cfs Outflow=13.18 cfs 1.214 af
Reach 5R: DRY SWALE	n=0.030 L=580.0	Avg. Depth=0.52' Max Vel=2.97 fps Inflow=14.93 cfs 1.127 af ' S=0.0103 '/' Capacity=152.50 cfs Outflow=13.84 cfs 1.127 af
Reach 6R: DRY SWALE	n=0.030 L=250.0	Avg. Depth=0.48' Max Vel=3.06 fps Inflow=13.30 cfs 1.214 af ' S=0.0120 '/' Capacity=164.24 cfs Outflow=13.19 cfs 1.214 af
Reach 7R: DRY SWALE	n=0.030 L=580.	Avg. Depth=0.31' Max Vel=2.19 fps Inflow=6.57 cfs 0.496 af 0' S=0.0103 '/' Capacity=152.50 cfs Outflow=5.87 cfs 0.496 af
Reach 8R: DRY SWALE	n=0.030 L=250.0	Avg. Depth=0.81' Max Vel=4.15 fps Inflow=32.32 cfs 2.875 af ' S=0.0120 '/' Capacity=164.24 cfs Outflow=32.14 cfs 2.875 af
Reach 9R: DRY SWALE	n=0.030 L=460.	Avg. Depth=0.24' Max Vel=3.61 fps Inflow=7.57 cfs 0.571 af 0' S=0.0391 '/' Capacity=296.59 cfs Outflow=7.29 cfs 0.571 af
Reach 10R: DRY SWALE	n=0.030 L=580.0	Avg. Depth=0.55' Max Vel=5.09 fps Inflow=25.83 cfs 2.331 af ' S=0.0284 '/' Capacity=252.89 cfs Outflow=25.32 cfs 2.331 af
Reach 11R: DRY SWALE	n=0.030 L=580.0	Avg. Depth=0.38' Max Vel=4.13 fps Inflow=14.53 cfs 1.097 af ' S=0.0284 '/' Capacity=252.89 cfs Outflow=13.91 cfs 1.097 af
Reach 12R: DRY SWALE	n=0.030 L=580.	Avg. Depth=0.29' Max Vel=3.49 fps Inflow=8.95 cfs 0.880 af 0' S=0.0284 '/' Capacity=252.89 cfs Outflow=8.79 cfs 0.880 af
Reach 13R: DRY SWALE	n=0.030 L=600.	Avg. Depth=0.29' Max Vel=2.05 fps Inflow=5.72 cfs 0.432 af 0' S=0.0100 '/' Capacity=149.93 cfs Outflow=5.03 cfs 0.432 af
Pond 1: Culvert		Peak Elev=480.61' Storage=334 cf Inflow=32.14 cfs 2.875 af 36.0" x 60.0' Culvert Outflow=32.09 cfs 2.875 af
Pond 2: Culvert		Peak Elev=479.49' Inflow=13.19 cfs 1.214 af 36.0" x 60.0' Culvert Outflow=13.19 cfs 1.214 af
Pond 8P: Road Culvert St	orage (Design Po	Dint #2) Peak Elev=828.61' Inflow=48.47 cfs 10.183 af 12.0" x 160.0' Culvert Outflow=48.47 cfs 10.183 af

E17 064 850 Route 28 Post 2 Prepared by Medenbach & Eggers HydroCAD® 8.00 s/n 000567 © 2006 Hydrod	Type III 24-hr 1 Year Rainfall=2.70"Page 5CAD Software Solutions LLC5/17/2019
Pond P-B: Pond B Primary=10.69 cfs	Peak Elev=460.50' Storage=159,090 cf Inflow=28.57 cfs 4.179 af 3.962 af Secondary=0.00 cfs 0.000 af Outflow=10.69 cfs 3.962 af
Pond P-C,D: Pond C and D	Peak Elev=456.99' Storage=22,709 cf Inflow=38.89 cfs 7.770 af Outflow=36.96 cfs 7.522 af
Pond P-E: Pond E	Peak Elev=456.42' Storage=40,523 cf Inflow=49.07 cfs 9.165 af Outflow=48.34 cfs 8.418 af
Pond P-F: Pond E	Peak Elev=455.40' Storage=47,854 cf Inflow=48.34 cfs 8.418 af Outflow=45.29 cfs 7.944 af
Pond P-G: Pond G	Peak Elev=446.16' Storage=12,365 cf Inflow=11.92 cfs 1.190 af Outflow=11.54 cfs 0.930 af
Pond WQB1: Water Quality Basin #1 Primary=24.00 cfs	Peak Elev=467.74' Storage=81,551 cf Inflow=33.71 cfs 3.142 af 3.134 af Secondary=0.00 cfs 0.000 af Outflow=24.00 cfs 3.134 af
Pond WQB2: Water Quality Basin #2 Primary=32.71 cfs	Peak Elev=462.65' Storage=72,870 cf Inflow=37.52 cfs 3.885 af 3.807 af Secondary=0.00 cfs 0.000 af Outflow=32.71 cfs 3.807 af

Total Runoff Area = 79.583 acRunoff Volume = 12.221 afAverage Runoff Depth = 1.84"63.35% Pervious Area = 50.413 ac36.65% Impervious Area = 29.171 ac

Subcatchment 2-11: 2-11

Runoff = 0.74 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume= 0.053 af, Depth= 1.21"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 1 Year Rainfall=2.70"

Area (sf) CN	Description				
22,0	00 82	Woods/gras	ss comb., F	air, HSG D		
1,0	00 98	Paved park	ing & roofs			
23,0		Weighted A	•			
22,0		Pervious Area Impervious Area				
1,0	00	Impervious	Alea			
	ngth Slo eet) (ft	pe Velocity /ft) (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description		
6.0				Direct Entry,		

Subcatchment 2-12: 2-12

Runoff = 7.45 cfs @ 12.39 hrs, Volume= 0.957 af, Depth= 1.97"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 1 Year Rainfall=2.70"

_	A	rea (sf)	CN E	escription		
		64,105	• •	Voods ove		
		27,182		Gravel road	ls, HSG D	
_		62,798	98 E	Bare Rock		
		54,085	93 V	Veighted A	verage	
	1	91,287	F	Pervious Ar	ea	
		62,798	Ir	npervious	Area	
	Тс	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description
_	(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)	
	10.8	100	0.1000	0.15		Sheet Flow, Ridge
						Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.50"
	1.4	100	0.0600	1.22		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
						Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
	8.7	260	0.0100	0.50		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
						Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
	5.5	390	0.0550	1.17		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
						Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
	3.8	565	0.0620	2.49		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
_						Nearly Bare & Untilled Kv= 10.0 fps
	30.2	1 / 15	Total			

30.2 1,415 Total

Subcatchment 2-13: 2-13

Runoff = 7.16 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume= 0.533 af, Depth= 2.06"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 1 Year Rainfall=2.70"

	Are	ea (sf)	CN E	Description		
	8	35,900	91 C	Gravel road	ls, HSG D	
	4	19,334	98 F	Paved park	ing & roofs	
	13	35,234	94 V	Veighted A	verage	
	8	35,900	F	Pervious Ar	ea	
	4	19,334	I	mpervious	Area	
	_					
		Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description
(mir	ו)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)	
2.	7	100	0.0500	0.62		Sheet Flow, Ridge
						Fallow n= 0.050 P2= 3.50"
3.	7	500	0.0500	2.24		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
						Nearly Bare & Untilled Kv= 10.0 fps
6.	4	600	Total			

Subcatchment 2-14: 2-14

Runoff = 9.65 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume= 0.719 af, Depth= 2.06"

A	rea (sf)	CN E	Description		
	18,778	91 G	Gravel road	ls, HSG D	
	77,612	98 F	aved park	ing & roofs	
	85,855	<u>91</u> V	Voods ove	r rock	
1	82,245	94 V	Veighted A	verage	
1	04,633	F	Pervious Ar	ea	
	77,612	li I	mpervious	Area	
Та	l a sa aith	Clana	Valasity	Consister	Description
Tc	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description
(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)	
2.7	100	0.0500	0.62		Sheet Flow, Ridge
					Fallow n= 0.050 P2= 3.50"
3.7	500	0.0500	2.24		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
					Nearly Bare & Untilled Kv= 10.0 fps
6.4	600	Total			

Subcatchment 2-15: 2-15

Runoff = 14.93 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume= 1.127 af, Depth= 2.26"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 1 Year Rainfall=2.70"

A	rea (sf)	CN	Description		
	65,300	91	Gravel road	ls, HSG D	
1	95,670	98	Paved park	ing & roofs	
2	60,970	96	Weighted A	verage	
	65,300		Pervious Ar	rea	
1	95,670		mpervious	Area	
Тс	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description
(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)	
6.0					Direct Entry,
					•

Subcatchment 2-16: 2-16

Runoff = 6.57 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume= 0.496 af, Depth= 2.26"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 1 Year Rainfall=2.70"

A	rea (sf)	CN	Description		
	38,185	91	Gravel road	ls, HSG D	
	76,665	98	Paved park	ing & roofs	
1	14,850	96	Weighted A	verage	
	38,185		Pervious Ar	ea	
	76,665		Impervious	Area	
-				0	
Tc	Length	Slope	,	Capacity	Description
(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)	
6.0					Direct Entry,

Subcatchment 2-17: 2-17

Runoff = 7.57 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume= 0.571 af, Depth= 2.26"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
32,100	91	Gravel roads, HSG D
100,160	98	Paved parking & roofs
132,260	96	Weighted Average
32,100		Pervious Area
100,160		Impervious Area

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Type III 24-hr 1 Year Rainfall=2.70" Page 9 LC 5/17/2019

Capacity Length Slope Velocity Description Tc (feet) (ft/ft) (ft/sec) (cfs) (min) 6.0 Direct Entry, Subcatchment 2-18: 2-18 Runoff 3.37 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume= 0.240 af, Depth= 1.71" = Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 1 Year Rainfall=2.70" Area (sf) CN Description 34,760 82 Woods/grass comb., Fair, HSG D 38,660 Paved parking & roofs 98 Weighted Average 73.420 90 34,760 Pervious Area Impervious Area 38,660 Tc Length Slope Velocity Capacity Description (ft/ft) (cfs) (min) (feet) (ft/sec) 6.0 Direct Entry, Subcatchment 2-19: 2-19 4.76 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume= Runoff 0.354 af. Depth= 2.16" = Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 1 Year Rainfall=2.70" Description Area (sf) CN Gravel roads, HSG D 35,798 91 Paved parking & roofs 50,000 98 Weighted Average 85.798 95 35,798 Pervious Area 50,000 Impervious Area Tc Length Slope Velocity Capacity Description (ft/sec) (min) (feet) (ft/ft) (cfs) 6.0 Direct Entry,

Subcatchment 2-2: 2-2

Runoff = 13.25 cfs @ 12.24 hrs, Volume= 1.315 af, Depth= 1.48"

Type III 24-hr 1 Year Rainfall=2.70" Page 10 .C 5/17/2019

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A	rea (sf)	CN E	Description		
4	24,327	86 V	Voods/gras	s comb., P	Poor, HSG D
	13,600	98 E	are Rock		
	26,440	89 <	50% Gras	s cover, Po	oor, HSG D
4	64,367	87 V	Veighted A	verage	
	50,767	F	Pervious Ar	ea	
	13,600	Ir	mpervious	Area	
-		01		0	
Тс	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description
(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)	
13.6	150	0.1250	0.18		Sheet Flow, Ridge
					Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.50"
0.7	100	0.2500	2.50		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
					Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
2.9	250	0.0800	1.41		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Steep Slope
					Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
17.2	500	Total			

Subcatchment 2-20: 2-20

Runoff	=	14.53 cfs @	12.08 hrs, Volume=	1.097 af, Depth= 2.26"
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Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 1 Year Rainfall=2.70"

Area (sf)	CN	Description		
88,000	91	Gravel road	ls, HSG D	
166,000	98	Paved park	ing & roofs	
254,000	96	Weighted A	verage	
88,000		Pervious Ar	ea	
166,000		Impervious	Area	
Tc Length	Slop		Capacity	Description
(min) (feet)	(ft/f	ft) (ft/sec)	(cfs)	
6.0				Direct Entry,
				-

Subcatchment 2-21: 2-21

Runoff = 6.10 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume= 0.448 af, Depth= 2.06"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
62,500	91	Gravel roads, HSG D
51,100	98	Paved parking & roofs
113,600	94	Weighted Average
62,500		Pervious Area
51,100		Impervious Area

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Tc Length Slope Velocity Capacity Description (min) (feet) (ft/ft) (ft/sec) (cfs)
6.0 Direct Entry,
Subcatchment 2-22: 2-22
Runoff = 5.72 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume= 0.432 af, Depth= 2.26"
Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs
Type III 24-hr 1 Year Rainfall=2.70"
Area (sf) CN Description
22,000 91 Gravel roads, HSG D 78,000 98 Paved parking & roofs
100,000 96 Weighted Average
22,000 Pervious Area 78,000 Impervious Area
Tc Length Slope Velocity Capacity Description
(min) (feet) (ft/ft) (ft/sec) (cfs)
6.0 Direct Entry,
Subcatchment 2-6: 2-6
Runoff = 11.92 cfs @ 12.25 hrs, Volume= 1.190 af, Depth= 1.27"
Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs
Type III 24-hr 1 Year Rainfall=2.70"
Area (sf) CN Description
362,256 82 Woods/grass comb., Fair, HSG D 6,322 98 Water
120,004 91 Gravel roads, HSG D
488,582 84 Weighted Average 482,260 Pervious Area
6,322 Impervious Area
Tc Length Slope Velocity Capacity Description
(min) (ft/ft) (ft/sec) (cfs) 13.6 150 0.1250 0.18 Sheet Flow, Ridge
Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.50"
0.7 100 0.2500 2.50 Shallow Concentrated Flow, Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
2.92500.08001.41Shallow Concentrated Flow, Steep Slope Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
17.2 500 Total

Type III 24-hr 1 Year Rainfall=2.70" Page 11 5/17/2019

Subcatchment 2-7: 2-7

Runoff = 12.34 cfs @ 12.47 hrs, Volume= 1.643 af, Depth= 1.55"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 1 Year Rainfall=2.70"

_	A	rea (sf)	CN D	Description		
	1	53,353	-	Voods ove		
	2	86,857	82 V	Voods/gras	ss comb., F	Fair, HSG D
		61,264	98 V	Vater		
		46,000	98 E	Bare Rock		
_		5,271	86 V	Voods/gras	ss comb., P	Poor, HSG D
	5	52,745	88 V	Veighted A	verage	
	4	45,481	F	Pervious Ar	ea	
	1	07,264	Ir	mpervious	Area	
				-		
	Тс	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description
_	(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)	
	11.8	50	0.0200	0.07		Sheet Flow, Ridge
						Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.50"
	5.1	50	0.1600	0.16		Sheet Flow,
						Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.50"
	1.4	130	0.0920	1.52		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
						Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
	5.5	340	0.0420	1.02		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
						Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
	6.4	200	0.0110	0.52		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
						Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
	3.7	250	0.0500	1.12		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
						Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
	0.2	120	0.2700	8.37		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
_						Unpaved Kv= 16.1 fps
	2/1	1 1 1 1 0	Total			

34.1 1,140 Total

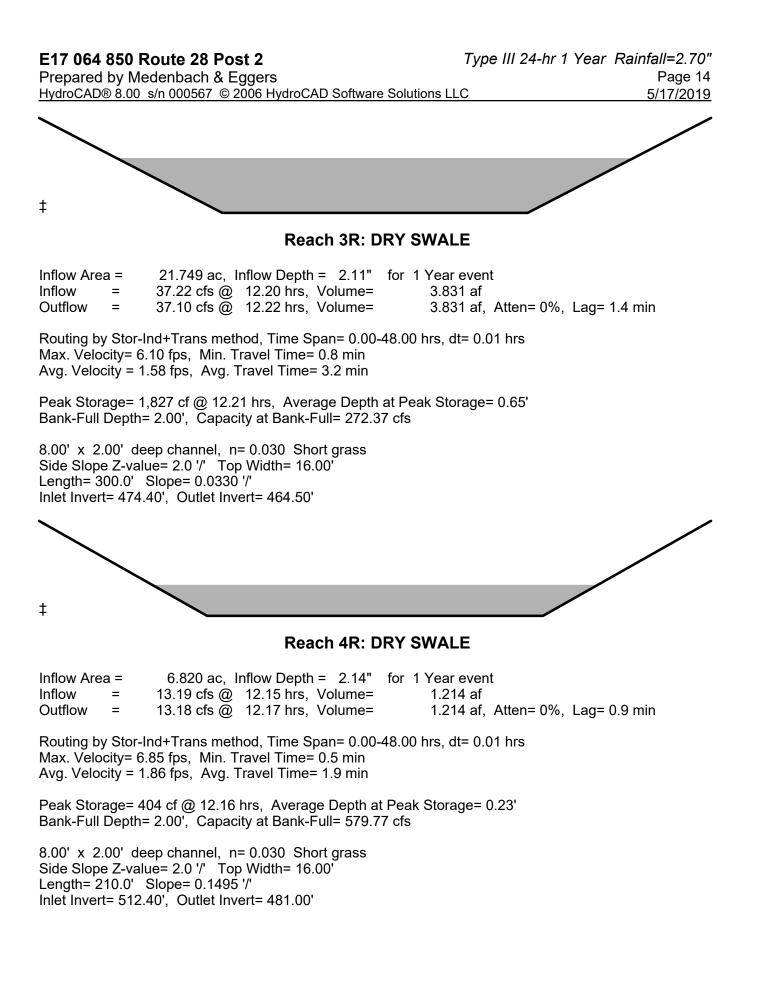
Subcatchment 2-8: 2-8

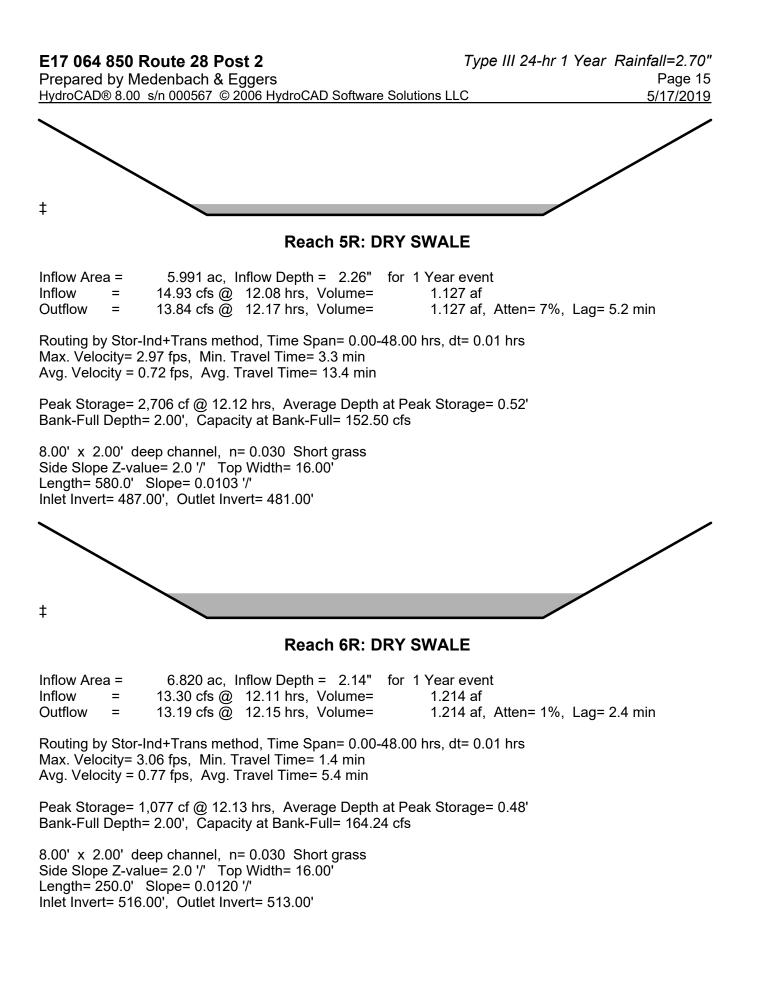
Runoff = 15.24 cfs @ 12.04 hrs, Volume= 1.046 af, Depth= 2.36"

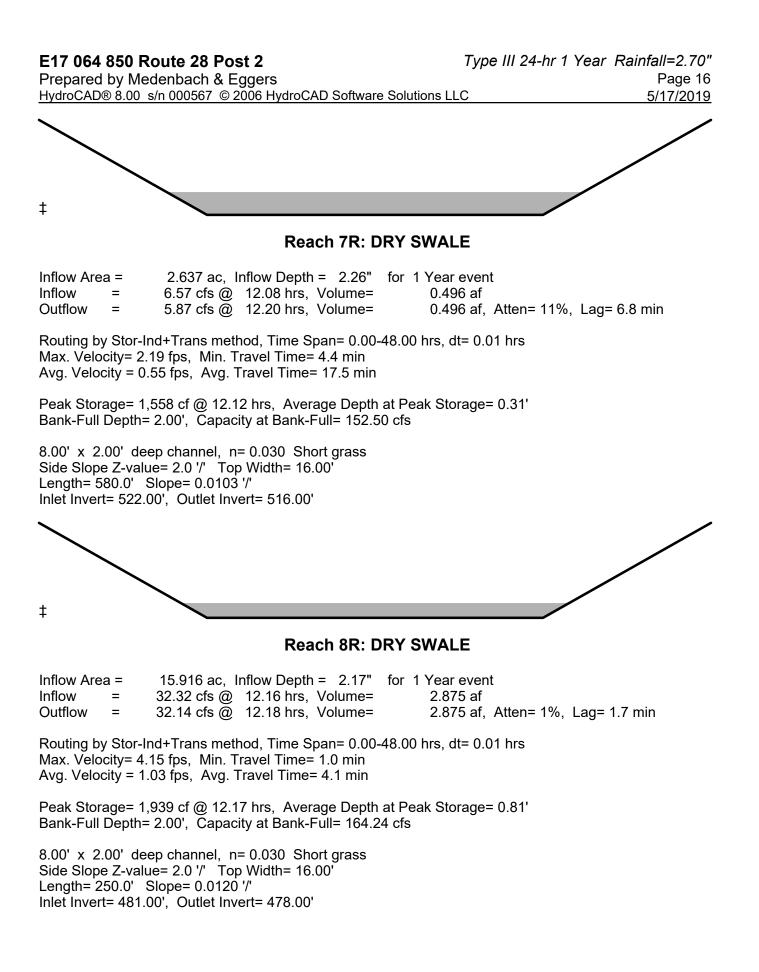
Area (sf)	CN	Description
35,000	91	Woods over rock
34,000	98	Water
162,489	98	Bare Rock
231,489	97	Weighted Average
35,000		Pervious Area
196,489		Impervious Area

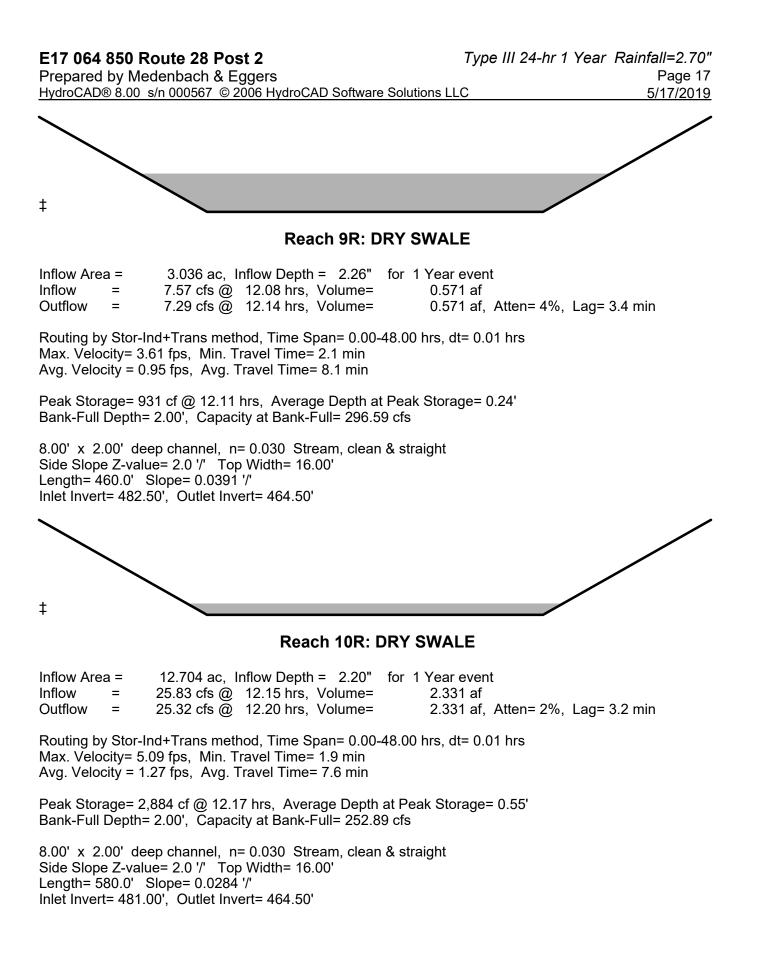
Prepare	d by Me		& Eggers		Type III 24-hr 1 Year Rainfall=2.70" Page 13
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Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
1.5	100	0.0100	1.09	<u> </u>	Sheet Flow,
1.3	235	0.0210	2.94		Smooth surfaces n= 0.011 P2= 3.50" Shallow Concentrated Flow, Paved Kv= 20.3 fps
2.8	335	Total			·
			Reach	1R: Reac	ch between Pond F and G
Inflow Ar	rea =	57 707 ;	ac Inflow	Depth > 1	1.65" for 1 Year event
Inflow	=			0 hrs, Volu	
Outflow	=		\sim	,	ume= 7.944 af, Atten= 0%, Lag= 1.3 min
Max. Ve	locity= 5.	91 fps, M	lin. Travel	ime Span= Time= 0.7 Time= 2.7	
					Depth at Peak Storage= 0.64' 357.02 cfs
Side Slo Length=	pe Z-valı 250.0' ג	ue= 3.0 '/' Slope= 0.0	Top Widt		grass
	_				
‡					
+					
		Re	each 2R	Reach to	o Route 28 (Design Point #6)
Inflow Ai Inflow Outflow	rea = = =	50.80 cfs	s@ 12.6	Depth > _1 1 hrs, Volu 3 hrs, Volu	
Max. Ve	locity= 2.	92 fps, M	lin. Travel	ime Span= Time= 5.7 Time= 20.0	
					e Depth at Peak Storage= 1.16' 126.22 cfs
10 00' x	2 00' d	eep chanr	nel n=0()30 Short o	arass

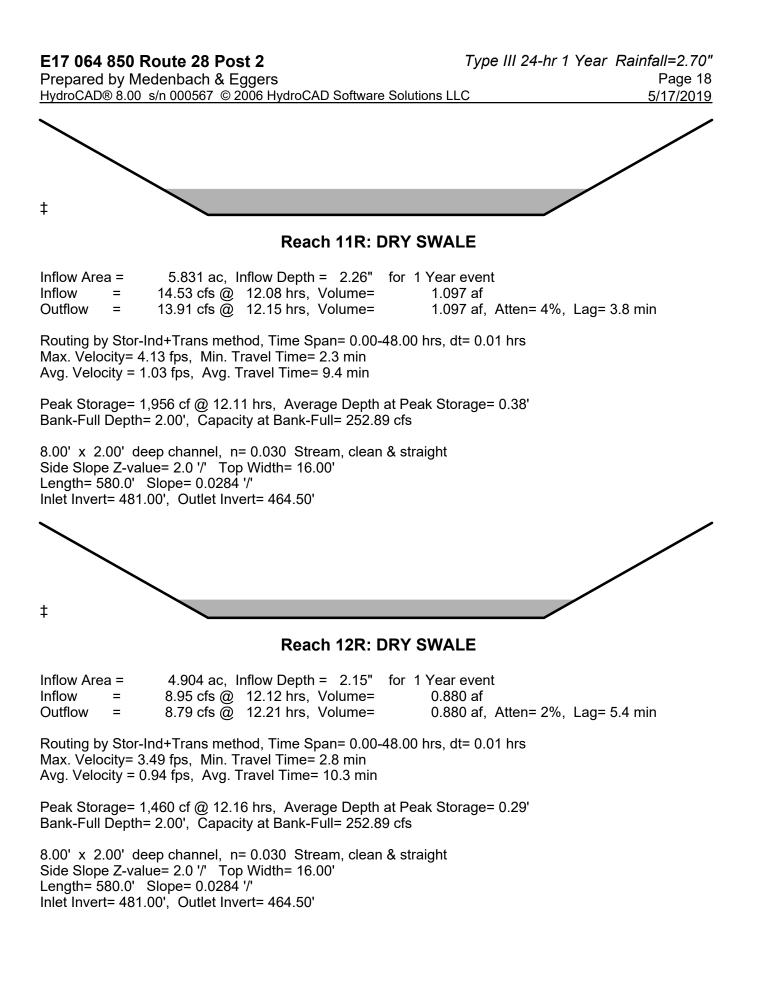
10.00' x 2.00' deep channel, n= 0.030 Short grass Side Slope Z-value= 3.0 '/' Top Width= 22.00' Length= 1,000.0' Slope= 0.0040 '/' Inlet Invert= 446.00', Outlet Invert= 442.00'

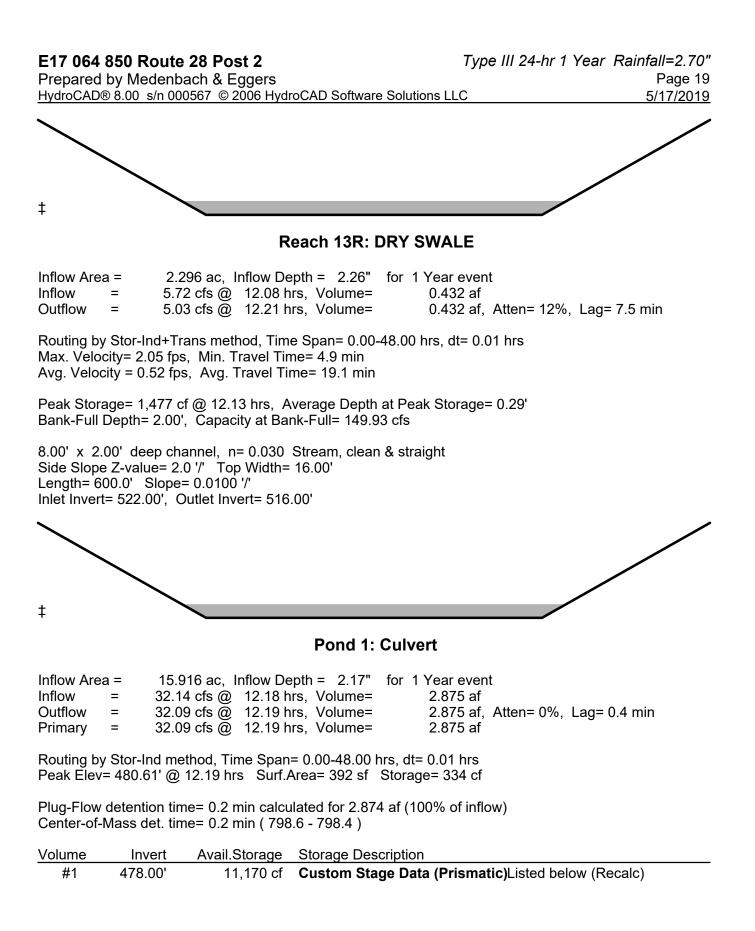












Type III 24-hr 1 Year Rainfall=2.70" Page 20 .C 5/17/2019

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Elevation (feet)	Surf.Area (sq-ft)	Inc.Store (cubic-feet)	Cum.Store (cubic-feet)
478.00	20	0	0
480.00	150	170	170
482.00	950	1,100	1,270
484.00	2,325	3,275	4,545
486.00	4,300	6,625	11,170

Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1	Primary	478.00'	36.0" x 60.0' long Culvert CPP, square edge headwall, Ke= 0.500
			Outlet Invert= 477.40' S= 0.0100 '/' Cc= 0.900
			n= 0.013 Corrugated PE, smooth interior

Primary OutFlow Max=32.08 cfs @ 12.19 hrs HW=480.60' (Free Discharge) **1=Culvert** (Barrel Controls 32.08 cfs @ 6.58 fps)

Pond 2: Culvert

Inflow Area	a =	6.820 ac, Inflow Depth = 2.14'	for 1 Year event
Inflow	=	13.19 cfs @ 12.15 hrs, Volume=	= 1.214 af
Outflow	=	13.19 cfs @ 12.15 hrs, Volume=	= 1.214 af, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min
Primary	=	13.19 cfs @ 12.15 hrs, Volume=	= 1.214 af

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Peak Elev= 479.49' @ 12.15 hrs

Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1	Primary	478.00'	36.0" x 60.0' long Culvert CPP, square edge headwall, Ke= 0.500 Outlet Invert= 477.40' S= 0.0100 '/' Cc= 0.900 n= 0.013 Corrugated PE, smooth interior

Primary OutFlow Max=13.18 cfs @ 12.15 hrs HW=479.49' (Free Discharge) **1=Culvert** (Barrel Controls 13.18 cfs @ 5.49 fps)

Pond 8P: Road Culvert Storage (Design Point #2)

Inflow Area =	79.58	33 ac, Inflow De	epth > 1.54"	' for 1 Year event	
Inflow =	48.47	′ cfs @ 12.82 h	nrs, Volume=	= 10.183 af	
Outflow =	48.47	′ cfs @ 12.82 h	nrs, Volume=	= 10.183 af, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min	
Primary =	48.47	′ cfs @ 12.82 ł	nrs, Volume=	= 10.183 af	

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Peak Elev= 828.61' @ 12.82 hrs

Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1	Primary	442.00'	12.0" x 160.0' long Culvert CPP, square edge headwall, Ke= 0.500 Outlet Invert= 441.84' S= 0.0010 '/' Cc= 0.900 n= 0.013 Corrugated PE, smooth interior

Primary OutFlow Max=48.46 cfs @ 12.82 hrs HW=828.53' (Free Discharge) **1=Culvert** (Barrel Controls 48.46 cfs @ 61.70 fps)

Pond P-B: Pond B

Inflow A Inflow Outflow Primary Seconda	= = =	28.57 cfs @ 1 10.69 cfs @ 1 10.69 cfs @ 1	ow Depth > 2.21" 2.30 hrs, Volume= 2.88 hrs, Volume= 2.88 hrs, Volume= 0.00 hrs, Volume=	= 4.1 = 3.9 = 3.9	r event 79 af 62 af, Atten= 63%, Lag= 34.8 mii 62 af 00 af	n
Starting	Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Starting Elev= 459.00' Surf.Area= 37,333 sf Storage= 94,667 cf Peak Elev= 460.50' @ 12.88 hrs Surf.Area= 55,674 sf Storage= 159,090 cf (64,424 cf above start)					
			min calculated for 1 min (1,053.8 - 896		6 of inflow)	
Volume	Inv	vert Avail.Sto	orage Storage De	scription		
#1	456.				rismatic)Listed below (Recalc)	
Elevatio (fee		Surf.Area (sq-ft)	Inc.Store (cubic-feet)	Cum.Store (cubic-feet)		
456.0		25,000	0	0		
458.0		34,000	59,000	59,000		
459.8		40,000	66,600	125,600		
460.0		45,000	8,500	134,100		
462.0		88,000	133,000	267,100		
464.0	00	100,000	188,000	455,100		
Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices			
#1	Second	ary 470.00'	50.0' long (Prof	ile 10) Broa	d-Crested Rectangular Weir	
		,	Head (feet) 1.97			
			Coef. (English)			
#2	Primary	459.20'			CPP, square edge headwall, Ke=	0.500
					0100 '/' Cc= 0.900	
			n= 0.013 Corrug	aled PE, SM		
Primary	Primary OutFlow Max=10.68 cfs @ 12.88 hrs_HW=460.50'_(Free Discharge)					

Primary OutFlow Max=10.68 cfs @ 12.88 hrs HW=460.50' (Free Discharge) ←2=Culvert (Barrel Controls 10.68 cfs @ 5.38 fps)

Secondary OutFlow Max=0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs HW=459.00' (Free Discharge)

Pond P-C,D: Pond C and D

Inflow Area =	45.017 ac, Inflow Depth > 2.07"	for 1 Year event
Inflow =	38.89 cfs @ 12.33 hrs, Volume=	7.770 af
Outflow =	36.96 cfs @ 12.41 hrs, Volume=	7.522 af, Atten= 5%, Lag= 5.3 min
Primary =	36.96 cfs @ 12.41 hrs, Volume=	7.522 af

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Peak Elev= 456.99' @ 12.41 hrs Surf.Area= 25,933 sf Storage= 22,709 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 57.8 min calculated for 7.522 af (97% of inflow)

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Center-of-Mass det. time= 19.2 min (1,000.1 - 980.9)

Volume	Inve	ert Avail.Sto	rage	Storage	Description	
#1	456.0	00' 214,0	00 cf	Custom	Stage Data (P	rismatic)Listed below (Recalc)
Elevatio (fee		Surf.Area (sq-ft)		Store -feet)	Cum.Store (cubic-feet)	
456.0	0	20,000		0	0	
458.0	0	32,000	5	2,000	52,000	
460.0	0	40,000	7	2,000	124,000	
462.0	0	50,000	9	0,000	214,000	
Device	Routing	Invert	Outle	t Devices	3	
#1	Primary	456.50'	Head	(feet) 0.	20 0.40 0.60	Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir 0.80 1.00 1.20 1.40 1.60 .70 2.64 2.63 2.64 2.64 2.63

Primary OutFlow Max=36.90 cfs @ 12.41 hrs HW=456.99' (Free Discharge) 1=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir (Weir Controls 36.90 cfs @ 1.89 fps)

Pond P-E: Pond E

Inflow Area =	57.707 ac, Inflow Depth > 1.91"	for 1 Year event
Inflow =	49.07 cfs @ 12.43 hrs, Volume=	9.165 af
Outflow =	48.34 cfs @ 12.48 hrs, Volume=	8.418 af, Atten= 1%, Lag= 3.3 min
Primary =	48.34 cfs @ 12.48 hrs, Volume=	8.418 af

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Peak Elev= 456.42' @ 12.48 hrs Surf.Area= 19,451 sf Storage= 40,523 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 101.2 min calculated for 8.418 af (92% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 27.5 min (1,000.4 - 972.9)

Volume	Inv	ert Avail.S	torage	Storage	Description	
#1	454.	00' 127	000 cf	Custom	Stage Data (P	rismatic)Listed below (Recalc)
Elevatio (fee		Surf.Area (sq-ft)		c.Store ic-feet)	Cum.Store (cubic-feet)	
454.0		14,000		0	0	
456.0	00	18,500		32,500	32,500	
458.0	00	23,000		41,500	74,000	
460.0	00	30,000		53,000	127,000	
Device	Routing	Inver	t Out	let Devices	6	
#1	Primary	456.00	Hea	d (feet) 1	rofile 10) Broa .97 2.46 2.95 i) 3.51 3.48 3	

Primary OutFlow Max=48.24 cfs @ 12.48 hrs HW=456.42' (Free Discharge) 1=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir (Weir Controls 48.24 cfs @ 2.28 fps)

Pond P-F: Pond E

Inflow Area =	57.707 ac, Inflow Depth > 1.75"	for 1 Year event
Inflow =	48.34 cfs @ 12.48 hrs, Volume=	8.418 af
Outflow =	45.29 cfs @ 12.60 hrs, Volume=	7.944 af, Atten= 6%, Lag= 7.0 min
Primary =	45.29 cfs @ 12.60 hrs, Volume=	7.944 af

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Starting Elev= 453.60' Surf.Area= 13,586 sf Storage= 20,469 cf Peak Elev= 455.40' @ 12.60 hrs Surf.Area= 17,164 sf Storage= 47,854 cf (27,385 cf above start)

Plug-Flow detention time= 129.0 min calculated for 7.473 af (89% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 19.5 min (1,019.9 - 1,000.4)

Volume	Inve	ert Avail.Sto	orage	Storage D	Description	
#1	452.0	00' 153,0	05 cf	Custom \$	Stage Data (P	rismatic)Listed below (Recalc)
Elevatio (fee 452.0 454.0 456.0 458.0 460.0	9 <u>t)</u> 00 00 00 00	Surf.Area (sq-ft) 12,000 13,983 18,513 23,000 30,013	(cubio 2 3 4	.Store <u>c-feet)</u> 0 25,983 22,496 1,513 33,013	Cum.Store (cubic-feet) 0 25,983 58,479 99,992 153,005	
Device	Routing	Invert	Outle	et Devices		
#1	Primary	455.00'	Head	d (feet) 1.9	ofile 10) Broad 97 2.46 2.95 3.51 3.48 3.	

Primary OutFlow Max=45.13 cfs @ 12.60 hrs HW=455.40' (Free Discharge) —1=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir (Weir Controls 45.13 cfs @ 2.23 fps)

Pond P-G: Pond G

Inflow Area	a =	11.216 ac, Inflow Depth = 1.27	" for 1 Year event
Inflow	=	11.92 cfs @ 12.25 hrs, Volume	= 1.190 af
Outflow	=	11.54 cfs @ 12.29 hrs, Volume	= 0.930 af, Atten= 3%, Lag= 2.4 min
Primary	=	11.54 cfs @ 12.29 hrs, Volume	= 0.930 af

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Peak Elev= 446.16' @ 12.29 hrs Surf.Area= 6,499 sf Storage= 12,365 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 125.2 min calculated for 0.930 af (78% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 41.9 min (889.9 - 848.0)

Volume	Invert	Avail.Storage	Storage Description
#1	444.00'	45,644 cf	Custom Stage Data (Prismatic)Listed below (Recalc)

Type III 24-hr 1 Year Rainfall=2.70" Page 24 C 5/17/2019

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Elevation (feet)	Surf.Area (sq-ft)	Inc.Store (cubic-feet)	Cum.Store (cubic-feet)
444.00	5,000	0	0
446.00	6,322	11,322	11,322
448.00	8,500	14,822	26,144
450.00	11,000	19,500	45,644

Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1	Primary	446.00'	50.0' long (Profile 10) Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir Head (feet) 1.97 2.46 2.95 3.94 4.92 Coef. (English) 3.51 3.48 3.42 3.48 3.57

Primary OutFlow Max=11.51 cfs @ 12.29 hrs HW=446.16' (Free Discharge) **1=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir** (Weir Controls 11.51 cfs @ 1.42 fps)

Pond WQB1: Water Quality Basin #1

Inflow Area =	17.426 ac, Inflow Depth = 2.16"	for 1 Year event
Inflow =	33.71 cfs @ 12.18 hrs, Volume=	3.142 af
Outflow =	24.00 cfs @ 12.32 hrs, Volume=	3.134 af, Atten= 29%, Lag= 8.2 min
Primary =	24.00 cfs @ 12.32 hrs, Volume=	3.134 af
Secondary =	0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs, Volume=	0.000 af

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Starting Elev= 465.00' Surf.Area= 10,550 sf Storage= 40,960 cf Peak Elev= 467.74' @ 12.32 hrs Surf.Area= 18,498 sf Storage= 81,551 cf (40,591 cf above start)

Plug-Flow detention time= 332.1 min calculated for 2.193 af (70% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 140.7 min (939.1 - 798.4)

Volume	Inve	rt Avail.Sto	rage Storage	Description		
#1	458.00)' 130,97	78 cf Custom	Stage Data (Conic	c) Listed below (Rec	alc)
Elevatio		Surf.Area	Inc.Store	Cum.Store	Wet.Area	
(fee		(sq-ft)	(cubic-feet)	(cubic-feet)	<u>(sq-ft)</u>	
458.0		3,500	0	0	3,500	
460.0		4,550	8,027	8,027	4,642	
462.0		5,825	10,349	18,376	6,015	
464.0		7,710	13,491	31,867	7,988	
465.0	0	10,550	9,093	40,960	10,848	
466.0	0	14,110	12,287	53,247	14,429	
468.0	0	19,200	33,180	86,426	19,600	
470.0	0	25,500	44,551	130,978	25,989	
Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices	5		
#1	Primary Device 1	462.50' 465.00'	36.0" x 40.0' long Culvert CPP, mitered to conform to fill, Ke= 0.700 Outlet Invert= 460.50' S= 0.0500 '/' Cc= 0.900 n= 0.013 Corrugated PE, smooth interior 6.0" Vert. Orifice/Grate C= 0.600			
#3 #4	Device 1 Device 1	466.50' 467.50'	4.00' W x 1.00)' H Vert. Primary (Overflow C= 0.600 Limited to weir flo	

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Type III 24-hr 1 Year Rainfall=2.70" Page 25 C 5/17/2019

#5 Secondary 468.00' **15.0' long x 20.0' breadth Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir** Head (feet) 0.20 0.40 0.60 0.80 1.00 1.20 1.40 1.60 Coef. (English) 2.68 2.70 2.70 2.64 2.63 2.64 2.64 2.63

Primary OutFlow Max=23.93 cfs @ 12.32 hrs HW=467.74' (Free Discharge)

-1=Culvert (Passes 23.93 cfs of 58.09 cfs potential flow)

2=Orifice/Grate (Orifice Controls 1.49 cfs @ 7.60 fps)

-3=Primary Overflow (Orifice Controls 16.24 cfs @ 4.06 fps)

-4=Orifice/Grate (Weir Controls 6.20 cfs @ 1.61 fps)

Secondary OutFlow Max=0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs HW=465.00' (Free Discharge) 5=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir (Controls 0.00 cfs)

Pond WQB2: Water Quality Basin #2

Inflow Area =	22.277 ac, Inflow Depth = 2.09"	for 1 Year event
Inflow =	37.52 cfs @ 12.22 hrs, Volume=	3.885 af
Outflow =	32.71 cfs @ 12.31 hrs, Volume=	3.807 af, Atten= 13%, Lag= 5.1 min
Primary =	32.71 cfs @ 12.31 hrs, Volume=	3.807 af
Secondary =	0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs, Volume=	0.000 af

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Starting Elev= 460.00' Surf.Area= 11,500 sf Storage= 37,611 cf Peak Elev= 462.65' @ 12.31 hrs Surf.Area= 15,541 sf Storage= 72,870 cf (35,258 cf above start)

Plug-Flow detention time= 238.9 min calculated for 2.943 af (76% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 97.7 min (905.1 - 807.3)

Volume	Invert	Avail.Sto	rage Storage	Description				
#1	452.00'	96,14	49 cf Custom	Stage Data (Coni	ic) Listed below (Reca	lc)		
Elevatio	n S	urf.Area	Inc.Store	Cum.Store	Wet.Area			
(fee		(sq-ft)	(cubic-feet)	(cubic-feet)	(sq-ft)			
452.0	00	1,900	0	0	1,900			
454.0	00	2,840	4,709	4,709	2,901			
456.0		4,000	6,807	11,516	4,132			
458.0		5,500	9,460	20,976	5,709			
460.0		11,500	16,635	37,611	11,744			
460.2		12,000	2,937	40,548	12,253			
462.0		14,000	22,728	63,276	14,374			
464.0	00	19,000	32,873	96,149	19,456			
Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices	6				
#1	Primary	458.25'	36.0" x 45.0' long Culvert					
				CPP, mitered to conform to fill, Ke= 0.700				
			Outlet Invert= 458.00' S= 0.0056 '/' Cc= 0.900					
			n= 0.013 Corrugated PE, smooth interior					
#2	#2 Device 1 460.25'		6.0" Vert. Orifice/Grate C= 0.600					
	#3 Device 1 461.25'			4.00' W x 1.00' H Vert. Primary Overflow C= 0.600				
#4	Device 1	462.25'			e Limited to weir flow			
#5 Secondary 462.75'		20.0' long x 20.0' breadth Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir Head (feet) 0.20 0.40 0.60 0.80 1.00 1.20 1.40 1.60						

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Coef. (English) 2.68 2.70 2.70 2.64 2.63 2.64 2.64 2.63

Primary OutFlow Max=32.62 cfs @ 12.31 hrs HW=462.65' (Free Discharge)

1=Culvert (Passes 32.62 cfs of 51.14 cfs potential flow)

2=Orifice/Grate (Orifice Controls 1.39 cfs @ 7.06 fps)

-3=Primary Overflow (Orifice Controls 18.02 cfs @ 4.50 fps)

-4=Orifice/Grate (Weir Controls 13.22 cfs @ 2.07 fps)

Secondary OutFlow Max=0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs HW=460.00' (Free Discharge) 5=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir (Controls 0.00 cfs)

E17 064 850 Route 28 Post 2 Prepared by Medenbach & Eggers HydroCAD® 8.00 s/n 000567 © 2006 HydroCAD Software Solu	<i>Type III 24-hr 10 Year Rainfall=5.00"</i> Page 27 utions LLC 5/17/2019
Time span=0.00-48.00 hrs, dt=0 Runoff by SCS TR-20 me Reach routing by Stor-Ind+Trans method	thod, UH=SCS
Subcatchment 2-11: 2-11	Runoff Area=23,000 sf Runoff Depth=3.17" Tc=6.0 min CN=83 Runoff=1.96 cfs 0.140 af
Subcatchment 2-12: 2-12 Flow Length=1,415'	Runoff Area=254,085 sf Runoff Depth=4.20" Tc=30.2 min CN=93 Runoff=15.37 cfs 2.041 af
Subcatchment 2-13: 2-13 Flow Length=600' Slope=0.0500 '	Runoff Area=135,234 sf Runoff Depth=4.31" /' Tc=6.4 min CN=94 Runoff=14.38 cfs 1.115 af
Subcatchment 2-14: 2-14 Flow Length=600' Slope=0.0500 '	Runoff Area=182,245 sf Runoff Depth=4.31" /' Tc=6.4 min CN=94 Runoff=19.37 cfs 1.502 af
Subcatchment 2-15: 2-15	Runoff Area=260,970 sf Runoff Depth=4.53" Tc=6.0 min CN=96 Runoff=28.83 cfs 2.263 af
Subcatchment 2-16: 2-16	Runoff Area=114,850 sf Runoff Depth=4.53" Tc=6.0 min CN=96 Runoff=12.69 cfs 0.996 af
Subcatchment 2-17: 2-17	Runoff Area=132,260 sf Runoff Depth=4.53" Tc=6.0 min CN=96 Runoff=14.61 cfs 1.147 af
Subcatchment 2-18: 2-18	Runoff Area=73,420 sf Runoff Depth=3.88" Tc=6.0 min CN=90 Runoff=7.39 cfs 0.544 af
Subcatchment 2-19: 2-19	Runoff Area=85,798 sf Runoff Depth=4.42" Tc=6.0 min CN=95 Runoff=9.37 cfs 0.725 af
Subcatchment 2-2: 2-2 Flow Length=500'	Runoff Area=464,367 sf Runoff Depth=3.57" Tc=17.2 min CN=87 Runoff=31.51 cfs 3.169 af
Subcatchment 2-20: 2-20	Runoff Area=254,000 sf Runoff Depth=4.53" Tc=6.0 min CN=96 Runoff=28.06 cfs 2.202 af
Subcatchment 2-21: 2-21	Runoff Area=113,600 sf Runoff Depth=4.31" Tc=6.0 min CN=94 Runoff=12.25 cfs 0.936 af
Subcatchment 2-22: 2-22	Runoff Area=100,000 sf Runoff Depth=4.53" Tc=6.0 min CN=96 Runoff=11.05 cfs 0.867 af
Subcatchment 2-6: 2-6 Flow Length=500'	Runoff Area=488,582 sf Runoff Depth=3.27" Tc=17.2 min CN=84 Runoff=30.68 cfs 3.057 af
Subcatchment 2-7: 2-7 Flow Length=1,140'	Runoff Area=552,745 sf Runoff Depth=3.67" Tc=34.1 min CN=88 Runoff=28.61 cfs 3.880 af

E17 064 850 Route 28 Prepared by Medenbach HydroCAD® 8.00 s/n 000567	& Eggers	Type III 24-hr 10 Year Rainfall=5.00"Page 28D Software Solutions LLC5/17/2019
Subcatchment 2-8: 2-8	F	Runoff Area=231,489 sf Runoff Depth=4.65" low Length=335' Tc=2.8 min CN=97 Runoff=28.95 cfs 2.058 af
		Avg. Depth=1.09' Max Vel=7.98 fps Inflow=114.99 cfs 18.635 af S=0.0320 '/' Capacity=357.02 cfs Outflow=114.94 cfs 18.634 af
		Avg. Depth=2.07' Max Vel=4.01 fps Inflow=137.01 cfs 21.431 af S=0.0040 '/' Capacity=126.22 cfs Outflow=134.30 cfs 21.425 af
Reach 3R: DRY SWALE	n=0.030 L=300.	Avg. Depth=0.98' Max Vel=7.67 fps Inflow=74.70 cfs 7.916 af 0' S=0.0330 '/' Capacity=272.37 cfs Outflow=74.60 cfs 7.916 af
Reach 4R: DRY SWALE	n=0.030 L=210.	Avg. Depth=0.35' Max Vel=8.99 fps Inflow=27.72 cfs 2.498 af 0' S=0.1495 '/' Capacity=579.77 cfs Outflow=27.68 cfs 2.498 af
Reach 5R: DRY SWALE	n=0.030 L=580.	Avg. Depth=0.77' Max Vel=3.74 fps Inflow=28.83 cfs 2.263 af 0' S=0.0103 '/' Capacity=152.50 cfs Outflow=27.30 cfs 2.263 af
Reach 6R: DRY SWALE	n=0.030 L=250.	Avg. Depth=0.74' Max Vel=3.95 fps Inflow=27.90 cfs 2.498 af 0' S=0.0120 '/' Capacity=164.24 cfs Outflow=27.72 cfs 2.498 af
Reach 7R: DRY SWALE	n=0.030 L=580.	Avg. Depth=0.47' Max Vel=2.80 fps Inflow=12.69 cfs 0.996 af 0' S=0.0103 '/' Capacity=152.50 cfs Outflow=11.70 cfs 0.996 af
Reach 8R: DRY SWALE	n=0.030 L=250.	Avg. Depth=1.22' Max Vel=5.22 fps Inflow=66.59 cfs 5.875 af 0' S=0.0120 '/' Capacity=164.24 cfs Outflow=66.25 cfs 5.875 af
Reach 9R: DRY SWALE	n=0.030 L=460.	Avg. Depth=0.36' Max Vel=4.61 fps Inflow=14.61 cfs 1.147 af 0' S=0.0391 '/' Capacity=296.59 cfs Outflow=14.26 cfs 1.147 af
Reach 10R: DRY SWALE	n=0.030 L=580.	Avg. Depth=0.83' Max Vel=6.49 fps Inflow=52.76 cfs 4.731 af 0' S=0.0284 '/' Capacity=252.89 cfs Outflow=51.97 cfs 4.731 af
Reach 11R: DRY SWALE	n=0.030 L=580.	Avg. Depth=0.57' Max Vel=5.22 fps Inflow=28.06 cfs 2.202 af 0' S=0.0284 '/' Capacity=252.89 cfs Outflow=27.24 cfs 2.202 af
Reach 12R: DRY SWALE	n=0.030 L=580.	Avg. Depth=0.46' Max Vel=4.59 fps Inflow=19.13 cfs 1.803 af 0' S=0.0284 '/' Capacity=252.89 cfs Outflow=18.84 cfs 1.803 af
Reach 13R: DRY SWALE	n=0.030 L=600.	Avg. Depth=0.43' Max Vel=2.63 fps Inflow=11.05 cfs 0.867 af 0' S=0.0100 '/' Capacity=149.93 cfs Outflow=10.07 cfs 0.867 af
Pond 1: Culvert		Peak Elev=482.99' Storage=2,540 cf Inflow=66.25 cfs 5.875 af 36.0" x 60.0' Culvert Outflow=63.54 cfs 5.875 af
Pond 2: Culvert		Peak Elev=480.36' Inflow=27.72 cfs 2.498 af 36.0" x 60.0' Culvert Outflow=27.72 cfs 2.498 af
Pond 8P: Road Culvert St	orage (Design P	oint #2) Peak Elev=4,188.20' Inflow=151.02 cfs 24.594 af 12.0" x 160.0' Culvert Outflow=151.02 cfs 24.594 af

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Pond P-B: Pond B	6	283 cf Inflow=74.33 cfs 8.470 af
Primary=27.15 cl	fs 8.247 af Secondary=0.00 cfs 0.00	00 af Outflow=27.15 cfs 8.247 af
Pond P-C,D: Pond C and D	Peak Elev=457.39' Storage=33,7	23 cf Inflow=92.29 cfs 16.224 af

Outflow=89.20 cfs 15.976 af Peak Elev=456.76' Storage=47,140 cf Inflow=116.14 cfs 19.856 af Pond P-E: Pond E Outflow=115.50 cfs 19.109 af

Outflow=30.60 cfs 2.797 af

Peak Elev=455.75' Storage=53,997 cf Inflow=115.50 cfs 19.109 af Pond P-F: Pond E Outflow=114.99 cfs 18.635 af Pond P-G: Pond G Peak Elev=446.31' Storage=13,343 cf Inflow=30.68 cfs 3.057 af

Pond WQB1: Water Quality Basin #1 Peak Elev=468.26' Storage=91,537 cf Inflow=69.90 cfs 6.423 af Primary=57.88 cfs 6.338 af Secondary=5.48 cfs 0.075 af Outflow=63.37 cfs 6.412 af

Peak Elev=463.17' Storage=81,238 cf Inflow=75.62 cfs 8.055 af Pond WQB2: Water Quality Basin #2 Primary=55.51 cfs 7.727 af Secondary=14.57 cfs 0.251 af Outflow=70.08 cfs 7.978 af

> Total Runoff Area = 79.583 ac Runoff Volume = 26.642 af Average Runoff Depth = 4.02" 63.35% Pervious Area = 50.413 ac 36.65% Impervious Area = 29.171 ac

Subcatchment 2-11: 2-11

Runoff = 1.96 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume= 0.140 af, Depth= 3.17"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 10 Year Rainfall=5.00"

	A	rea (sf)	CN	Description				
		22,000	82	Woods/gras	ss comb., F	air, HSG D		
_		1,000	98	Paved park	ing & roofs			
		23,000	83	Weighted A	verage			
		22,000		Pervious Ar	rea			
		1,000		Impervious Area				
	Тс	Length	Slope	,	Capacity	Description		
_	(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft) (ft/sec)	(cfs)			
	6.0					Direct Entry,		
						-		

Subcatchment 2-12: 2-12

Runoff = 15.37 cfs @ 12.39 hrs, Volume= 2.041 af, Depth= 4.20"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 10 Year Rainfall=5.00"

	^	roo (of)	CN E)		
-		rea (sf)		Description		
		64,105	-	Voods ove		
		27,182	91 G	Gravel road	s, HSG D	
		62,798	98 E	Bare Rock		
	2	54,085	93 V	Veighted A	verage	
		91,287		ervious Ar	•	
		62,798		npervious		
		02,130	11	iipei vious		
	Тс	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description
	(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)	Description
-	· · ·				(013)	Object Flows Distant
	10.8	100	0.1000	0.15		Sheet Flow, Ridge
						Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.50"
	1.4	100	0.0600	1.22		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
						Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
	8.7	260	0.0100	0.50		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
						Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
	5.5	390	0.0550	1.17		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
	0.0	000	0.0000			Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
	3.8	565	0.0620	2.49		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
	5.0	505	0.0020	2.49		
-						Nearly Bare & Untilled Kv= 10.0 fps
	30.3	1 / 1 5	Total			

30.2 1,415 Total

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Subcatchment 2-13: 2-13

Runoff = 14.38 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume= 1.115 af, Depth= 4.31"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 10 Year Rainfall=5.00"

	Area (sf)	CN E	Description			
	85,900	91 0	Gravel road	s, HSG D		
	49,334	98 F	aved park	ing & roofs		
	135,234	94 V	Veighted A	verage		
	85,900	F	Pervious Ar	ea		
	49,334	li	mpervious	Area		
_						
To		Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description	
(min) (feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)		
2.7	' 100	0.0500	0.62		Sheet Flow, Ridge	
					Fallow n= 0.050 P2= 3.50"	
3.7	500	0.0500	2.24		Shallow Concentrated Flow,	
					Nearly Bare & Untilled Kv= 10.0 fps	
6.4	600	Total				

Subcatchment 2-14: 2-14

Runoff = 19.37 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume= 1.502 af, Depth= 4.31"

A	rea (sf)	CN E	Description		
	18,778	91 C	Gravel road	s, HSG D	
	77,612	98 F	aved park	ing & roofs	
	85,855	91 V	Voods ove	r rock	
1	82,245	94 V	Veighted A	verage	
1	04,633	F	Pervious Ar	ea	
	77,612	l	npervious	Area	
т.	1		\/.l!t.	0	Description
	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description
<u>(min)</u>	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)	
2.7	100	0.0500	0.62		Sheet Flow, Ridge
					Fallow n= 0.050 P2= 3.50"
3.7	500	0.0500	2.24		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
					Nearly Bare & Untilled Kv= 10.0 fps
6.4	600	Total			

Subcatchment 2-15: 2-15

Runoff = 28.83 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume= 2.263 af, Depth= 4.53"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 10 Year Rainfall=5.00"

A	rea (sf)	CN	Description		
	65,300	91	Gravel road	ls, HSG D	
1	95,670	98	Paved park	ing & roofs	
2	60,970	96	Weighted A	verage	
	65,300		Pervious Ar	ea	
1	95,670		Impervious	Area	
_					
	Length	Slope		Capacity	Description
<u>(min)</u>	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)	
6.0					Direct Entry,
					-

Subcatchment 2-16: 2-16

Runoff = 12.69 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume= 0.996 af, Depth= 4.53"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 10 Year Rainfall=5.00"

Α	rea (sf)	CN I	Description		
	38,185	91 (Gravel road	s, HSG D	
	76,665	98	Paved park	ing & roofs	
1	14,850	96	Neighted A	verage	
	38,185 Pervious Area			ea	
	76,665 Impervious Area			Area	
_					
Тс	Length	Slope	,	Capacity	Description
(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)	
6.0					Direct Entry,

Subcatchment 2-17: 2-17

Runoff = 14.61 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume= 1.147 af, Depth= 4.53"

Area (sf)	CN	Description	
32,100	91	Gravel roads, HSG D	
100,160	98	Paved parking & roofs	
132,260	96	Weighted Average	
32,100		Pervious Area	
100,160		Impervious Area	

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Type III 24-hr 10 Year Rainfall=5.00"

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Tc Length Slope Velocity Capacity Description (min) (feet) (ft/ft) (ft/sec) (cfs)						
6.0 Direct Entry,						
Subcatchment 2-18: 2-18						
Runoff = 7.39 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume= 0.544 af, Depth= 3.88"						
Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 10 Year Rainfall=5.00"						
Area (sf) CN Description						
34,760 82 Woods/grass comb., Fair, HSG D 38,660 98 Paved parking & roofs						
73,420 90 Weighted Average						
34,760 Pervious Area 38,660 Impervious Area						
Tc Length Slope Velocity Capacity Description (min) (feet) (ft/ft) (ft/sec) (cfs)						
6.0 Direct Entry,						
Subcatchment 2-19: 2-19						
Runoff = 9.37 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume= 0.725 af, Depth= 4.42"						
Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs						
Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs						
Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 10 Year Rainfall=5.00" Area (sf) CN Description 35,798 91 Gravel roads, HSG D						
Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 10 Year Rainfall=5.00" Area (sf) CN Description 35,798 91 Gravel roads, HSG D 50,000 98 Paved parking & roofs						
Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 10 Year Rainfall=5.00" Area (sf) CN Description 35,798 91 Gravel roads, HSG D 50,000 98 Paved parking & roofs 85,798 95 Weighted Average						
Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 10 Year Rainfall=5.00" Area (sf) CN Description 35,798 91 Gravel roads, HSG D 50,000 98 Paved parking & roofs						
Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 10 Year Rainfall=5.00"Area (sf)CNDescription35,79891Gravel roads, HSG D 50,0009898Paved parking & roofs85,79895Weighted Average 35,79835,79895Weighted Average 50,00035,798Pervious Area 50,00050,000Impervious Area						
Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 10 Year Rainfall=5.00" Area (sf) CN Description 35,798 91 Gravel roads, HSG D 50,000 98 Paved parking & roofs 85,798 95 Weighted Average 35,798 95 Pervious Area						
Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 10 Year Rainfall=5.00" Area (sf) CN Description 35,798 91 Gravel roads, HSG D 50,000 98 Paved parking & roofs 85,798 95 Weighted Average 35,798 Pervious Area 50,000 Impervious Area Tc Length Slope Velocity Capacity Description						
Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 10 Year Rainfall=5.00" Area (sf) CN Description 35,798 91 Gravel roads, HSG D 50,000 98 Paved parking & roofs 85,798 95 Weighted Average 35,798 Pervious Area 50,000 Impervious Area Tc Length Slope Velocity Capacity Description (min) (feet) (ft/ft) (ft/sec) (cfs)						

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Type III 24-hr 10 Year Rainfall=5.00" Page 34 LC 5/17/2019

^	rea (sf)	CN D	escription				
	24,327			e comb P	oor, HSG D		
	13,600	98 Bare Rock					
	26,440						
4	64,367		Veighted A				
4	50,767		Pervious Ar				
	13,600	Ir	mpervious	Area			
Тс	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description		
(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)			
13.6	150	0.1250	0.18		Sheet Flow, Ridge		
					Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.50"		
0.7	100	0.2500	2.50		Shallow Concentrated Flow,		
2.9	250	0.0800	1.41		Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps Shallow Concentrated Flow, Steep Slope		
2.5	200	0.0000	1.71		Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps		
17.2	500	Total					
Subcatchment 2-20: 2-20							
Runoff	=	28.06 cf	s@ 12.08	8 hrs, Volu	me= 2.202 af, Depth= 4.53"		
			0				
Runoff b	Y SCS TF	R-20 metl	nod, UH=S	CS, Time S	me= 2.202 af, Depth= 4.53" Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs		
Runoff b	Y SCS TF	R-20 metl	0	CS, Time S			
Runoff b Type III :	Y SCS TF	R-20 metl Year Rai	nod, UH=S	CS, Time S			
Runoff b Type III : A	y SCS TF 24-hr 10 ` <u>rea (sf)</u> 88,000	R-20 metl Year Rai <u>CN E</u> 91 G	nod, UH=S nfall=5.00" Description Gravel road	CS, Time S			
Runoff b Type III : A	y SCS TF 24-hr 10 ` <u>rea (sf)</u> 88,000 66,000	R-20 metl Year Rai <u>CN E</u> 91 G 98 F	nod, UH=S nfall=5.00" Description Gravel road Paved park	ICS, Time S			
Runoff b Type III 2	y SCS TF 24-hr 10 ` <u>rea (sf)</u> 88,000 66,000 254,000	R-20 metl Year Rai <u>CN E</u> 91 G 98 F 96 V	nod, UH=S nfall=5.00" Description Gravel road Paved park Veighted A	CS, Time S ls, HSG D ing & roofs verage			
Runoff b Type III : A 1 2	y SCS TF 24-hr 10 ` <u>rea (sf)</u> 88,000 66,000 254,000 88,000	R-20 metl Year Rai <u>CN D</u> 91 G 98 F 98 V 96 V	nod, UH=S nfall=5.00" Description Gravel road Paved park Veighted A Pervious Ar	ICS, Time S s, HSG D ing & roofs verage ea			
Runoff b Type III : A 1 2	y SCS TF 24-hr 10 ` <u>rea (sf)</u> 88,000 66,000 254,000	R-20 metl Year Rai <u>CN D</u> 91 G 98 F 98 V 96 V	nod, UH=S nfall=5.00" Description Gravel road Paved park Veighted A	ICS, Time S s, HSG D ing & roofs verage ea			
Runoff b Type III : A 1 2	y SCS TF 24-hr 10 ` <u>rea (sf)</u> 88,000 66,000 254,000 88,000	R-20 metl Year Rai <u>CN D</u> 91 G 98 F 98 V 96 V	nod, UH=S nfall=5.00" Description Gravel road Paved park Veighted A Pervious Ar	ICS, Time S s, HSG D ing & roofs verage ea			
Runoff b Type III 2 A 1 2 1 Tc (min)	y SCS TF 24-hr 10 \ <u>rea (sf)</u> 88,000 66,000 254,000 88,000 66,000	R-20 metl Year Rai <u>CN E</u> 91 G 98 F 96 V F Ir	nod, UH=S nfall=5.00" Description Dravel road Paved park Veighted A Pervious Ar mpervious	ICS, Time S Is, HSG D ing & roofs verage ea Area	Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs		
Runoff b Type III 2 A 1 2 1 Tc	y SCS TF 24-hr 10 \ <u>rea (sf)</u> 88,000 66,000 254,000 88,000 66,000 Length	R-20 metl Year Rai <u>CN E</u> 91 G 98 F 96 V F Ir Slope	nod, UH=S nfall=5.00" Description Dravel road Paved park Veighted A Pervious Ar npervious Velocity	IS, HSG D ing & roofs verage ea Area Capacity	Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs		
Runoff b Type III 2 A 1 2 1 Tc (min)	y SCS TF 24-hr 10 \ <u>rea (sf)</u> 88,000 66,000 254,000 88,000 66,000 Length	R-20 metl Year Rai <u>CN E</u> 91 G 98 F 96 V F Ir Slope	nod, UH=S nfall=5.00" Description Dravel road Paved park Veighted A Pervious Ar npervious Velocity	IS, HSG D ing & roofs verage ea Area Capacity (cfs)	Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs		
Runoff b Type III : A 1 2 1 Tc (min) 6.0	y SCS TF 24-hr 10 \ <u>rea (sf)</u> 88,000 66,000 254,000 88,000 66,000 Length	R-20 metł Year Rai <u>CN E</u> 91 G 98 F 96 V F Ir Slope (ft/ft)	nod, UH=S nfall=5.00" Description Gravel road Paved park Veighted A Pervious Ar mpervious Velocity (ft/sec)	Is, HSG D ing & roofs verage ea Area Capacity (cfs)	Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Description Direct Entry, hment 2-21: 2-21		
Runoff b Type III 2 A 1 2 1 Tc (min)	y SCS TF 24-hr 10 \ <u>rea (sf)</u> 88,000 66,000 254,000 88,000 66,000 Length	R-20 metł Year Rai <u>CN E</u> 91 G 98 F 96 V F Ir Slope (ft/ft)	nod, UH=S nfall=5.00" Description Gravel road Paved park Veighted A Pervious Ar mpervious Velocity (ft/sec)	IS, HSG D ing & roofs verage ea Area Capacity (cfs)	Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Description Direct Entry, hment 2-21: 2-21		

Area (sf)	CN	Description	
62,500	91	Gravel roads, HSG D	
51,100	98	Paved parking & roofs	
113,600	94	Weighted Average	
62,500		Pervious Area	
51,100		Impervious Area	

Тс

(min)

6.0

Length (feet)

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(ft/ft)

Slope Velocity Capacity Description (cfs) (ft/sec) **Direct Entry**, Subcatchment 2-22: 2-22

11.05 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume= 0.867 af, Depth= 4.53" Runoff =

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 10 Year Rainfall=5.00"

Area (sf)	CN	Description		
22,000	91	Gravel road	s, HSG D	
78,000	98	Paved park	ing & roofs	
100,000	96	Weighted A	verage	
22,000	, 0 0			
78,000		Impervious	Area	
Tc Length	Slop	,	Capacity	Description
(min) (feet)	(ft/1	ft) (ft/sec)	(cfs)	
6.0				Direct Entry,

Subcatchment 2-6: 2-6

Runoff 30.68 cfs @ 12.23 hrs, Volume= 3.057 af, Depth= 3.27" =

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 10 Year Rainfall=5.00"

A	Area (sf) CN Description				
362,256 82 Woods/grass comb., Fa			Voods/gras	s comb., F	air, HSG D
	6,322 98 Water				
1	20,004	91 G	Gravel road	s, HSG D	
4	88,582	84 V	Veighted A	verage	
4	82,260	F	ervious Ar	ea	
	6,322		npervious	Area	
Тс	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description
(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)	
13.6	150	0.1250	0.18		Sheet Flow, Ridge
					Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.50"
0.7	100	0.2500	2.50		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
					Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
2.9	250	0.0800	1.41		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Steep Slope
					Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
17.2	500	Total			

Type III 24-hr 10 Year Rainfall=5.00" Page 35 5/17/2019

Subcatchment 2-7: 2-7

Runoff = 28.61 cfs @ 12.46 hrs, Volume= 3.880 af, Depth= 3.67"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 10 Year Rainfall=5.00"

_	A	rea (sf)	CN D	escription		
	1	53,353	91 V	loods ove	r rock	
	286,857 82 Woods/grass comb., Fa			/oods/gras	ss comb., F	air, HSG D
		61,264	98 V	/ater		
		46,000	98 B	are Rock		
_		5,271	86 V	/oods/gras	ss comb., P	Poor, HSG D
	5	52,745	88 V	Veighted A	verage	
	4	45,481	Р	ervious Ar	ea	
	1	07,264	Ir	npervious	Area	
	Tc	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description
_	(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)	
	11.8	50	0.0200	0.07		Sheet Flow, Ridge
						Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.50"
	5.1	50	0.1600	0.16		Sheet Flow,
						Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.50"
	1.4	130	0.0920	1.52		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
						Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
	5.5	340	0.0420	1.02		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
						Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
	6.4	200	0.0110	0.52		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
						Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
	3.7	250	0.0500	1.12		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
						Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
	0.2	120	0.2700	8.37		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
_						Unpaved Kv= 16.1 fps
	2/1	1 1 1 1 0	Tatal			

34.1 1,140 Total

Subcatchment 2-8: 2-8

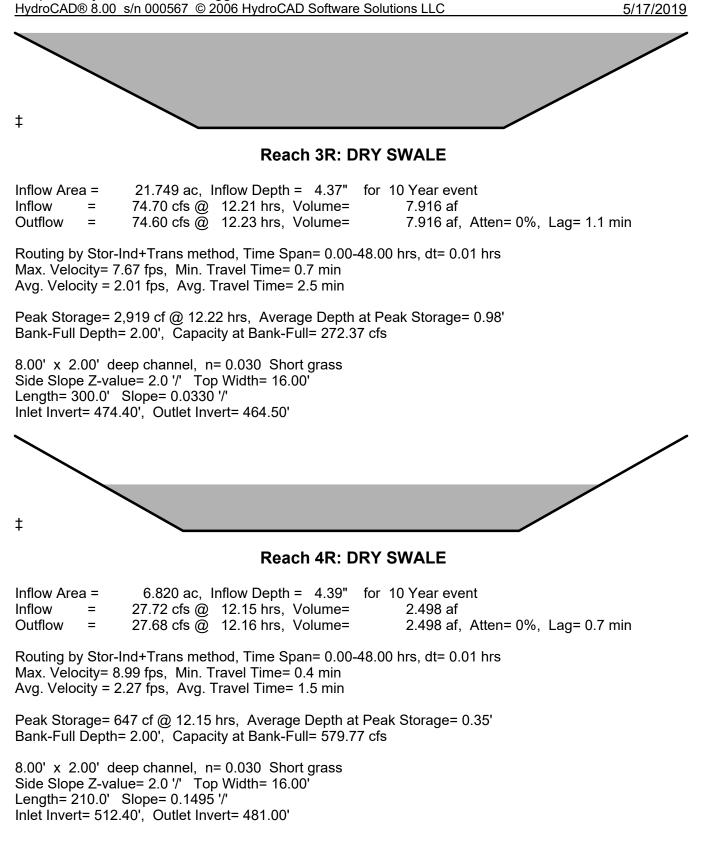
Runoff	=	28.95 cfs @	12.04 hrs, Volume=	2.058 af, Depth= 4.65"
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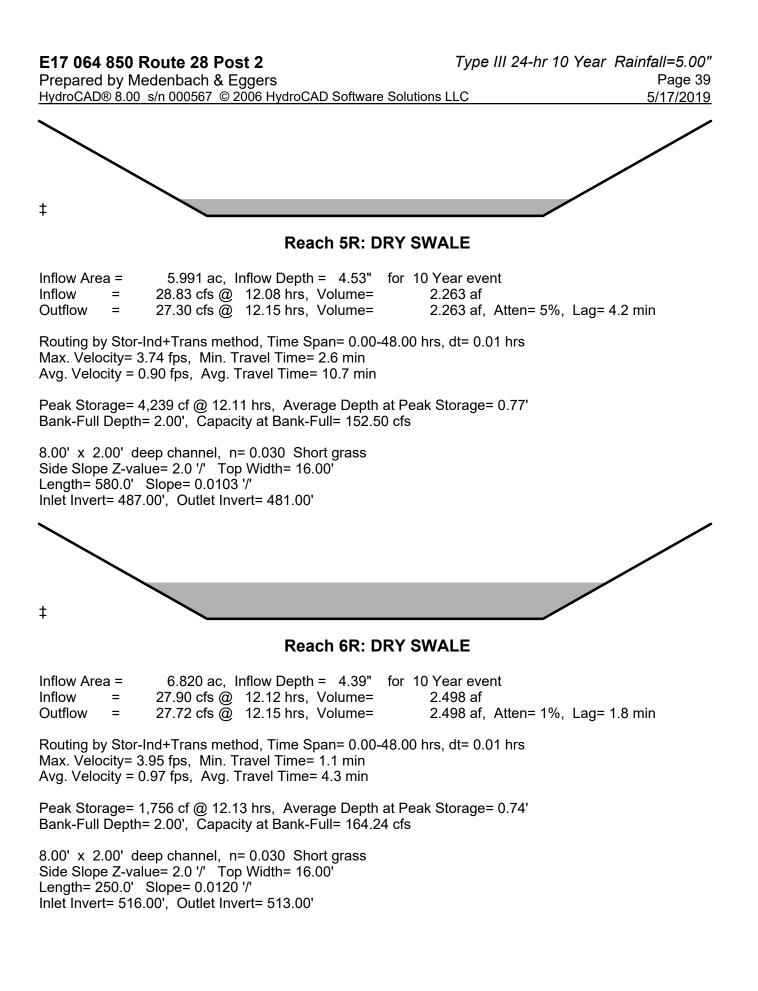
Area (sf)	CN	Description	
35,000	91	Woods over rock	
34,000	98	Water	
162,489	98	Bare Rock	
231,489	97	Weighted Average	
35,000		Pervious Area	
196,489		Impervious Area	

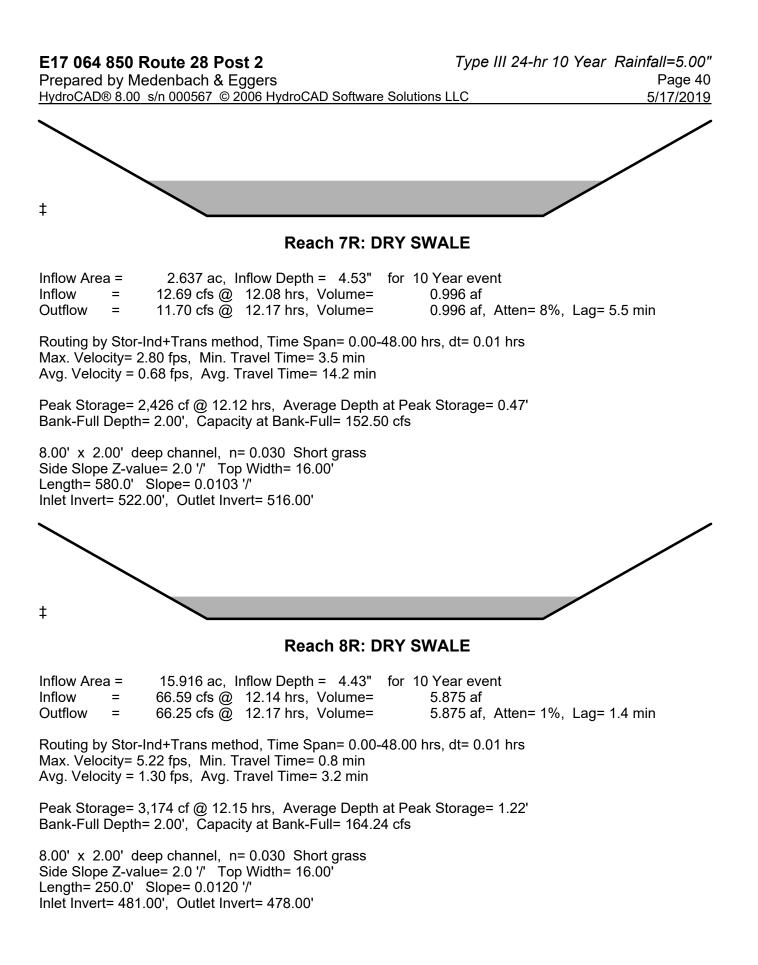
E17 064 850 Route 28 Post 2 Prepared by Medenbach & Eggers	Type III 24-hr 10 Year Rainfall=5.00" Page 37					
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Tc Length Slope Velocity Capacity (min) (feet) (ft/ft) (ft/sec) (cfs)	Description					
1.5 100 0.0100 1.09	Sheet Flow,					
1.3 235 0.0210 2.94	Smooth surfaces n= 0.011 P2= 3.50" Shallow Concentrated Flow, Paved Kv= 20.3 fps					
2.8 335 Total						
Basah 4Bi Basa	ab between Dend E and C					
Reach 1R: Reac	ch between Pond F and G					
Inflow Area = 57.707 ac, Inflow Depth > Inflow = 114.99 cfs @ 12.42 hrs, Volu	ume= 18.635 af					
Outflow = 114.94 cfs @ 12.44 hrs, Vol	ume= 18.634 af, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.9 min					
Routing by Stor-Ind+Trans method, Time Span Max. Velocity= 7.98 fps, Min. Travel Time= 0.5 Avg. Velocity = 1.95 fps, Avg. Travel Time= 2.1	min					
Peak Storage= 3,603 cf @ 12.43 hrs, Average Bank-Full Depth= 2.00', Capacity at Bank-Full=						
10.00' x 2.00' deep channel, n= 0.030 Short Side Slope Z-value= 3.0 '/' Top Width= 22.00' Length= 250.0' Slope= 0.0320 '/' Inlet Invert= 454.00', Outlet Invert= 446.00'	Length= 250.0' Slope= 0.0320 '/'					
‡						
Reach 2R: Reach t	o Route 28 (Design Point #6)					
Inflow Area = 68.923 ac, Inflow Depth > Inflow = 137.01 cfs @ 12.41 hrs, Volution Outflow = 134.30 cfs @ 12.53 hrs, Volution	ume= 21.431 af					
Routing by Stor-Ind+Trans method, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Max. Velocity= 4.01 fps, Min. Travel Time= 4.2 min Avg. Velocity = 1.03 fps, Avg. Travel Time= 16.2 min						
	Peak Storage= 33,472 cf @ 12.46 hrs, Average Depth at Peak Storage= 2.07' Bank-Full Depth= 2.00', Capacity at Bank-Full= 126.22 cfs					
10.00' x 2.00' deep channel, n= 0.030 Short grass Side Slope Z-value= 3.0 '/' Top Width= 22.00' Length= 1,000.0' Slope= 0.0040 '/' Inlet Invert= 446.00', Outlet Invert= 442.00'						

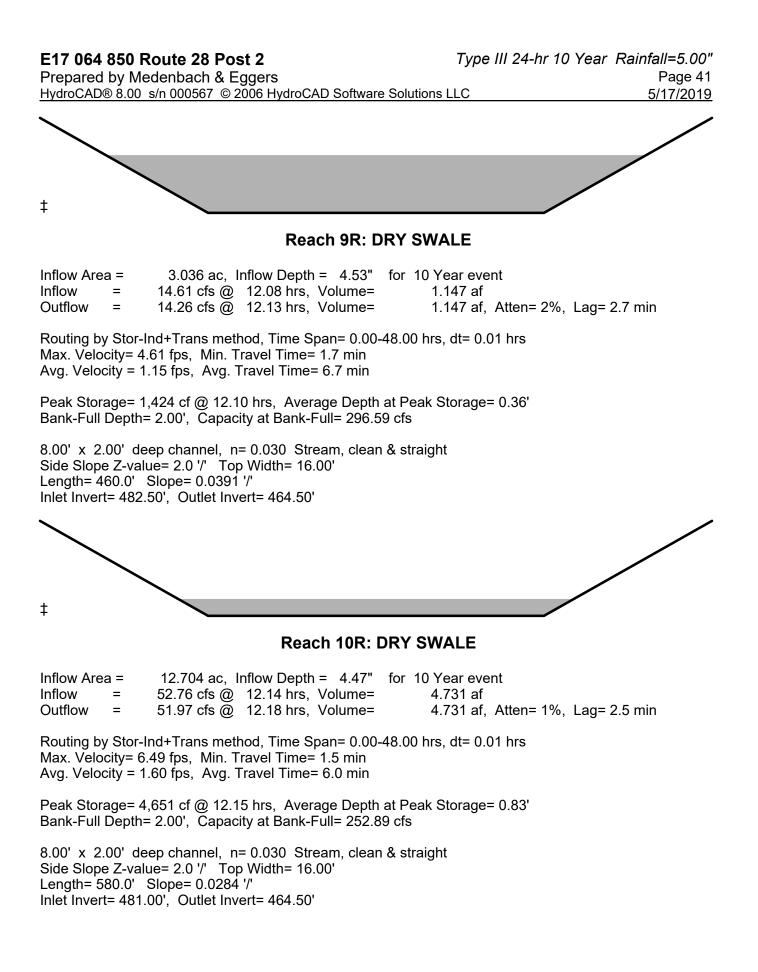
E17 064 850 Route 28 Post 2 Prepared by Medenbach & Eggers

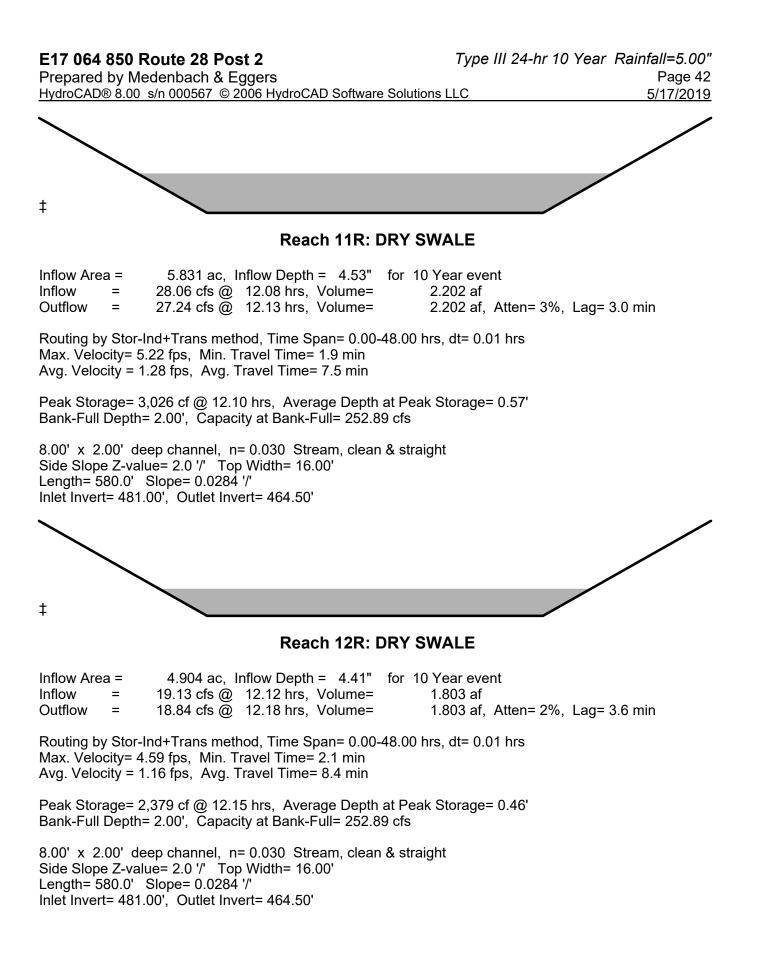
Type III 24-hr 10 Year Rainfall=5.00" Page 38 LC 5/17/2019

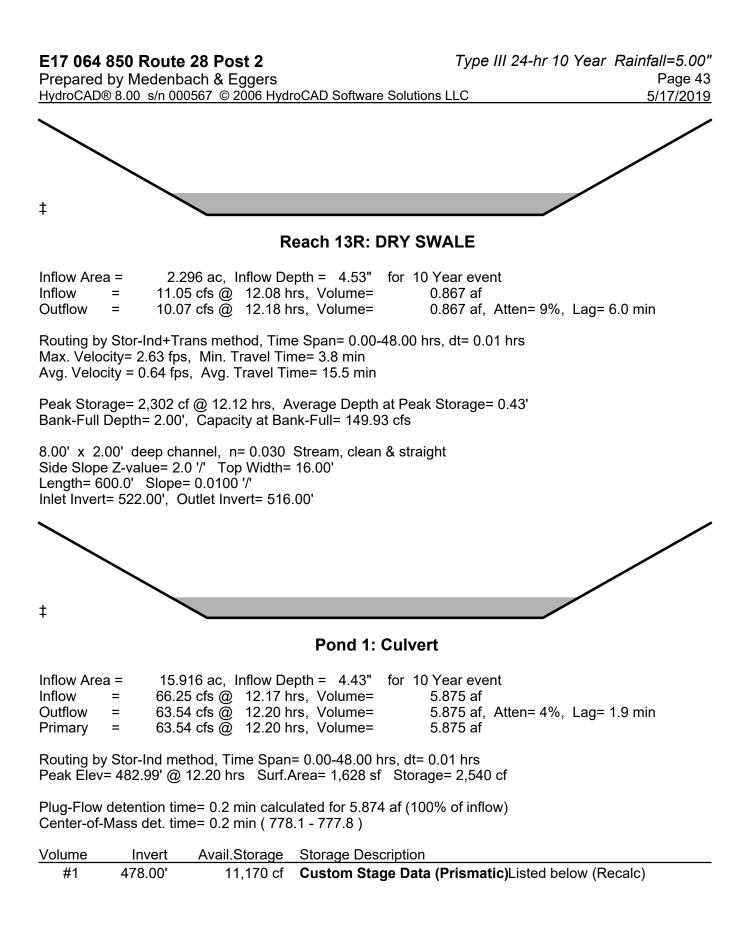












Type III 24-hr 10 Year Rainfall=5.00" Page 44 LC 5/17/2019

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Elevation (feet)	Surf.Area (sq-ft)	Inc.Store (cubic-feet)	Cum.Store (cubic-feet)
478.00	20	0	0
480.00	150	170	170
482.00	950	1,100	1,270
484.00	2,325	3,275	4,545
486.00	4,300	6,625	11,170

Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1	Primary	478.00'	36.0" x 60.0' long Culvert CPP, square edge headwall, Ke= 0.500 Outlet Invert= 477.40' S= 0.0100 '/' Cc= 0.900 n= 0.013 Corrugated PE, smooth interior

Primary OutFlow Max=63.51 cfs @ 12.20 hrs HW=482.98' (Free Discharge) **1=Culvert** (Inlet Controls 63.51 cfs @ 8.98 fps)

Pond 2: Culvert

Inflow Area	a =	6.820 ac, Inflow Depth = 4.39"	for 10 Year event
Inflow	=	27.72 cfs @ 12.15 hrs, Volume=	2.498 af
Outflow	=	27.72 cfs @ 12.15 hrs, Volume=	2.498 af, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min
Primary	=	27.72 cfs @ 12.15 hrs, Volume=	2.498 af

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Peak Elev= 480.36' @ 12.15 hrs

Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1	Primary	478.00'	36.0" x 60.0' long Culvert CPP, square edge headwall, Ke= 0.500 Outlet Invert= 477.40' S= 0.0100 '/' Cc= 0.900 n= 0.013 Corrugated PE, smooth interior

Primary OutFlow Max=27.70 cfs @ 12.15 hrs HW=480.36' (Free Discharge) ☐ 1=Culvert (Barrel Controls 27.70 cfs @ 6.38 fps)

Pond 8P: Road Culvert Storage (Design Point #2)

Inflow Area	=	79.583 ac, Inflow Depth > 3.71"	for 10 Year event
Inflow	=	151.02 cfs @ 12.51 hrs, Volume=	24.594 af
Outflow	=	151.02 cfs @ 12.51 hrs, Volume=	24.594 af, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min
Primary	=	151.02 cfs @ 12.51 hrs, Volume=	24.594 af

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Peak Elev= 4,188.20' @ 12.51 hrs

Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1	Primary	442.00'	12.0" x 160.0' long Culvert CPP, square edge headwall, Ke= 0.500 Outlet Invert= 441.84' S= 0.0010 '/' Cc= 0.900 n= 0.013 Corrugated PE, smooth interior

Primary OutFlow Max=151.00 cfs @ 12.51 hrs HW=4,187.31' (Free Discharge) **1=Culvert** (Barrel Controls 151.00 cfs @ 192.26 fps)

Pond P-B: Pond B

Inflow Area Inflow Outflow Primary Secondary	= 74.33 cfs @ = 27.15 cfs @ = 27.15 cfs @	flow Depth > 4.47 12.21 hrs, Volume 12.61 hrs, Volume 12.61 hrs, Volume 0.00 hrs, Volume	= 8.470 a = 8.247 a = 8.247 a	af af, Atten= 63%, Lag= 23.9 min af		
Starting El	v Stor-Ind method, Tin ev= 459.00' Surf.Are = 461.49' @ 12.61 hrs	a= 37,333 sf Stora	age= 94,667 cf	s 25,283 cf (130,617 cf above start)		
	detention time= 334.7 Mass det. time= 119.7			inflow)		
Volume	Invert Avail.S	torage Storage De	escription			
#1	456.00' 455	100 cf Custom S	tage Data (Prisr	natic)Listed below (Recalc)		
Elevation	Surf.Area	Inc.Store	Cum.Store			
(feet)	(sq-ft)	(cubic-feet)	(cubic-feet)			
456.00	25,000	0	0			
458.00	,	59,000	59,000			
459.80	,	66,600	125,600			
460.00	,	8,500	134,100			
462.00	,	133,000	267,100			
464.00	100,000	188,000	455,100			
Device R	Routing Inve					
#1 S	Secondary 470.00			rested Rectangular Weir		
			7 2.46 2.95 3.9			
<i>#</i> 0 F	,		3.51 3.48 3.42			
#2 P	#2 Primary 459.20' 36.0" x 70.0' long Culvert CPP, square edge headwall, Ke= 0.500 Outlet Invert= 458.50' S= 0.0100 '/' Cc= 0.900					
			gated PE, smoot			
Primarv O	utFlow Max=27.14 c	fs @ 12.61 hrs HW	=461.49' (Free	Discharge)		

Primary OutFlow Max=27.14 cfs @ 12.61 hrs HW=461.49' (Free Discharge) —2=Culvert (Barrel Controls 27.14 cfs @ 6.47 fps)

Secondary OutFlow Max=0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs HW=459.00' (Free Discharge) —1=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir (Controls 0.00 cfs)

Pond P-C,D: Pond C and D

Inflow Area =	45.017 ac, Inflow Depth > 4.32"	for 10 Year event
Inflow =	92.29 cfs @ 12.29 hrs, Volume=	16.224 af
Outflow =	89.20 cfs @ 12.35 hrs, Volume=	15.976 af, Atten= 3%, Lag= 3.4 min
Primary =	89.20 cfs @ 12.35 hrs, Volume=	15.976 af

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Peak Elev= 457.39' @ 12.35 hrs Surf.Area= 28,367 sf Storage= 33,723 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 33.7 min calculated for 15.976 af (98% of inflow)

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Center-of-Mass det. time= 13.2 min (921.4 - 908.2)

Volume	Inv	ert Avail.St	orage	Storage	Description	
#1	456.0	214,0	000 cf	Custom	Stage Data (P	rismatic)Listed below (Recalc)
Elevatio (fee		Surf.Area (sq-ft)		.Store c-feet)	Cum.Store (cubic-feet)	
456.0	00	20,000		0	0	
458.0	00	32,000	5	52,000	52,000	
460.0)0	40,000	7	2,000	124,000	
462.0)0	50,000	ç	90,000	214,000	
Device	Routing	Invert	Outle	et Device:	6	
#1	Primary	456.50'	Hea	d (feet) 0	.20 0.40 0.60	Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir 0.80 1.00 1.20 1.40 1.60 70 2.64 2.63 2.64 2.64 2.63

Primary OutFlow Max=89.16 cfs @ 12.35 hrs HW=457.39' (Free Discharge) **1=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir** (Weir Controls 89.16 cfs @ 2.49 fps)

Pond P-E: Pond E

Inflow Area	a =	57.707 ac, Inflow Depth > 4.13"	for 10 Year event
Inflow	=	116.14 cfs @ 12.37 hrs, Volume=	19.856 af
Outflow	=	115.50 cfs @ 12.40 hrs, Volume=	19.109 af, Atten= 1%, Lag= 1.6 min
Primary	=	115.50 cfs @ 12.40 hrs, Volume=	19.109 af

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Peak Elev= 456.76' @ 12.40 hrs Surf.Area= 20,202 sf Storage= 47,140 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 54.1 min calculated for 19.109 af (96% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 15.4 min (917.7 - 902.3)

Volume	Inv	ert Avail.S	torage	Storage	Description	
#1	454.	00' 127,	000 cf	Custom	Stage Data (P	rismatic)Listed below (Recalc)
Elevatio (fee	et)	Surf.Area (sq-ft)		c.Store c-feet)	Cum.Store (cubic-feet)	
454.0	-	14,000		0	0	
456.0 458.0	-	18,500 23,000		32,500 41,500	32,500 74,000	
460.0	-	30,000		53,000	127,000	
Device	Routing	Inver	t Out	et Devices	6	
#1	Primary	456.00	Hea	d (feet) 1	rofile 10) Broa .97 2.46 2.95) 3.51 3.48 3.	

Primary OutFlow Max=115.46 cfs @ 12.40 hrs HW=456.76' (Free Discharge) ←1=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir (Weir Controls 115.46 cfs @ 3.05 fps)

Pond P-F: Pond E

Inflow Area =	57.707 ac, Inflow Depth > 3.97"	for 10 Year event
Inflow =	115.50 cfs @ 12.40 hrs, Volume=	19.109 af
Outflow =	114.99 cfs @ 12.42 hrs, Volume=	18.635 af, Atten= 0%, Lag= 1.4 min
Primary =	114.99 cfs @ 12.42 hrs, Volume=	18.635 af

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Starting Elev= 453.60' Surf.Area= 13,586 sf Storage= 20,469 cf Peak Elev= 455.75' @ 12.42 hrs Surf.Area= 17,956 sf Storage= 53,997 cf (33,528 cf above start)

Plug-Flow detention time= 62.3 min calculated for 18.161 af (95% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 9.4 min (927.1 - 917.7)

Volume	Inve	ert Avail.S	Storage	Storage D	Description	
#1	452.0	00' 153	,005 cf	Custom \$	Stage Data (Pi	rismatic)Listed below (Recalc)
Elevatio (fee 452.0 454.0 456.0 458.0 460.0	9 <u>t)</u> 00 00 00 00	Surf.Area (sq-ft) 12,000 13,983 18,513 23,000 30,013	(cubi	2.Store <u>c-feet)</u> 25,983 32,496 11,513 53,013	Cum.Store (cubic-feet) 0 25,983 58,479 99,992 153,005	
Device #1	Routing Primary	Inve 455.0	0' 50.0 Hea	d (feet) 1.9	ofile 10) Broad 97 2.46 2.95 3.51 3.48 3.	

Primary OutFlow Max=114.95 cfs @ 12.42 hrs HW=455.75' (Free Discharge) **1=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir** (Weir Controls 114.95 cfs @ 3.05 fps)

Pond P-G: Pond G

Inflow Area	=	11.216 ac, Inflow Depth =	3.27" for 1	10 Year event
Inflow	=	30.68 cfs @ 12.23 hrs, Vo	olume=	3.057 af
Outflow	=	30.60 cfs @ 12.25 hrs, Vo	olume=	2.797 af, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.9 min
Primary	=	30.60 cfs @ 12.25 hrs, Vo	olume=	2.797 af

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Peak Elev= 446.31' @ 12.25 hrs Surf.Area= 6,661 sf Storage= 13,343 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 64.7 min calculated for 2.796 af (91% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 21.9 min (842.8 - 820.9)

Volume	Invert	Avail.Storage	Storage Description
#1	444.00'	45,644 cf	Custom Stage Data (Prismatic)Listed below (Recalc)

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Elevation (feet)	Surf.Area (sq-ft)	Inc.Store (cubic-feet)	Cum.Store (cubic-feet)
444.00	5,000	0	0
446.00	6,322	11,322	11,322
448.00	8,500	14,822	26,144
450.00	11,000	19,500	45,644

Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1	Primary	446.00'	50.0' long (Profile 10) Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir Head (feet) 1.97 2.46 2.95 3.94 4.92 Coef. (English) 3.51 3.48 3.42 3.48 3.57

Primary OutFlow Max=30.48 cfs @ 12.25 hrs HW=446.31' (Free Discharge) **1=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir** (Weir Controls 30.48 cfs @ 1.96 fps)

Pond WQB1: Water Quality Basin #1

Inflow Area =	17.426 ac, Inflow Depth = 4.42"	for 10 Year event
Inflow =	69.90 cfs @ 12.16 hrs, Volume=	6.423 af
Outflow =	63.37 cfs @ 12.21 hrs, Volume=	6.412 af, Atten= 9%, Lag= 3.2 min
Primary =	57.88 cfs @ 12.21 hrs, Volume=	6.338 af
Secondary =	5.48 cfs @ 12.21 hrs, Volume=	0.075 af

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Starting Elev= 465.00' Surf.Area= 10,550 sf Storage= 40,960 cf Peak Elev= 468.26' @ 12.21 hrs Surf.Area= 19,971 sf Storage= 91,537 cf (50,577 cf above start)

Plug-Flow detention time= 204.0 min calculated for 5.471 af (85% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 97.4 min (875.4 - 778.0)

Volume	Inve	rt Avail.Sto	rage Storage D	escription		
#1	458.00	0' 130,97	78 cf Custom S	Stage Data (Conic)	Listed below (Recalc))
Elevatic	on S	Surf.Area	Inc.Store	Cum.Store	Wet.Area	
(fee	et)	(sq-ft)	(cubic-feet)	(cubic-feet)	(sq-ft)	
458.0	00	3,500	0	0	3,500	
460.0	00	4,550	8,027	8,027	4,642	
462.0	00	5,825	10,349	18,376	6,015	
464.0	00	7,710	13,491	31,867	7,988	
465.0		10,550	9,093	40,960	10,848	
466.0		14,110	12,287	53,247	14,429	
468.0		19,200	33,180	86,426	19,600	
470.0	00	25,500	44,551	130,978	25,989	
Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices			
#1	Primary	462.50'	Outlet Invert= 4	ong Culvert o conform to fill, Ke 60.50' S= 0.0500 igated PE, smooth	'/' Cc= 0.900	
#2 #3 #4	Device 1 Device 1 Device 1	465.00' 466.50' 467.50'	4.00' W x 1.00'	ce/Grate C= 0.600 H Vert. Primary O priz. Orifice/Grate		C= 0.600

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Type III 24-hr 10 Year Rainfall=5.00" Page 49 LC 5/17/2019

#5 Secondary 468.00' **15.0' long x 20.0' breadth Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir** Head (feet) 0.20 0.40 0.60 0.80 1.00 1.20 1.40 1.60 Coef. (English) 2.68 2.70 2.70 2.64 2.63 2.64 2.64 2.63

Primary OutFlow Max=57.82 cfs @ 12.21 hrs HW=468.26' (Free Discharge)

-1=Culvert (Passes 57.82 cfs of 61.99 cfs potential flow)

2=Orifice/Grate (Orifice Controls 1.64 cfs @ 8.35 fps)

3=Primary Overflow (Orifice Controls 21.48 cfs @ 5.37 fps)

-4=Orifice/Grate (Weir Controls 34.70 cfs @ 2.85 fps)

Secondary OutFlow Max=5.36 cfs @ 12.21 hrs HW=468.26' (Free Discharge) 5=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir (Weir Controls 5.36 cfs @ 1.37 fps)

Pond WQB2: Water Quality Basin #2

Inflow Area =	22.277 ac, Inflow Depth = 4.34"	for 10 Year event
Inflow =	75.62 cfs @ 12.23 hrs, Volume=	8.055 af
Outflow =	70.08 cfs @ 12.28 hrs, Volume=	7.978 af, Atten= 7%, Lag= 3.2 min
Primary =	55.51 cfs @ 12.28 hrs, Volume=	7.727 af
Secondary =	14.57 cfs @ 12.28 hrs, Volume=	0.251 af

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Starting Elev= 460.00' Surf.Area= 11,500 sf Storage= 37,611 cf Peak Elev= 463.17' @ 12.28 hrs Surf.Area= 16,825 sf Storage= 81,238 cf (43,626 cf above start)

Plug-Flow detention time= 147.2 min calculated for 7.113 af (88% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 62.7 min (849.2 - 786.5)

Volume	Invert	Avail.Sto	rage Storage	Description		
#1	452.00'	96,14	49 cf Custom	Stage Data (Coni	ic) Listed below (Reca	lc)
Elevatio	n S	urf.Area	Inc.Store	Cum.Store	Wet.Area	
(fee		(sq-ft)	(cubic-feet)	(cubic-feet)	(sq-ft)	
452.0	00	1,900	0	0	1,900	
454.0	00	2,840	4,709	4,709	2,901	
456.0		4,000	6,807	11,516	4,132	
458.0		5,500	9,460	20,976	5,709	
460.0		11,500	16,635	37,611	11,744	
460.2		12,000	2,937	40,548	12,253	
462.0		14,000	22,728	63,276	14,374	
464.0	00	19,000	32,873	96,149	19,456	
Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices	6		
#1	Primary	458.25'	36.0" x 45.0'	long Culvert		
				to conform to fill, I	Ke= 0.700	
			Outlet Invert=	458.00' S= 0.005	6 '/' Cc= 0.900	
			n= 0.013 Cor	rugated PE, smoot	h interior	
#2	Device 1	460.25'		fice/Grate C= 0.60		
#3	Device 1	461.25'			Overflow C= 0.600	
#4	Device 1	462.25'			e Limited to weir flow	
#5	Secondary	462.75'			ad-Crested Rectangu 30 1.00 1.20 1.40 1	

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Coef. (English) 2.68 2.70 2.70 2.64 2.63 2.64 2.64 2.63

Primary OutFlow Max=55.51 cfs @ 12.28 hrs HW=463.17' (Free Discharge)

-1=Culvert (Inlet Controls 55.51 cfs @ 7.85 fps)

2=Orifice/Grate (Passes < 1.54 cfs potential flow)

—3=Primary Overflow (Passes < 22.80 cfs potential flow)

—4=Orifice/Grate (Passes < 45.94 cfs potential flow)

Secondary OutFlow Max=14.54 cfs @ 12.28 hrs HW=463.17' (Free Discharge) 5=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir (Weir Controls 14.54 cfs @ 1.74 fps)

E17 064 850 Route 28 Post 2 Prepared by Medenbach & Eggers HydroCAD® 8.00 s/n 000567 © 2006 HydroCAD		00 Year Rainfall=8.50" Page 51 5/17/2019
•	8.00 hrs, dt=0.01 hrs, 4801 points CS TR-20 method, UH=SCS	
•	ns method - Pond routing by Stor-I	nd method
Subcatchment 2-11: 2-11	Pupoff Area=23	000 sf Runoff Depth=6.46"
Subcatchment 2-11. 2-11		8 Runoff=3.88 cfs 0.284 af
Subsetshment 2 42: 2 42	Dupoff Area-254	095 of Dunoff Donth-7 66"
Subcatchment 2-12: 2-12 Flow	,Runon Area–254, Length=1,415' Tc=30.2 min CN=93	085 sf Runoff Depth=7.66" Runoff=27.19 cfs 3.723 af
Subcatchment 2-13: 2-13	,Runoff Area=135 Slope=0.0500 '/' Tc=6.4 min CN=94	234 sf Runoff Depth=7.78" Runoff=25.14 cfs 2.013 af
Subcatchment 2-14: 2-14		245 sf Runoff Depth=7.78"
Flow Length=600	Slope=0.0500 '/' Tc=6.4 min CN=94	Runoii=33.88 cis 2.7 12 ai
Subcatchment 2-15: 2-15	,	970 sf Runoff Depth=8.02"
	Tc=6.0 min CN=96	Runoff=49.70 cfs 4.004 af
Subcatchment 2-16: 2-16	Runoff Area=114,	850 sf Runoff Depth=8.02"
	Tc=6.0 min CN=96	Runoff=21.87 cfs 1.762 af
Subcatchment 2-17: 2-17	Runoff Area=132,	260 sf Runoff Depth=8.02"
		Runoff=25.19 cfs 2.029 af
Subcatchment 2-18: 2-18	Runoff Area=73	420 sf Runoff Depth=7.30"
Subcatchinent 2-10. 2-10		Runoff=13.43 cfs 1.025 af
	Dupoff Area-95	709 of Dunoff Donth=7.00"
Subcatchment 2-19: 2-19		798 sf Runoff Depth=7.90" Runoff=16.26 cfs 1.297 af
	5	
Subcatchment 2-2: 2-2	Runoff Area=464, w Length=500' Tc=17.2 min CN=87	367 sf Runoff Depth=6.94" Runoff=59 47 cfs 6 163 af
	5	
Subcatchment 2-20: 2-20		000 sf Runoff Depth=8.02" Runoff=48.37 cfs 3.897 af
	10-0.0 min CN-90	Runon-40.57 CIS 5.097 ai
Subcatchment 2-21: 2-21		600 sf Runoff Depth=7.78"
	1 c=6.0 min CN=94	Runoff=21.42 cfs 1.691 af
Subcatchment 2-22: 2-22		000 sf Runoff Depth=8.02"
	Tc=6.0 min CN=96	Runoff=19.04 cfs 1.534 af
Subcatchment 2-6: 2-6	Runoff Area=488,	582 sf Runoff Depth=6.58"
Flo	w Length=500' Tc=17.2 min CN=84	Runoff=60.20 cfs 6.147 af
Subcatchment 2-7: 2-7	Runoff Area=552.	745 sf Runoff Depth=7.06"
	Length=1,140' Tc=34.1 min CN=88	

E17 064 850 Route 28 Prepared by Medenbach HydroCAD® 8.00 s/n 000567	& Eggers	<i>Type III 24-hr 100 Year Rainfall=8.50"</i> Page 52 D Software Solutions LLC 5/17/2019
Subcatchment 2-8: 2-8	FI	Runoff Area=231,489 sf Runoff Depth=8.14" low Length=335' Tc=2.8 min CN=97 Runoff=49.62 cfs 3.605 af
		Avg. Depth=1.49' Max Vel=9.50 fps Inflow=204.99 cfs 35.254 af S=0.0320 '/' Capacity=357.02 cfs Outflow=204.94 cfs 35.253 af
		Avg. Depth=2.97' Max Vel=4.56 fps Inflow=246.77 cfs 41.140 af S=0.0040 '/' Capacity=126.22 cfs Outflow=243.49 cfs 41.133 af
Reach 3R: DRY SWALE		Avg. Depth=1.36' Max Vel=9.22 fps Inflow=160.65 cfs 14.214 af S=0.0330 '/' Capacity=272.37 cfs Outflow=134.70 cfs 14.214 af
Reach 4R: DRY SWALE	n=0.030 L=210.0	Avg. Depth=0.50' Max Vel=11.09 fps Inflow=50.03 cfs 4.474 af 0' S=0.1495 '/' Capacity=579.77 cfs Outflow=49.94 cfs 4.474 af
Reach 5R: DRY SWALE	n=0.030 L=580.0	Avg. Depth=1.05' Max Vel=4.48 fps Inflow=49.70 cfs 4.004 af 0' S=0.0103 '/' Capacity=152.50 cfs Outflow=47.64 cfs 4.004 af
Reach 6R: DRY SWALE	n=0.030 L=250.0	Avg. Depth=1.04' Max Vel=4.78 fps Inflow=50.33 cfs 4.474 af 0' S=0.0120 '/' Capacity=164.24 cfs Outflow=50.03 cfs 4.474 af
Reach 7R: DRY SWALE	n=0.030 L=580.0	Avg. Depth=0.65' Max Vel=3.40 fps Inflow=21.87 cfs 1.762 af 0' S=0.0103 '/' Capacity=152.50 cfs Outflow=20.56 cfs 1.762 af
Reach 8R: DRY SWALE		Avg. Depth=1.68' Max Vel=6.22 fps Inflow=118.95 cfs 10.491 af S=0.0120 '/' Capacity=164.24 cfs Outflow=118.51 cfs 10.491 af
Reach 9R: DRY SWALE	n=0.030 L=460.0	Avg. Depth=0.49' Max Vel=5.61 fps Inflow=25.19 cfs 2.029 af 0' S=0.0391 '/' Capacity=296.59 cfs Outflow=24.74 cfs 2.029 af
Reach 10R: DRY SWALE	n=0.030 L=580.0	Avg. Depth=1.15' Max Vel=7.81 fps Inflow=94.00 cfs 8.418 af 0' S=0.0284 '/' Capacity=252.89 cfs Outflow=92.99 cfs 8.418 af
Reach 11R: DRY SWALE	n=0.030 L=580.0	Avg. Depth=0.79' Max Vel=6.29 fps Inflow=48.37 cfs 3.897 af 0' S=0.0284 '/' Capacity=252.89 cfs Outflow=47.25 cfs 3.897 af
Reach 12R: DRY SWALE	n=0.030 L=580.0	Avg. Depth=0.65' Max Vel=5.66 fps Inflow=34.92 cfs 3.225 af 0' S=0.0284 '/' Capacity=252.89 cfs Outflow=34.44 cfs 3.225 af
Reach 13R: DRY SWALE	n=0.030 L=600.0	Avg. Depth=0.60' Max Vel=3.20 fps Inflow=19.04 cfs 1.534 af 0' S=0.0100 '/' Capacity=149.93 cfs Outflow=17.74 cfs 1.534 af
Pond 1: Culvert	Pe	eak Elev=497.26' Storage=11,170 cf Inflow=118.51 cfs 10.491 af 36.0" x 60.0' Culvert Outflow=143.44 cfs 10.491 af
Pond 2: Culvert		Peak Elev=481.73' Inflow=50.03 cfs 4.474 af 36.0" x 60.0' Culvert Outflow=50.03 cfs 4.474 af
Pond 8P: Road Culvert Ste	orage (Design Po	oint #2) Peak Elev=12,979.97' Inflow=276.30 cfs 47.296 af 12.0" x 160.0' Culvert Outflow=276.30 cfs 47.296 af

E17 064 850 Route 28 Post 2 Prepared by Medenbach & Eggers HydroCAD® 8.00 s/n 000567 © 2006 Hyd	Type III 24-hr 100 Year	Rainfall=8.50" Page 53 5/17/2019
Pond P-B: Pond B Primary=46.67 cfs	Peak Elev=462.61' Storage=322,079 cf Inflow=124. 14.841 af Secondary=0.00 cfs 0.000 af Outflow=46.6	
Pond P-C,D: Pond C and D	Peak Elev=457.79' Storage=45,272 cf Inflow=156. Outflow=153.9	15 cfs 29.260 af 92 cfs 29.012 af
Pond P-E: Pond E	Peak Elev=457.11' Storage=54,429 cf Inflow=205. Outflow=205.	95 cfs 36.475 af 38 cfs 35.728 af
Pond P-F: Pond E	Peak Elev=456.11' Storage=60,506 cf Inflow=205.3 Outflow=204.9	38 cfs 35.728 af 99 cfs 35.254 af
Pond P-G: Pond G	Peak Elev=446.49' Storage=14,543 cf Inflow=60 Outflow=60	0.20 cfs 6.147 af 0.08 cfs 5.887 af
Pond WQB1: Water Quality Basin #1 Primary=67.03 cfs 1	Peak Elev=468.98' Storage=106,726 cf Inflow=125. 0.647 af Secondary=38.48 cfs 0.815 af Outflow=105.5	
Pond WQB2: Water Quality Basin #2 Primary=60.47 cfs 1	Peak Elev=463.80' Storage=92,483 cf Inflow=137. 2.713 af Secondary=57.07 cfs 1.707 af Outflow=117.5	

Total Runoff Area = 79.583 acRunoff Volume = 49.347 afAverage Runoff Depth = 7.44"63.35% Pervious Area = 50.413 ac36.65% Impervious Area = 29.171 ac

Subcatchment 2-11: 2-11

Runoff = 3.88 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume= 0.284 af, Depth= 6.46"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 100 Year Rainfall=8.50"

Area (sf)	CN	Description		
22,000	82	Woods/gras	ss comb., F	air, HSG D
1,000	98	Paved park	ing & roofs	
23,000	83	Weighted A	verage	
22,000		Pervious Ar	rea	
1,000		Impervious	Area	
Tc Length			Capacity	Description
(min) (feet)) (ft/	ft) (ft/sec)	(cfs)	
6.0				Direct Entry,

Subcatchment 2-12: 2-12

Runoff = 27.19 cfs @ 12.39 hrs, Volume= 3.723 af, Depth= 7.66"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 100 Year Rainfall=8.50"

	A	rea (sf)	CN D	Description		
		64,105	-	Voods ove		
		27,182		Gravel road	s, HSG D	
_		62,798	98 E	Bare Rock		
		54,085	93 Weighted Average			
		91,287		Pervious Ar		
		62,798	lr	mpervious	Area	
	Та	l e se est le	Clana	Valacity	Consolt	Description
	Tc (min)	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description
_	(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)	
	10.8	100	0.1000	0.15		Sheet Flow, Ridge
						Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.50"
	1.4	100	0.0600	1.22		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
						Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
	8.7	260	0.0100	0.50		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
						Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
	5.5	390	0.0550	1.17		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
						Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
	3.8	565	0.0620	2.49		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
_						Nearly Bare & Untilled Kv= 10.0 fps
	20.2	1 1 1 5	Total			

30.2 1,415 Total

Subcatchment 2-13: 2-13

Runoff = 25.14 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume= 2.013 af, Depth= 7.78"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 100 Year Rainfall=8.50"

	Are	ea (sf)	CN E	Description		
	8	35,900	91 C	Gravel road	ls, HSG D	
	4	19,334	98 F	Paved park	ing & roofs	
	13	35,234	94 V	Veighted A	verage	
	8	35,900	F	Pervious Ar	ea	
	4	19,334	I	mpervious	Area	
	_					
		Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description
(mir	ו)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)	
2.	7	100	0.0500	0.62		Sheet Flow, Ridge
						Fallow n= 0.050 P2= 3.50"
3.	7	500	0.0500	2.24		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
						Nearly Bare & Untilled Kv= 10.0 fps
6.	4	600	Total			

Subcatchment 2-14: 2-14

D			10.00 1	V / - 1	0 740 . 6	
Runoff	=	33.88 cfs @	12.09 nrs,	voiume=	2.712 af	, Depth= 7.78"

A	rea (sf)	CN E	Description		
	18,778	91 C	Gravel road	s, HSG D	
	77,612	98 F	aved park	ing & roofs	
	85,855	91 V	Voods over	r rock	
1	82,245	94 V	Veighted A	verage	
1	04,633	F	Pervious Ar	ea	
	77,612	l	mpervious	Area	
Тс	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description
(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)	Description
2.7	100	0.0500	0.62		Sheet Flow, Ridge
					Fallow n= 0.050 P2= 3.50"
3.7	500	0.0500	2.24		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
					Nearly Bare & Untilled Kv= 10.0 fps
6.4	600	Total			

Subcatchment 2-15: 2-15

Runoff = 49.70 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume= 4.004 af, Depth= 8.02"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 100 Year Rainfall=8.50"

Α	rea (sf)	CN	Description		
	65,300	91	Gravel road	ls, HSG D	
1	95,670	98	Paved park	ing & roofs	
2	60,970	96	Weighted A	verage	
	65,300		Pervious Ar	rea	
1	95,670		Impervious	Area	
Тс	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description
(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)	
6.0					Direct Entry,
					•

Subcatchment 2-16: 2-16

Runoff = 21.87 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume= 1.762 af, Depth= 8.02"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 100 Year Rainfall=8.50"

A	rea (sf)	CN	Description		
	38,185	91	Gravel road	s, HSG D	
	76,665	98	Paved park	ing & roofs	
1	14,850	96	Weighted A	verage	
	38,185		Pervious Ar	ea	
	76,665		Impervious	Area	
Тс	Length	Slope	,	Capacity	Description
(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft) (ft/sec)	(cfs)	
6.0					Direct Entry,
					-

Subcatchment 2-17: 2-17

Runoff = 25.19 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume= 2.029 af, Depth= 8.02"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
32,100	91	Gravel roads, HSG D
100,160	98	Paved parking & roofs
132,260	96	Weighted Average
32,100		Pervious Area
100,160		Impervious Area

Tc Length Slope Velocity Capacity Description (min) (feet) (ft/ft) (ft/sec) (cfs)
6.0 Direct Entry,
Subcatchment 2-18: 2-18
Runoff = 13.43 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume= 1.025 af, Depth= 7.30"
Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 100 Year Rainfall=8.50"
Area (sf) CN Description
34,760 82 Woods/grass comb., Fair, HSG D
<u>38,660 98 Paved parking & roofs</u> 73,420 90 Weighted Average
34,760 Pervious Area
38,660 Impervious Area
Tc Length Slope Velocity Capacity Description (min) (feet) (ft/ft) (ft/sec) (cfs)
6.0 Direct Entry,
Subcatchment 2-19: 2-19
Runoff = 16.26 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume= 1.297 af, Depth= 7.90"
Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 100 Year Rainfall=8.50"
Area (sf) CN Description
35,798 91 Gravel roads, HSG D
50,000 98 Paved parking & roofs
85,798 95 Weighted Average 35,798 Pervious Area
50,000 Impervious Area
Tc Length Slope Velocity Capacity Description (min) (feet) (ft/ft) (ft/sec) (cfs)
6.0 Direct Entry,
Subcatchment 2-2: 2-2

Runoff 59.47 cfs @ 12.23 hrs, Volume= 6.163 af, Depth= 6.94" =

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Type III 24-hr 100 Year Rainfall=8.50" Page 58

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	rea (sf)	CN D	escription		
	24,327			ss comb., P	oor, HSG D
	13,600 26,440		are Rock 50% Gras	s cover, Po	or. HSG D
-	64,367		Veighted A		
	50,767		Pervious Ar		
	13,600	Ir	npervious	Area	
Tc	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description
(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)	
13.6	150	0.1250	0.18		Sheet Flow, Ridge Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.50"
0.7	100	0.2500	2.50		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
					Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
2.9	250	0.0800	1.41		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Steep Slope
17.2	500	Total			Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
	000	rotar			
				Subcatc	hment 2-20: 2-20
Dunoff	_	40.07 .6	- A 10.0		man 2.007 of Dontha 9.00"
Runoff	=	48.37 CI	s@ 12.0	8 hrs, Volu	me= 3.897 af, Depth= 8.02"
Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs					
					span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dl= 0.01 hrs
			ainfall=8.50		span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dl= 0.01 hrs
Type III 2		Year Ra)"	span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs
Type III 2	24-hr 100 <u>rea (sf)</u> 88,000	Year Ra <u>CN D</u> 91 G	ainfall=8.50 Description Gravel road)" Is, HSG D	span= 0.00-48.00 nrs, dt= 0.01 nrs
Type III 2 A	24-hr 100 <u>rea (sf)</u> 88,000 <u>66,000</u>	Year Ra <u>CN</u> D 91 C 98 P	ainfall=8.50 Description Gravel roac Paved park)" ls, HSG D ing & roofs	span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs
Type III 2 A 1 2	24-hr 100 <u>rea (sf)</u> 88,000 66,000 54,000	Year Ra CN D 91 O 98 P 96 V	ainfall=8.50 Description Dravel roac Paved park Veighted A)" ls, HSG D ing & roofs verage	span= 0.00-48.00 nrs, dt= 0.01 nrs
Type III 2 A 1 2	24-hr 100 <u>rea (sf)</u> 88,000 66,000 54,000 88,000	Year Ra CN D 91 C 98 P 96 V	ainfall=8.50 Description Dravel roac Draved park Veighted A Pervious Ar)" ls, HSG D ing & roofs verage rea	span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs
Type III 2 A 1 2 1	24-hr 100 <u>rea (sf)</u> 88,000 <u>66,000</u> 54,000 88,000 66,000	Year Ra <u>CN</u> <u>C</u> 91 <u>C</u> 98 P 96 V P Ir	ainfall=8.50 Description Gravel roac Paved park Veighted A Pervious Ar mpervious)" ls, HSG D ing & roofs verage rea Area	·
Type III 2 A 1 2 1 Tc	24-hr 100 rea (sf) 88,000 66,000 54,000 88,000 66,000 Length	Year Ra CN D 91 C 98 P 96 V P Ir Slope	ainfall=8.50 Description Gravel roac Paved park Veighted A Pervious Ar mpervious Velocity)" Is, HSG D ing & roofs verage ea Area Capacity	Description
Type III 2 A 1 2 1	24-hr 100 <u>rea (sf)</u> 88,000 <u>66,000</u> 54,000 88,000 66,000	Year Ra <u>CN</u> <u>C</u> 91 <u>C</u> 98 P 96 V P Ir	ainfall=8.50 Description Gravel roac Paved park Veighted A Pervious Ar mpervious)" ls, HSG D ing & roofs verage rea Area	·
Type III 2 A 1 1 1 1 1 	24-hr 100 rea (sf) 88,000 66,000 54,000 88,000 66,000 Length	Year Ra CN D 91 C 98 P 96 V P Ir Slope	ainfall=8.50 Description Gravel roac Paved park Veighted A Pervious Ar mpervious Velocity)" Is, HSG D ing & roofs verage rea Area Capacity (cfs)	Description Direct Entry,
Type III 2 A 1 1 1 1 1 	24-hr 100 rea (sf) 88,000 66,000 54,000 88,000 66,000 Length	Year Ra CN D 91 C 98 P 96 V P Ir Slope	ainfall=8.50 Description Gravel roac Paved park Veighted A Pervious Ar mpervious Velocity)" Is, HSG D ing & roofs verage rea Area Capacity (cfs)	Description

Area (sf)	CN	Description
62,500	91	Gravel roads, HSG D
51,100	98	Paved parking & roofs
113,600	94	Weighted Average
62,500		Pervious Area
51,100		Impervious Area

Type III 24-hr 100 Year Rainfall=8.50" Prepared by Medenbach & Eggers HydroCAD® 8.00 s/n 000567 © 2006 HydroCAD Software Solutions LLC Page 59 <u>5/17/2019</u>

Tc Length Slope Velocity Capacity Description (min) (feet) (ft/ft) (ft/sec) (cfs)				
6.0 Direct Entry,				
Subcatchment 2-22: 2-22				
Runoff = 19.04 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume= 1.534 af, Depth= 8.02"				
Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 100 Year Rainfall=8.50"				
Area (sf)CNDescription22,00091Gravel roads, HSG D78,00098Paved parking & roofs100,00096Weighted Average22,000Pervious Area78,000Impervious Area				
Tc Length Slope Velocity Capacity Description (min) (feet) (ft/ft) (ft/sec) (cfs)				
6.0 Direct Entry,				
Subcatchment 2-6: 2-6				
Runoff = 60.20 cfs @ 12.23 hrs, Volume= 6.147 af, Depth= 6.58"				
Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 100 Year Rainfall=8.50"				
Area (sf) CN Description				
362,256 82 Woods/grass comb., Fair, HSG D 6,322 98 Water				
120,004 91 Gravel roads, HSG D				
488,582 84 Weighted Average				
482,260 Pervious Area 6,322 Impervious Area				
Tc Length Slope Velocity Capacity Description (min) (feet) (ft/ft) (ft/sec) (cfs)				
13.6 150 0.1250 0.18 Sheet Flow, Ridge				
0.7 100 0.2500 2.50 Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.50" Shallow Concentrated Flow,				
2.92500.08001.41WoodlandKv= 5.0 fpsShallow Concentrated Flow, Steep Slope WoodlandKv= 5.0 fps				
17.2 500 Total				

8.14"

Subcatchment 2-7: 2-7

Runoff = 53.39 cfs @ 12.46 hrs, Volume= 7.463 af, Depth= 7.06"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 100 Year Rainfall=8.50"

_	A	rea (sf)	CN D	Description		
	1	53,353	91 Woods over rock			
	2	86,857	82 Woods/grass comb., F			air, HSG D
		61,264	98 V	Vater		
		46,000	98 E	Bare Rock		
_		5,271	86 V	Voods/gras	ss comb., P	Poor, HSG D
	5	52,745	88 V	Veighted A	verage	
	4	45,481	F	Pervious Ar	ea	
	1	07,264	Ir	mpervious	Area	
				-		
	Тс	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description
_	(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)	
	11.8	50	0.0200	0.07		Sheet Flow, Ridge
						Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.50"
	5.1	50	0.1600	0.16		Sheet Flow,
						Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.50"
	1.4	130	0.0920	1.52		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
						Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
	5.5	340	0.0420	1.02		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
						Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
	6.4	200	0.0110	0.52		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
						Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
	3.7	250	0.0500	1.12		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
						Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
	0.2	120	0.2700	8.37		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
_						Unpaved Kv= 16.1 fps
	2/1	1 1 1 1 0	Total			

34.1 1,140 Total

Subcatchment 2-8: 2-8

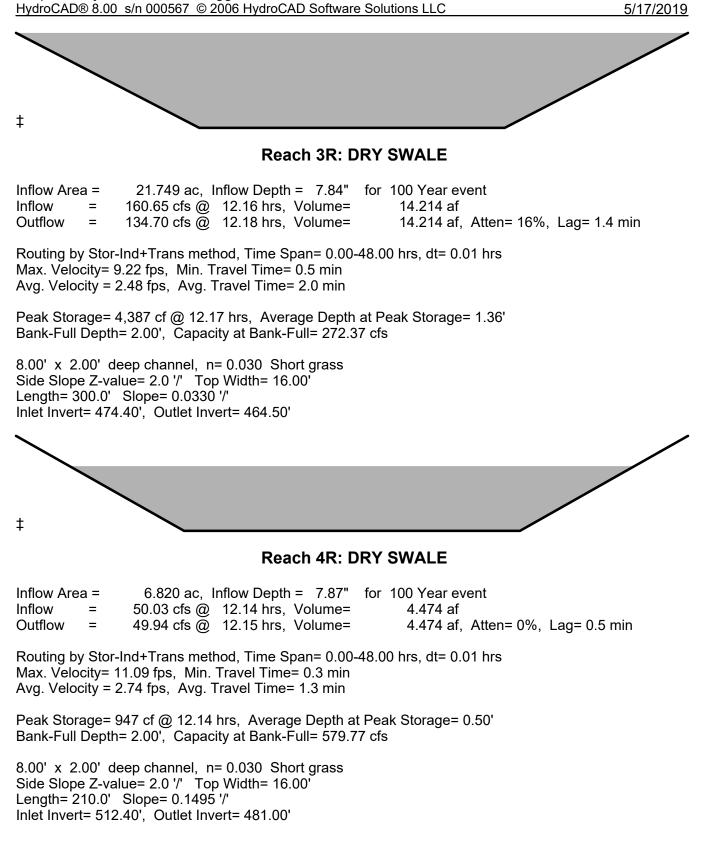
Runoff	=	49.62 cfs @	12.04 hrs,	Volume=	3.605 af, Depth=
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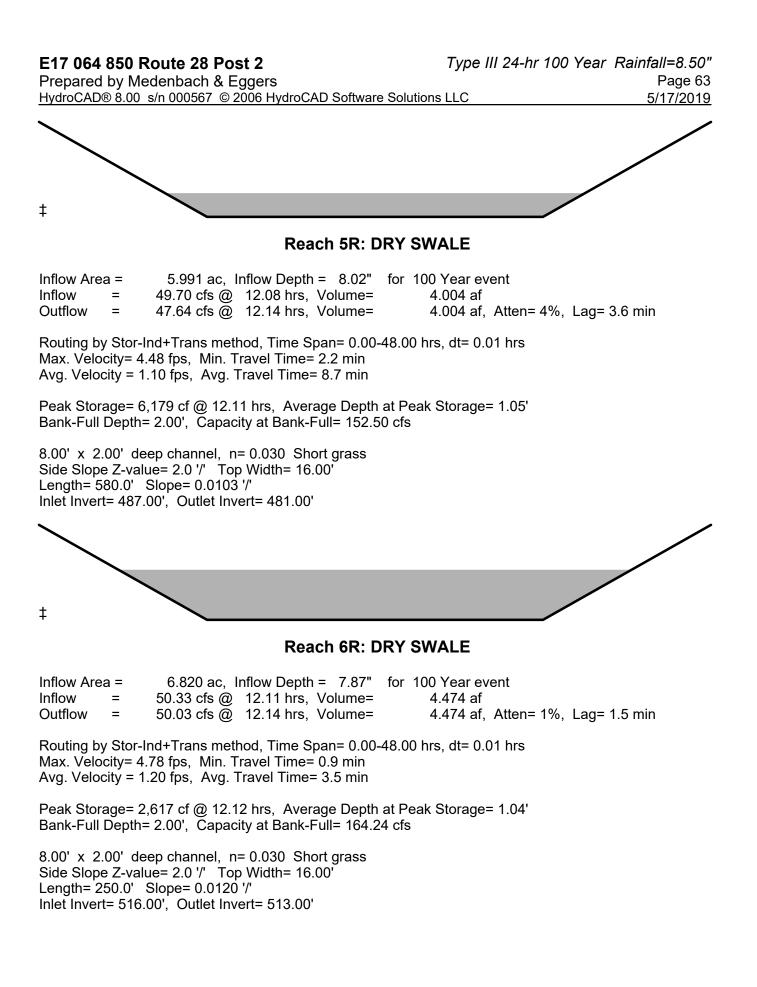
Area (sf)	CN	Description	
35,000	91	Woods over rock	
34,000	98	Water	
162,489	98	Bare Rock	
231,489	97	Weighted Average	
35,000		Pervious Area	
196,489		Impervious Area	

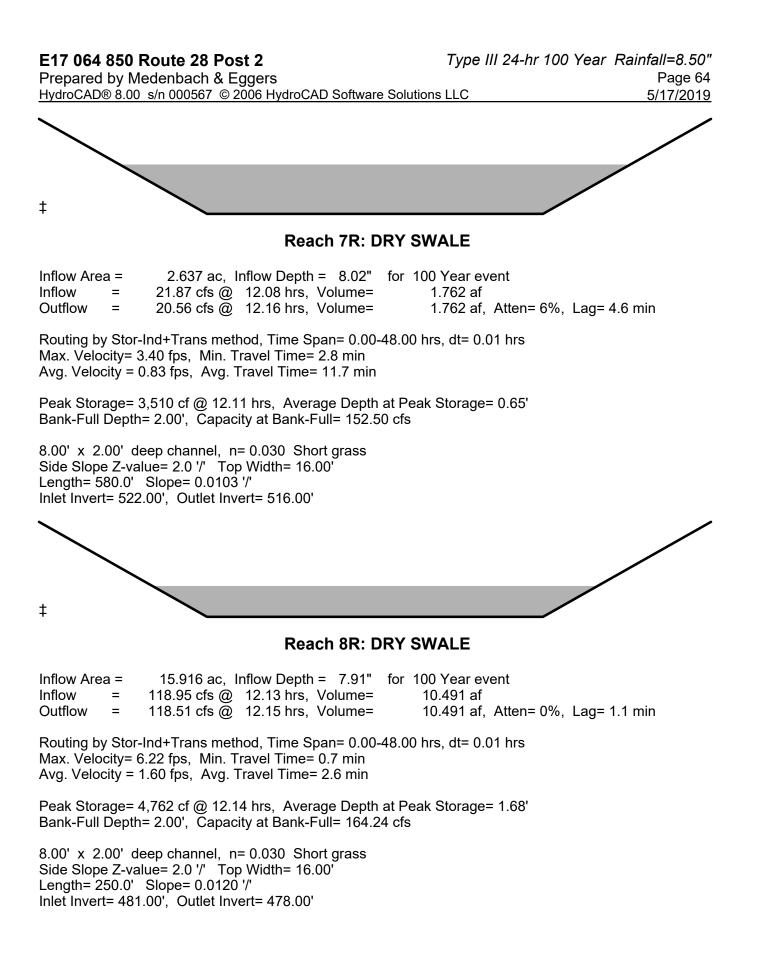
E17 064 850 Route 28 Post 2 Prepared by Medenbach & Eggers	Type III 24-hr 100 Year Rainfall=8.50" Page 61			
HydroCAD® 8.00 s/n 000567 © 2006 HydroCAD So	oftware Solutions LLC 5/17/2019			
Tc Length Slope Velocity Capacity (min) (feet) (ft/ft) (ft/sec) (cfs)	Description			
1.5 100 0.0100 1.09	Sheet Flow,			
1.3 235 0.0210 2.94	Smooth surfaces n= 0.011 P2= 3.50" Shallow Concentrated Flow, Paved Kv= 20.3 fps			
2.8 335 Total				
Beach 4B: Beach	h hatwaan Dand E and C			
Reach 1R: Reac	h between Pond F and G			
Inflow Area = 57.707 ac, Inflow Depth > 7 Inflow = 204.99 cfs @ 12.43 hrs, Volu	ıme= 35.254 af			
Outflow = $204.94 \text{ cfs} \oplus 12.45 \text{ hrs}$, Volu	ime= 35.253 af, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.7 min			
Routing by Stor-Ind+Trans method, Time Span= Max. Velocity= 9.50 fps, Min. Travel Time= 0.4 Avg. Velocity = 2.35 fps, Avg. Travel Time= 1.8	min			
Peak Storage= 5,393 cf @ 12.44 hrs, Average I Bank-Full Depth= 2.00', Capacity at Bank-Full=				
10.00' x 2.00' deep channel, n= 0.030 Short of Side Slope Z-value= 3.0 '/' Top Width= 22.00' Length= 250.0' Slope= 0.0320 '/' Inlet Invert= 454.00', Outlet Invert= 446.00'	grass			
‡				
Reach 2R: Reach to	o Route 28 (Design Point #6)			
Inflow Area = 68.923 ac, Inflow Depth > 7 Inflow = 246.77 cfs @ 12.40 hrs, Volu Outflow = 243.49 cfs @ 12.51 hrs, Volu	ıme= 41.140 af			
Routing by Stor-Ind+Trans method, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Max. Velocity= 4.56 fps, Min. Travel Time= 3.7 min Avg. Velocity = 1.23 fps, Avg. Travel Time= 13.5 min				
Peak Storage= 53,351 cf @ 12.45 hrs, Average Bank-Full Depth= 2.00', Capacity at Bank-Full=				
10.00' x 2.00' deep channel, n= 0.030 Short g Side Slope Z-value= 3.0 '/' Top Width= 22.00' Length= 1,000.0' Slope= 0.0040 '/' Inlet Invert= 446.00', Outlet Invert= 442.00'	grass			

E17 064 850 Route 28 Post 2 Prepared by Medenbach & Eggers

Type III 24-hr 100 Year Rainfall=8.50" Page 62 LLC <u>5/17/2019</u>

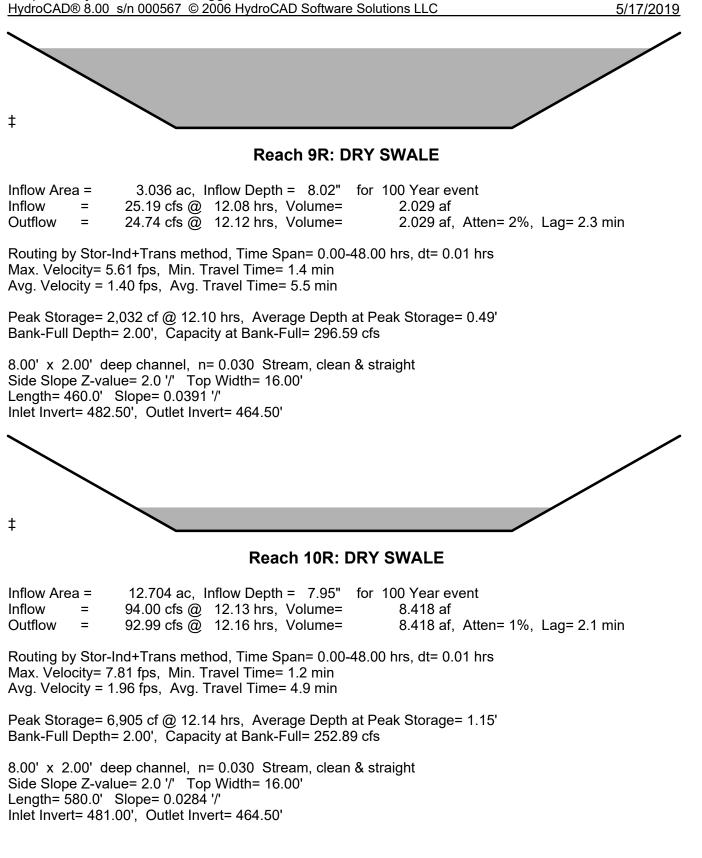


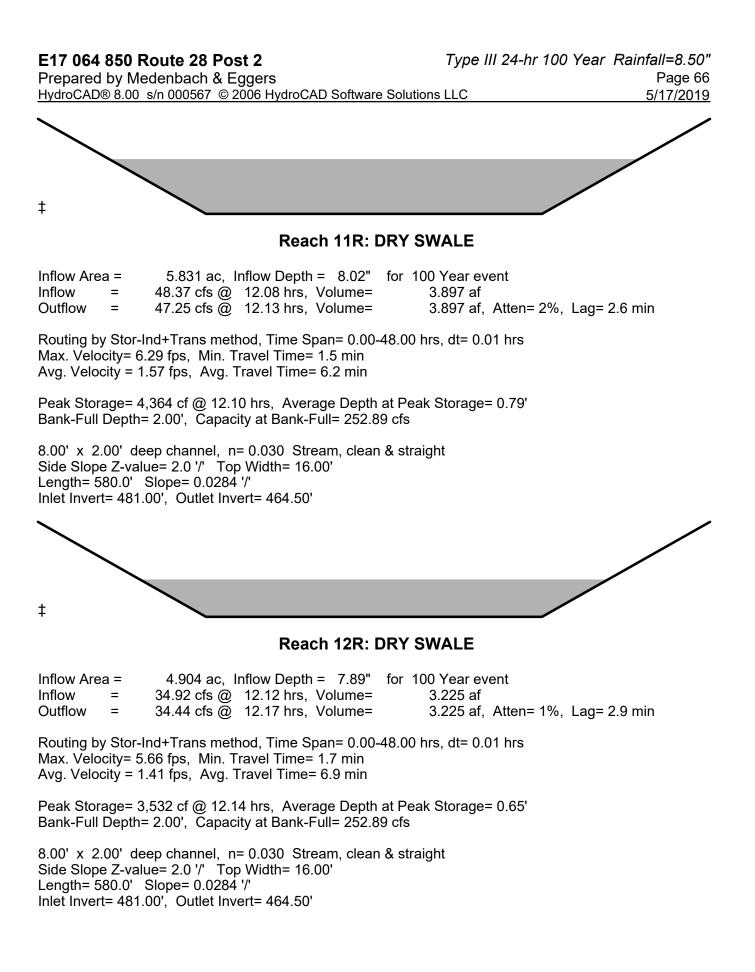


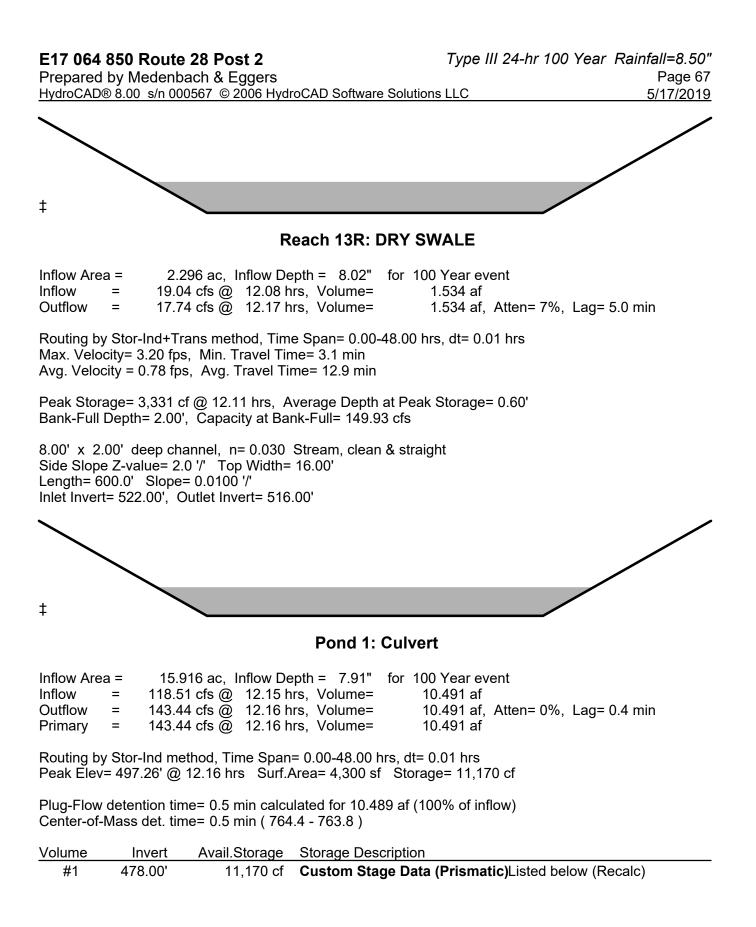


E17 064 850 Route 28 Post 2 Prepared by Medenbach & Eggers

Type III 24-hr 100 Year Rainfall=8.50" Page 65 LLC 5/17/2019







Type III 24-hr 100 Year Rainfall=8.50" Page 68 LLC 5/17/2019

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Elevation (feet)	Surf.Area (sq-ft)	Inc.Store (cubic-feet)	Cum.Store (cubic-feet)
478.00	20	0	0
480.00	150	170	170
482.00	950	1,100	1,270
484.00	2,325	3,275	4,545
486.00	4,300	6,625	11,170

Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1	Primary	478.00'	36.0" x 60.0' long Culvert CPP, square edge headwall, Ke= 0.500 Outlet Invert= 477.40' S= 0.0100 '/' Cc= 0.900 n= 0.013 Corrugated PE, smooth interior

Primary OutFlow Max=143.10 cfs @ 12.16 hrs HW=497.18' (Free Discharge) -1=Culvert (Inlet Controls 143.10 cfs @ 20.25 fps)

Pond 2: Culvert

Inflow Area	a =	6.820 ac, Inflow Depth = 7.87	' for 100 Year event
Inflow	=	50.03 cfs @ 12.14 hrs, Volume	= 4.474 af
Outflow	=	50.03 cfs @ 12.14 hrs, Volume	= 4.474 af, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min
Primary	=	50.03 cfs @ 12.14 hrs, Volume	= 4.474 af

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Peak Elev= 481.73' @ 12.14 hrs

Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1	Primary	478.00'	36.0" x 60.0' long Culvert CPP, square edge headwall, Ke= 0.500 Outlet Invert= 477.40' S= 0.0100 '/' Cc= 0.900 n= 0.013 Corrugated PE, smooth interior

Primary OutFlow Max=49.99 cfs @ 12.14 hrs HW=481.72' (Free Discharge) —1=Culvert (Barrel Controls 49.99 cfs @ 7.29 fps)

Pond 8P: Road Culvert Storage (Design Point #2)

Inflow Area	=	79.583 ac, Inflo	ow Depth > 7.13"	for 100 Year event
Inflow =	=	276.30 cfs @ 12	2.48 hrs, Volume=	47.296 af
Outflow =	=	276.30 cfs @ 12	2.48 hrs, Volume=	47.296 af, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min
Primary =	=	276.30 cfs @ 12	2.48 hrs, Volume=	47.296 af

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Peak Elev= 12,979.97' @ 12.48 hrs

Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1	Primary	442.00'	12.0" x 160.0' long Culvert CPP, square edge headwall, Ke= 0.500 Outlet Invert= 441.84' S= 0.0010 '/' Cc= 0.900 n= 0.013 Corrugated PE, smooth interior

Primary OutFlow Max=276.27 cfs @ 12.48 hrs HW=12,977.19' (Free Discharge) -1=Culvert (Barrel Controls 276.27 cfs @ 351.76 fps)

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Pond P-B: Pond B

Inflow Area = Inflow = Outflow = Primary = Secondary =	124.11 cfs @ 1 46.67 cfs @ 1 46.67 cfs @ 1	ow Depth = 7.95 2.21 hrs, Volume 2.57 hrs, Volume 2.57 hrs, Volume 0.00 hrs, Volume	= 14.841 af = 14.841 af	, Atten= 62%, Lag= 21.4 min	
Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Starting Elev= 459.00' Surf.Area= 37,333 sf Storage= 94,667 cf Peak Elev= 462.61' @ 12.57 hrs Surf.Area= 91,672 sf Storage= 322,079 cf (227,412 cf above start)					
	etention time= 236.0 r ass det. time= 102.3 r			inflow)	
Volume	Invert Avail.Sto	orage Storage D	escription		
#1	456.00' 455,1	00 cf Custom S	tage Data (Prisma	atic)Listed below (Recalc)	
			-		
Elevation	Surf.Area	Inc.Store	Cum.Store		
(feet)	(sq-ft)	(cubic-feet)			
456.00	25,000	0	0		
458.00	34,000	59,000	59,000		
459.80	40,000	66,600	125,600		
460.00	45,000	8,500	134,100		
462.00	88,000	133,000	267,100		
464.00	100,000	188,000	455,100		
Device Ro	uting Invert	Outlet Devices			
#1 Sec	condary 470.00'			ested Rectangular Weir	
			7 2.46 2.95 3.94		
			3.51 3.48 3.42 3		
#2 Prir	mary 459.20'			square edge headwall, Ke= 0.500	
			58.50' S= 0.0100		
		n= 0.013 Corru	gated PE, smooth	interior	
Primary OutFlow Max=46.68 cfs @ 12.57 hrs HW=462.61' (Free Discharge)					

1-2=Culvert (Barrel Controls 46.68 cfs @ 7.27 fps)

Secondary OutFlow Max=0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs HW=459.00' (Free Discharge)

Pond P-C,D: Pond C and D

Inflow Area	a =	45.017 ac, Inflow Depth > 7.80	for 100 Year event
Inflow	=	156.15 cfs @ 12.26 hrs, Volume	= 29.260 af
Outflow	=	153.92 cfs @ 12.37 hrs, Volume:	= 29.012 af, Atten= 1%, Lag= 6.4 min
Primary	=	153.92 cfs @ 12.37 hrs, Volume	= 29.012 af

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Peak Elev= 457.79' @ 12.37 hrs Surf.Area= 30,713 sf Storage= 45,272 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 21.9 min calculated for 29.006 af (99% of inflow)

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Center-of-Mass det. time= 10.2 min (875.2 - 865.0)

Volume	Inv	ert Avail.Sto	orage	Storage	Description	
#1	456.0	00' 214,0	00 cf	Custom	Stage Data (P	rismatic)Listed below (Recalc)
Elevatio (fee		Surf.Area (sq-ft)		Store -feet)	Cum.Store (cubic-feet)	
456.0	00	20,000		0	0	
458.0	00	32,000	5	2,000	52,000	
460.0	00	40,000	7	2,000	124,000	
462.0	00	50,000	9	0,000	214,000	
Device	Routing	Invert	Outle	t Devices	6	
#1	Primary	456.50'				Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir
			Head	l (feet) 0	.20 0.40 0.60	0.80 1.00 1.20 1.40 1.60
			Coef	. (English) 2.68 2.70 2.	.70 2.64 2.63 2.64 2.64 2.63

Primary OutFlow Max=153.90 cfs @ 12.37 hrs HW=457.79' (Free Discharge) ←1=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir (Weir Controls 153.90 cfs @ 2.99 fps)

Pond P-E: Pond E

Inflow Area	a =	57.707 ac, Inflow Depth >	7.58" fo	for 100 Year event	
Inflow	=	205.95 cfs @ 12.39 hrs, V	olume=	36.475 af	
Outflow	=	205.38 cfs @ 12.42 hrs, V	olume=	35.728 af, Atten= 0%, Lag= 1.3 mir	า
Primary	=	205.38 cfs @ 12.42 hrs, V	olume=	35.728 af	

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Peak Elev= 457.11' @ 12.42 hrs Surf.Area= 20,998 sf Storage= 54,429 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 33.4 min calculated for 35.728 af (98% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 11.2 min (872.3 - 861.1)

Volume	Inve	ert Avail.S	torage	Storage	e Description	
#1	454.(00' 127	000 cf	Custor	n Stage Data (P	rismatic)Listed below (Recalc)
Elevatio (fee 454.0 456.0 458.0 460.0	t) 00 00 00	Surf.Area (sq-ft) 14,000 18,500 23,000 30,000	(cubi	c.Store <u>c-feet)</u> 0 32,500 41,500 53,000	Cum.Store (cubic-feet) 0 32,500 74,000 127,000	
Device #1	Routing Primary	Inver 456.00	50.0 Hea	d (feet)		

Primary OutFlow Max=205.32 cfs @ 12.42 hrs HW=457.11' (Free Discharge) ←1=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir (Weir Controls 205.32 cfs @ 3.70 fps)

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Pond P-F: Pond E

Inflow Area =	57.707 ac, Inflow Depth > 7.43"	for 100 Year event
Inflow =	205.38 cfs @ 12.42 hrs, Volume=	35.728 af
Outflow =	204.99 cfs @ 12.43 hrs, Volume=	35.254 af, Atten= 0%, Lag= 1.2 min
Primary =	204.99 cfs @ 12.43 hrs, Volume=	35.254 af

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Starting Elev= 453.60' Surf.Area= 13,586 sf Storage= 20,469 cf Peak Elev= 456.11' @ 12.43 hrs Surf.Area= 18,757 sf Storage= 60,506 cf (40,037 cf above start)

Plug-Flow detention time= 37.6 min calculated for 34.776 af (97% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 7.0 min (879.3 - 872.3)

Volume	Inve	ert Avail.S	orage	Storage D	Description	
#1	452.0	00' 153,	005 cf	Custom S	Stage Data (P	rismatic)Listed below (Recalc)
Elevatio (fee 452.0 454.0 456.0 458.0 460.0	et) 00 00 00 00 00	Surf.Area (sq-ft) 12,000 13,983 18,513 23,000 30,013	(cubi	5.Store <u>c-feet)</u> 0 25,983 32,496 41,513 53,013	Cum.Store (cubic-feet) 0 25,983 58,479 99,992 153,005	
Device #1	Routing Primary	Inver 455.00	' 50.0 Hea	d (feet) 1.9	o <mark>file 10) Broa</mark> 97 2.46 2.95 3.51 3.48 3.	

Primary OutFlow Max=204.88 cfs @ 12.43 hrs HW=456.11' (Free Discharge) —1=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir (Weir Controls 204.88 cfs @ 3.70 fps)

Pond P-G: Pond G

Inflow Area	a =	11.216 ac, Inflow Depth = 6.58	3" for 100 Year event
Inflow	=	60.20 cfs @ 12.23 hrs, Volume	e= 6.147 af
Outflow	=	60.08 cfs @ 12.24 hrs, Volume	= 5.887 af, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.7 min
Primary	=	60.08 cfs @ 12.24 hrs, Volume	e= 5.887 af

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Peak Elev= 446.49' @ 12.24 hrs Surf.Area= 6,854 sf Storage= 14,543 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 40.2 min calculated for 5.887 af (96% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 15.9 min (817.3 - 801.4)

Volume	Invert	Avail.Storage	Storage Description
#1	444.00'	45,644 cf	Custom Stage Data (Prismatic)Listed below (Recalc)

Type III 24-hr 100 Year Rainfall=8.50" Page 72 LLC 5/17/2019

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Elevation (feet)	Surf.Area (sq-ft)	Inc.Store (cubic-feet)	Cum.Store (cubic-feet)
444.00	5,000	0	0
446.00	6,322	11,322	11,322
448.00	8,500	14,822	26,144
450.00	11,000	19,500	45,644

Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1	Primary	446.00'	50.0' long (Profile 10) Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir Head (feet) 1.97 2.46 2.95 3.94 4.92 Coef. (English) 3.51 3.48 3.42 3.48 3.57

Primary OutFlow Max=59.98 cfs @ 12.24 hrs HW=446.49' (Free Discharge) **1=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir** (Weir Controls 59.98 cfs @ 2.45 fps)

Pond WQB1: Water Quality Basin #1

Inflow Area =	17.426 ac, Inflow Depth = 7.90"	for 100 Year event
Inflow =	125.72 cfs @ 12.15 hrs, Volume=	11.473 af
Outflow =	105.51 cfs @ 12.22 hrs, Volume=	11.462 af, Atten= 16%, Lag= 4.2 min
Primary =	67.03 cfs @ 12.22 hrs, Volume=	10.647 af
Secondary =	38.48 cfs @ 12.22 hrs, Volume=	0.815 af

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Starting Elev= 465.00' Surf.Area= 10,550 sf Storage= 40,960 cf Peak Elev= 468.98' @ 12.22 hrs Surf.Area= 22,182 sf Storage= 106,726 cf (65,766 cf above start)

Plug-Flow detention time= 140.7 min calculated for 10.522 af (92% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 67.9 min (831.9 - 764.0)

Volume	Inve	rt Avail.Sto	rage Storage D	Description		
#1	458.00)' 130,97	78 cf Custom S	Stage Data (Conic)	Listed below (Recalc))
Elevatio	on S	Surf.Area	Inc.Store	Cum.Store	Wet.Area	
(fee		(sq-ft)	(cubic-feet)	(cubic-feet)	(sq-ft)	
458.0	00	3,500	0	0	3,500	
460.0	00	4,550	8,027	8,027	4,642	
462.0		5,825	10,349	18,376	6,015	
464.0		7,710	13,491	31,867	7,988	
465.0		10,550	9,093	40,960	10,848	
466.0		14,110	12,287	53,247	14,429	
468.0		19,200	33,180	86,426	19,600	
470.0	00	25,500	44,551	130,978	25,989	
Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices			
#1	Primary	462.50'	36.0" x 40.0' long Culvert CPP, mitered to conform to fill, Ke= 0.700 Outlet Invert= 460.50' S= 0.0500 '/' Cc= 0.900 n= 0.013 Corrugated PE, smooth interior			
#2 #3 #4	Device 1 Device 1 Device 1	465.00' 466.50' 467.50'	 6.0" Vert. Orifice/Grate C= 0.600 4.00' W x 1.00' H Vert. Primary Overflow C= 0.600 4.00' x 4.00' Horiz. Orifice/Grate Limited to weir flow C= 0.600 			

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Type III 24-hr 100 Year Rainfall=8.50" Page 73 LLC 5/17/2019

#5 Secondary 468.00' **15.0' long x 20.0' breadth Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir** Head (feet) 0.20 0.40 0.60 0.80 1.00 1.20 1.40 1.60 Coef. (English) 2.68 2.70 2.70 2.64 2.63 2.64 2.64 2.63

Primary OutFlow Max=67.03 cfs @ 12.22 hrs HW=468.98' (Free Discharge) 1=Culvert (Inlet Controls 67.03 cfs @ 9.48 fps) 2=Orifice/Grate (Passes < 1.83 cfs potential flow)

-3=Primary Overflow (Passes < 27.04 cfs potential flow)

-4=Orifice/Grate (Passes < 93.77 cfs potential flow)

Secondary OutFlow Max=38.37 cfs @ 12.22 hrs HW=468.98' (Free Discharge) 5=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir (Weir Controls 38.37 cfs @ 2.61 fps)

Pond WQB2: Water Quality Basin #2

Inflow Area =	22.277 ac, Inflow Depth = 7.81"	for 100 Year event
Inflow =	137.12 cfs @ 12.18 hrs, Volume=	14.498 af
Outflow =	117.54 cfs @ 12.25 hrs, Volume=	14.420 af, Atten= 14%, Lag= 3.9 min
Primary =	60.47 cfs @ 12.25 hrs, Volume=	12.713 af
Secondary =	57.07 cfs @ 12.25 hrs, Volume=	1.707 af

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Starting Elev= 460.00' Surf.Area= 11,500 sf Storage= 37,611 cf Peak Elev= 463.80' @ 12.25 hrs Surf.Area= 18,477 sf Storage= 92,483 cf (54,872 cf above start)

Plug-Flow detention time= 100.6 min calculated for 13.553 af (93% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 43.3 min (815.5 - 772.3)

Volume	Invert	Avail.Sto	rage Storage	Description		
#1	452.00'	96,14	49 cf Custom	Stage Data (Coni	ic) Listed below (Reca	alc)
Elevatio	n S	urf.Area	Inc.Store	Cum.Store	Wet.Area	
(fee		(sq-ft)	(cubic-feet)	(cubic-feet)	(sq-ft)	
452.0	00	1,900	0	0	1,900	
454.0	00	2,840	4,709	4,709	2,901	
456.0		4,000	6,807	11,516	4,132	
458.0		5,500	9,460	20,976	5,709	
460.0		11,500	16,635	37,611	11,744	
460.2		12,000	2,937	40,548	12,253	
462.0		14,000	22,728	63,276	14,374	
464.0	00	19,000	32,873	96,149	19,456	
Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices	S		
#1	Primary	458.25'	36.0" x 45.0'	long Culvert		
				to conform to fill, I	Ke= 0.700	
			Outlet Invert=	458.00' S= 0.005	56 '/' Cc= 0.900	
			n= 0.013 Cor	rugated PE, smoot	th interior	
#2	Device 1	460.25'		fice/Grate C= 0.6		
#3	Device 1	461.25'			Overflow C= 0.600	
#4	Device 1	462.25'			e Limited to weir flo	
#5	Secondary	462.75'			ad-Crested Rectang 30 1.00 1.20 1.40 1	

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Coef. (English) 2.68 2.70 2.70 2.64 2.63 2.64 2.63 2.64

Primary OutFlow Max=60.47 cfs @ 12.25 hrs HW=463.80' (Free Discharge)

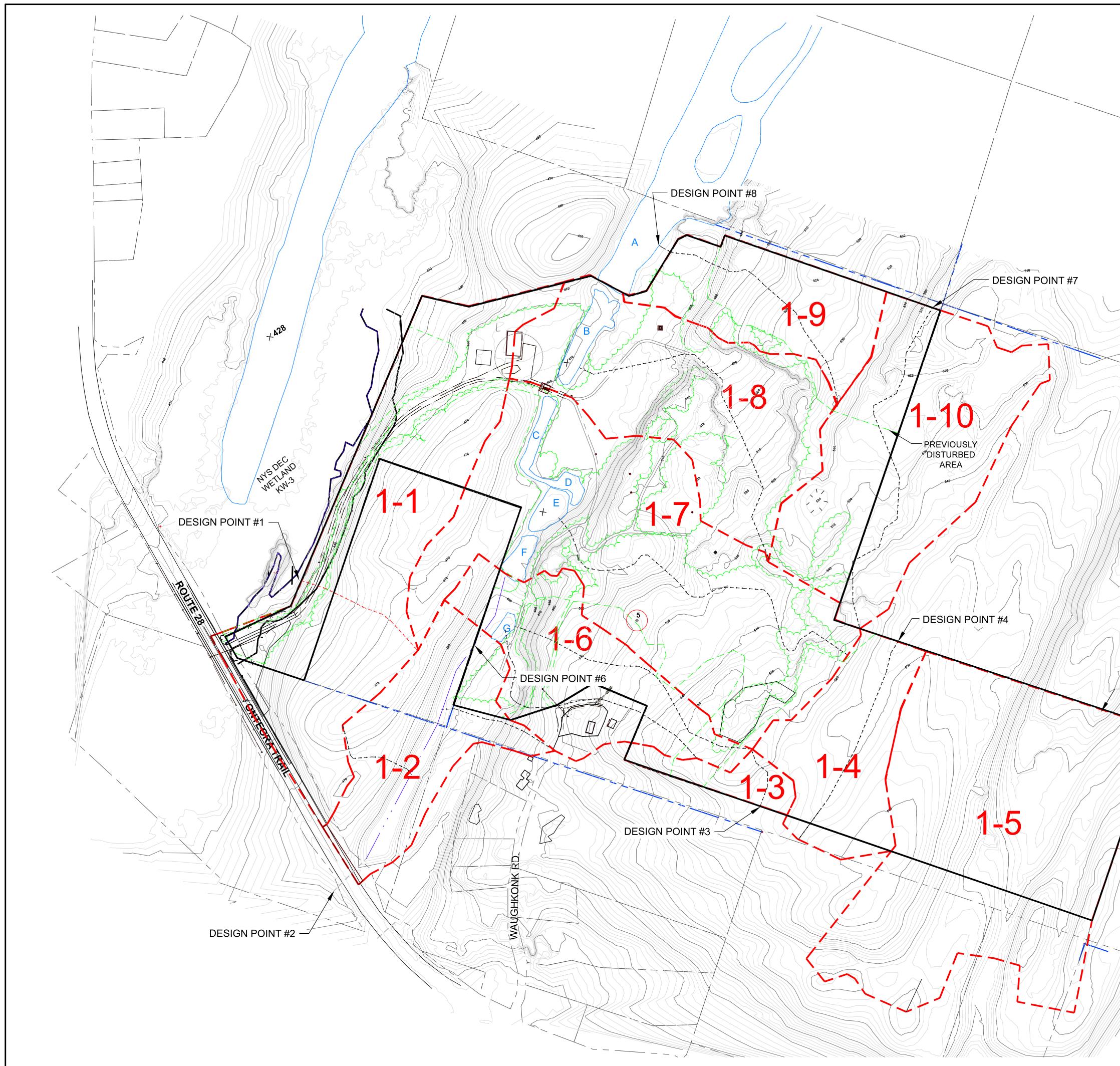
-1=Culvert (Inlet Controls 60.47 cfs @ 8.55 fps)

2=Orifice/Grate (Passes < 1.72 cfs potential flow)

—3=Primary Overflow (Passes < 27.53 cfs potential flow)

-4=Orifice/Grate (Passes < 96.03 cfs potential flow)

Secondary OutFlow Max=56.97 cfs @ 12.25 hrs HW=463.80' (Free Discharge) 5=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir (Weir Controls 56.97 cfs @ 2.70 fps)



MAGNETIC NORTH 1986	
DESIGN POINT #5	MAP REVISION DATES
	OWNER/DEVELOPER TAX MAP ID# 850 ROUTE 28 LLC 38.4–1–36.100 C/O DAN LEFEVER LOT AREA KINGSTON, NY LOT AREA
	PRE-DEVELOPMENT DRAINAGE AREA FOR 850 ROUTE 28 LLC TOWN OF KINGSTON ULSTER COUNTY ~ NEW YORK 200 0 200 400 600
Dig Safely. Sa	Scale: 1" = 200' JANUARY 10, 2018 MEDENBACH & EGGERS CIVIL ENGINEERING & LAND SURVEYING, P.C. STONE RIDGE, NEW YORK (845) 687-0047 E17 064

